



TRUST BOARD PERFORMANCE REPORT November 2017

Prepared & Issued by Strategic Development and Business Services – 13th December 2017



our vision

To deliver excellent integrated services in partnership with our community

our values

COMPASSION OPENNESS RESPECT EXCELLENCE

www.northerntrust.hscni.net

Northern Health and Social Care Trust
 @NHSCTrust

If you would like to give feedback on any of our services please contact: Email: user.feedback@northerntrust.hscni.net Telephone: 028 9442 4655

Contents

The Health and Social Care Board each year set out a Commissioning Plan setting out priorities and targets that have been included in the DoH Commissioning Plan Direction. These priorities and targets have associated measures or performance indicators. This report monitors achievement against these targets and indicators for the Northern Health and Social Care Trust.

In the absence of a Health Minister who has responsibility under legislation for approval of the Commissioning Plan Direction (CPD) the status of the 17/18 document remains in draft and may be revised at a later point subject to Ministerial consideration. As technical guidance becomes available further draft 17/18 CPD targets and Indicators may be included in the report. Additional Indicators of Performance have not yet been received for 17/18, therefore 16/17 additional indicators are included in the interim.

- 1.0 Service User Experience (page 6)
- 2.0 Safe and Effective Care (page 9)
- 3.0 Quality Standards & Performance Targets (page 14)
- 4.0 Use of Resources (page 49)
- 5.0 Workforce (page 53)
- Key

RAG Rating	
Red (R)	Not Achieving Target
Amber (A)	Almost Achieved Target
Green (G)	Achieving Target
Grey (GR)	Not Applicable / Available

Trend on	Previous Month (TOPM)
\uparrow	Performance Increasing
\rightarrow	Performance Decreasing
\leftrightarrow	Performance Static

Summary of Trust Performance against 2017-18 Draft Commissioning Plan Targets Rating based on most recent months performance

By March 18, secure a reduction in the number of MRSA infections. MRSA 2017/18 Trust target is	R	By March 2018, no patient attending any emergency department should wait longer than 12 hours	
no more than 8 cases. (<u>CPD 2.3</u>)		(<u>CPD 4.4</u>)	\mathcal{I}
By March 18, secure a reduction in the number of CDIFF infections. CDIFF 2017/18 Trust Target is		By March 2018, at least 80% of patients to have commenced treatment, following triage, within 2	5
no more than 48 cases. (CPD 2.3)		hours (<u>CPD 4.5</u>)	シ
By March 2018, ensure that at least 15% of patients with confirmed Ischaemic stroke receive	A	By March 2018, ensure that 90% of complex discharges from an acute hospital take place within	5
thrombolysis. (<u>CPD 4.7</u>)	$\overline{}$	48 hours (<u>CPD 7.6</u>)	2
By March 2018, all Urgent diagnostic tests are reported on within 2 days of the test being	R	By March 2018, no complex discharge takes more than seven days	R)
undertaken. (<u>CPD 4.8</u>)	\bigcirc	(<u>CPD 7.6</u>)	ン
From April 2017, all urgent suspected breast cancer referrals should be seen within 14 days	A	By March 2018 all non-complex discharges from an acute hospital take place within six hours.	2
(<u>CPD 4.9</u>)	\bigcirc	(<u>CPD 7.6</u>)	\mathcal{D}
From April 2017, at least 98% of patients diagnosed with cancer should receive their first definitive	A	By March 2018, no patient waits longer than nine weeks to access adult mental health services	2
treatment within 31 days of a decision to treat. (CPD 4.9)		(<u>CPD 4.13</u>)	\mathcal{I}
From April 2017, at least 95% of patients urgently referred with a suspected cancer should begin	R	By March 2018, no patient waits longer than 9 weeks to Access dementia services.	
their first definitive treatment within 62 days (<u>CPD 4.9</u>)		(<u>CPD 4.13</u>)	\mathcal{I}
By March 2018, at least 50% of patients wait no longer than 9 weeks for 1st outpatient	R	By March 2018, no patient waits longer than 13 weeks for psychological therapies (any age)	2
appointment. (<u>CPD 4.10</u>)	\bigcirc	(<u>CPD 4.13</u>))
By March 2018, no patient to wait > 52 weeks for 1st outpatient appointment.	R	From April 2017, ensure that 99% of all Learning Disability discharges take place within 7 days of	
(<u>CPD 4.10</u>)	\bigcirc	the patient being assessed as medically fit for discharge (<u>CPD 5.5</u>)	2
By March 2018, 75% of patients should wait no longer than 9 weeks for a diagnostic test	R	From April 2017, ensure all Learning Disability discharges take place within 28 days of the patient	
(<u>CPD 4.11</u>)	$\mathbf{\cdot}$	being assessed as medically fit for discharge (<u>CPD 5.5</u>)	シ
By March 2018, no patients should wait no longer than 26 weeks for a diagnostic test	R	From April 2017, ensure that 99% of all mental health discharges take place within seven days of	
(<u>CPD 4.11</u>)	$\overline{}$	the patient being assessed as medically it for discharge (<u>CPD 5.5</u>)	2
By March 2018, 75% of patients should wait no longer than 9 weeks for an Endoscopy diagnostic	R	From April 2017, ensure that all mental health discharges take place within 28 days of the patient	
test. (<u>CPD 4.11</u>)	\bigcirc	being assessed as medically fit for discharge. (CPD 5.5)	2
By March 2018, no patient waits longer than 26 weeks for an Endoscopy diagnostic test.		By March 2018, ensure a three year time frame (from date of last admission) for 90% of children	
(<u>CPD 4.11</u>)	A	who are adopted from care. (CPD 1.7)	\mathcal{I}
By March 2018, 55% of patients should wait no longer than 13 weeks for inpatient/ daycase	G	By March 2018, no patient waits longer than 9 weeks to Access child and adolescent mental health	
treatment. (<u>CPD 4.12</u>)	U	services. (CPD 4.13)	リ
By March 2018, no patient waits longer than 52 weeks for inpatient/ daycase treatment	R	By March 2018, secure a 10% increase in the number of direct payments to all service users.	A
(<u>CPD 4.12</u>)	$\mathbf{\cdot}$	(<u>CPD 5.2</u>)	<u>)</u>
By March 2018, no patient to wait longer than 13 weeks from referral to commencement of AHP	R	By March 2018, secure a 10% increase in the number of carers' assessments offered to carers for	
treatment. (<u>CPD 5.4</u>)		all service users. (<u>CPD 6.1</u>)	ノ
By March 2018, reduce by 20% the number of hospital-cancelled consultant-led outpatient	R	By March 2018, secure a 5% increase in the number of community based short break hours (i.e.	1
appointments.(<u>CPD 7.4</u>)		non-residential respite) received by adults across all programmes of care. (<u>CPD 6.2</u>)	\supset
By March 2018, 95% of patients attending any type 1, 2 or 3 emergency department are either	R		
treated and discharged home, or admitted, within four hours of their arrival in the department	$\mathbf{\cdot}$		
(<u>CPD 4.4</u>)			

Emergency Dept. seen/treated/discharged within 4hrs and 12 hrs

Performance against the 4 hour target during November 2017 was 59% at Antrim and 68% at Causeway hospitals. Antrim ED had 257 twelve hour breaches, compared to 268 the previous month whilst Causeway Hospital had 44 twelve hour breaches compared to 26 the previous month. Cumulatively the Trust has experienced 1449 twelve hour breaches from April 17 – November 17. **301** 12 hour breaches November 2017. (PAGE 25)

торм ↓

Diagnostic Waiting Times

This is not a performance issue. SBA volumes are being met but diagnostic demand exceeds capacity across all modalities. The rise in unscheduled activity care continues to compromise elective waiting times and imaging equipment is running at full commissioned capacity. Non-recurrent elective access funding was made available across 2016/17 to reduce the capacity gap in MRI, CT, USS and echocardiography however no additional funding was provided until July 2017. Additional activity is now again being undertaken but it will take several months to address the backlog. Confirmation of recurrent funding for CT, NOUS and plain film x-ray has now been received and plans are in place to commence recruitment of additional staff however capacity will still be restricted in some modalities due to the number of scanners in operation. Waiting times will reduce however recruitment and the need for additional scanners will continue to limit overall improvement.

3443

Patients waiting over 26 weeks at the end of October 2017 for a Diagnostic test (PAGE 19) **TOPM ↓**

Psychological Waits

At the end of November there were 75 patients waiting over 13 weeks, compared to 64 the previous month. Performance is being impacted in the main by LD services. The LD service has 41 breaches of a total WL of 140 with a longest wait of 193 days. This is slight improvement on the October position. Skill mix is being implemented to enhance performance within the service. It is likely that the service will be out of breach by end of March 2018 if all vacant posts are filled.



62 Day Urgent Suspected Cancer referrals to commence treatment

From April 2017, at least 95% of patients urgently referred with a suspected cancer should begin their first definitive treatment within 62 days.

73%

Achieved in October 2017 (PAGE 16) **TOPM 个**

Demand and Elective Waiting Lists

Referrals for New 'Red Flag' Cancer outpatient appointments had increased by 8% in November 2017 compared to November 2016. This continues to be a significant impact on Trust waiting times. At the end of November 2017 the combined position for elective inpatients and day cases was 8% below expected SBA volumes. New outpatient attendances were 1% below SBA volumes and review attendances were 14% above volumes.

With regard to AHP services, there were 9403, 13 week breaches at the end of November compared to 9456 the previous month. OT and Physiotherapy services had improved breach positions at the end of November. AHP services continue to be impacted by capacity and demand issues with actions being taken where possible to help reduce the breach position. (<u>PAGE 22</u>)

Children waiting > 13 weeks to access Autism Spectrum Disorder Diagnostic Service At the end of November there were 310 patients waiting >13 weeks. Since August 2017 there has been a clear worsening of the position. Despite the reduction in breaches in November it is anticipated that the worsening trend will continue due to an underlying increase in referral rate (currently 130 per month – up from 101 in 2016/17), and a change in triage and referral pathway. The capacity of the service has also been impacted by maternity leaves and vacancies. Further periodic modelling will be undertaken to better reflect recent trends and developments. This will also provide a revised view as to when a non-breach position will be achieved for assessment activity. Further modelling of the Intervention service (based on new service delivery model to be introduced November 17) will be developed. This will help provide an understanding of the whole ASD service / pressures and support decision making around models of service delivery and optimum allocation of staff. Based on the new money invested, demand did match capacity at the end of March 17 however the increase in referrals for 2017 and the modernisation of the triage process requires demand & capacity analysis to be updated to reflect current pressures. The recovery actions eg overtime clinics, will continue to be required at this time to address the increase in referral rate & to focus on the backlog of cases.

8%

Increase in Red Flag Cancer referrals November 2017 compared to November 2016

(<u>PAGE 51</u>)

торм ↑

310

Children waiting over 13 weeks at the end of November 2017.

(<u>PAGE 47</u>)

торм ↑

1.0 Service User Experience 1.1 Patient Experience as related in Patient Surveys

The 10,000 More Voices initiative continues using a phased approach including regional and specialist projects. **11,967 patient** stories have been returned regionally (correct on the 30/11/2017), of which **2,738** (22.8%) are NHSCT returns. Stories continue to illustrate compliance with the patient and client experience standards

Story collection, feedback and work on areas of improvement continues to be supported in the following areas:

- Unscheduled Care (Emergency Departments, Minor Injuries, and GP out of Hours)
- Northern Ireland Ambulance Service
- Staff Experience (Experience of Discharge)
- Experience in Health and Social Care (Generic Tool).
- Experience of Eye care Services in Northern Ireland(Programme of story collection now closed)
- Experience of Adult Safeguarding
- Experience of Discharge Commenced on 3rd July 2017
- Experience of Delirium Commenced October 2017
- Experience of Bereavement Commenced December 2017

	Regional Returns	NHSCT Returns	Rated as strongly positive or positive	Rated as neutral or not sure	Rated as negative or strongly negative
Unscheduled Care	1751	562 (32 %)	473	55	39
Northern Ireland Ambulance Service ¹	307	1602 (52.1%)	152	5	3
Adult Safeguarding	95	14 (14.7%)	8	4	2
Staff experience	360	37 ² (10.2%)	15	13	9
Health and Social Care in Northern Ireland	1302	481 (36.9%)	425	42	14
Experience of Discharge from hospital	647	139 (21.4%)	118	15	6
Experience of Delirium	7	2 (28%)	1	1	0

^{1.} Patients who access NIAS services as part of their care episode.

^{2.} Returns unchanged for this month

Regionally: Projects in Planning Phase

- Process of Bereavement.
- Experience of Care of patient with Neurological condition.

At local level the NHSCT are using the 10,000 Voices Health and Social Care (generic) Survey Tool to capture the experience of service users within the following areas:

- Diabetic Foot Care Pathway on-going
- All wards in AAH and Causeway have been given 10,000 surveys and posters.
- Theatres and recovery Project 2 commenced Nov 2017
- Macmillan Unit Project on-going.
- C4 Project (Prior to Quality Improvement Initiative).
- Health Visitor Project commencing June 2017 to complete report.
- Diabetic Specialist Nurse Project commenced August 2017.
- DAFNE training project commenced August 2017
- DESMOND training project commencing November 2017.
- PACE Project MED 1 and C7 on-going
- HCA baseline Oct 2017

10,000 More Voices supports the capture of patient experience within specialised projects, previously 10,000 voices worked in collaboration with the Paediatric Autism and Camhs team. This period of data collection is now complete.

10,000 More Voices is now supporting a project to capture patient experience of Adult Safeguarding. This project commenced in December 2016 and is ongoing.

1.0 Service User Experience 1.2 Complaints / Compliments

Main Issues Raised Through Complaints

The Trust actively encourages feedback from our service users including complaints, compliments or enquiries. Such feedback helps identify areas where high quality care is being provided and where this is not the case use these as an opportunity for learning and improving services.

We aim to respond to complaints within 20 working days, where possible, and strive to ensure that there is a full, fair and objective investigation of the issues and concerns raised and that an effective response/outcome is provided. We will continue to do our utmost to resolve complaints, however this may not be possible in all cases.

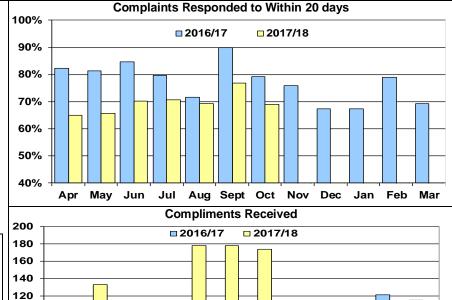
During October 2017 there were 71 formal complaints, 4 of which were reopened. Of these complaints 49 were responded to within 20 working days (69%). The main issues raised are in relation to quality of treatment and care, staff attitude / behaviour and communication, information.

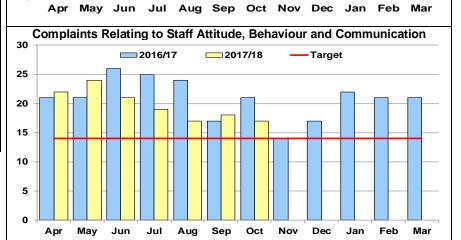
Compliments and suggestions/comments made by service users are acknowledged and shared with relevant staff/teams.

Complaints Information is presented one month in arrears

October 2017 Position	MEM	SCS	WCF	MHLDC	Community	Finance	SDBS	M&G	Nursing	Unknown	Trust Total
Number Of Complaints	19	17	10	10	9	-	-	-	6	-	71
% Complaints Responded to Within 20 Days	32%	82%	70%	100%	78%	-	-	-	83%	-	69%
Compliments Received	45	27	18	26	58	-	-	-	-	-	174
*Number of complaints relating to staff attitude, behaviour and communication	6	6	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	17

*Target = 5% reduction in user complaints relating to staff attitude, behaviour and communication compared to 15/16 figures. Target for 17/18 = no more than 170 complaints relating to staff attitude and communication, 14 per month. Update on target from technical guidance for 17/18 required. Target may change when guidance received.





2.1 Healthcare Acquired Infections (page 10)

2.2 Stroke (page 11)

2.3 Pressure Ulcers, Falls in Adult Wards, Venous Thromboembolism (VTE Risk Assessment) (page 12)

2.4 Serious Adverse Incidents (page 13)

2.0 Safe and Effective Care 2.1 Healthcare Acquired Infections (CPD 2.3)

Causes/Issues that are impacting on performance

MRSA – The Trust has now met the target for MRSA bacteraemia in 2017/18 which has been set by PHA at 8 cases; there have now been 9 cases of MRSA bacteraemia to date (end November) 3 cases were identified within 48 hours of admission, however 6 cases have been identified over 48 hours following admission. Currently all MRSA bacteraemias are ascribed to the Trust regardless of where they are identified. A Post Infection Review will continue at ward level for every case of MRSA bacteraemia identified and any case of MSSA bacteraemia where issues have arisen. Work is continuing between Community Healthcare colleagues and PHA colleagues to address the community burden of MRSA and how it impacts on secondary care.

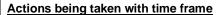
CDIFF – The Trust target for CDI in 2017/18 has been set by PHA at 48 cases. At the end of November 2017 the Trust has identified 41 cases of CDI. A breakdown of these figures indicate that 17 cases had an onset of diarrhoea on admission or within 48 hours of admission to hospital and 24 cases had an onset of diarrhoea over 48hrs following admission. The Post Infection Review process continues at ward level for each case of CDI identified. The Trust has identified a general increase in the number of CDI cases associated with Causeway Hospital (during March April and May 2017) with highly probable transmission of 2 cases of CDI (with the same ribotype 014) identified in one ward. The Trust has now closed this increased incidence and has notified PHA. There is a continued focus on implementation of compliance of control measures on this site as a result and there has been a significant decrease in the number of new cases identified in Causeway. CDI cases continue to present challenges in relation to early identification and isolation, additionally, current bed pressures and increased patient acuity continue to present challenges by potentially increasing the risk of transmission.

	Actual Activity 16/17	Sept 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	Cumulative position as at 30/1117	
No of MRSA cases	10	1	1	1	9	
No of CDiff cases	48	4	4	3	41	
Deaths associated with CDiff	1	1	0	0	1	

Target – 2017/18 MRSA = 8, CDiff = 48

While these are the cases reported/detected in a hospital setting, several cases will have come from a community setting.

MRSA



MRSA - Blood Culture Competency based training and Aseptic Non-Touch Technique (ANTT) training on-going across the Trust. Infection prevention and control training DVD shared with private nursing homes and Nursing Home In reach Project by Corporate Nursing Team includes an Infection Control element. IPCN's and the 'In reach Project team' will continue to work alongside PHA colleagues in relation to planning future education for private nursing homes. Education and increased audits of practice will continue for central and peripheral line care in all inpatient areas.

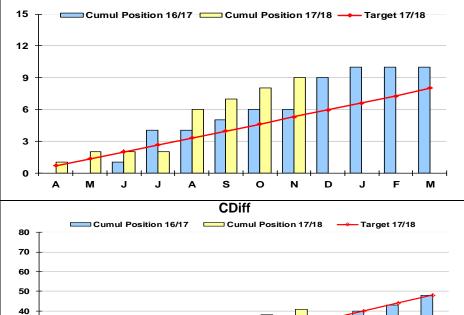
Enhanced monitoring of compliance with the Trust MRSA Policy and MRSA Care Bundle continues Trust wide. Post Infection Review will continue to be undertaken for every new case of MRSA bacteraemia. Focused commitment by the IPC Nursing Team to visit daily Emergency Departments and high risk acute inpatient areas in Antrim and Causeway to increase awareness of MRSA identification, placement and management with all staff. Additional refresher and induction IPC training delivered in both Antrim and Causeway sites.

CDIFF – Post Infection Review process continues at ward level for each new case identified. Microbiology-led antimicrobial stewardship rounds continue to support appropriate antibiotic prescribing. These stewardship rounds are being undertaken weekly in Causeway and also undertaken in high use areas where clinical attendance allows. The protocol for Medical assessment of patients presenting with vomiting and/or diarrhoea is enforced by the IPC team who continue to increase awareness of correct placement and management of patients presenting with diarrhoea with all staff. Additional IPC training is delivered as necessary.

Environmental cleanliness audits and clinical practice audits remain on-going. Intensive cleaning programme is on-going across all inpatient areas. Focused commitment by IPC Nursing Team to visit daily Emergency Departments and high risk acute inpatient areas in Antrim and Causeway

Forecast impact on performance

The Trust has now breached the PHA target set for MRSA bacteraemia for 2017/18 and due to the increased numbers of CDI cases seen in quarter 1 of this year so far, it will be a real challenge for the Trust to further improve on the reductions seen in last year's CDI surveillance.



S

ο

D

F

30 20

10

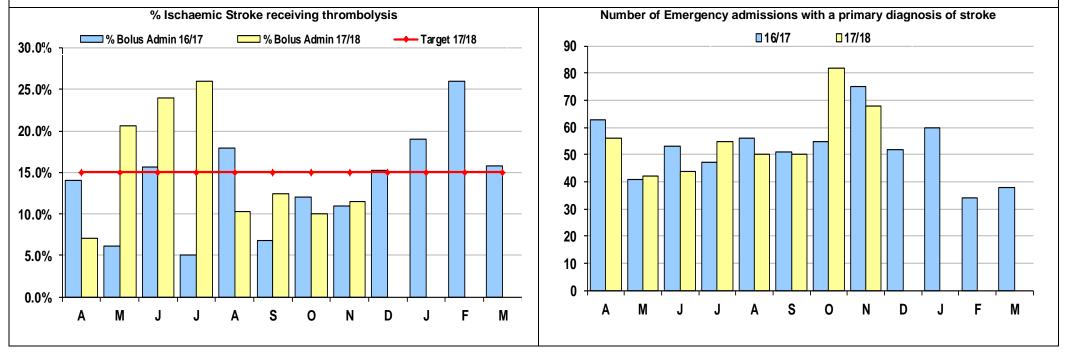
Causes/Issues that are impacting on performance

Figures for Antrim in November are 15% and achieves the 15% target. Causeway is 4.8% and this brings the overall thrombolysis figure to 11.5% for NHSCT.

Forecast impact on performance

Variance is within normal parameters.

	Target 17/18	Sept 17	Oct 17	Nov 17
% Ischaemic Stroke receiving thrombolysis (CPD 4.7)	15%	12.5%	10%	11.5%
Number of Emergency admissions with a primary diagnosis of stroke		50	82	68



2.0 Safe and Effective Care

2.3 Pressure Ulcers (B3) / Falls in Adult Wards (B4) / Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Risk Assessment (Al46), NEWS (B2)

Causes/Issues that are impacting on performance

Pressure Ulcers (Acute) – During 2016/17, the Trust had a total number of 227 hospital acquired pressure ulcers; 79 of these were graded 3 & 4 and, of these, 45 were avoidable. The Trust's average compliance with the SKIN bundle was 85%.

Falls – During 2016/17, there were a total of 1871 inpatient falls, of which 34 were graded as moderate severity or above (compared to 1667 and 51 for 2015/16). The Trust's average compliance with Parts A & B of the FallSafe bundle was 70% and 68% respectively.

 $\ensuremath{\text{VTE}}$ – During 2016/17 the Trust had an average compliance of 89% with completion of VTE risk assessment.

 ${\rm MUST}$ – During 2016/17 the Trust had an average compliance of 90% with completion of MUST within 24 hours of admission.

NEWS – During 2016/17 the Trust had an average compliance of 93% with completion of NEWS.

Omitted / Delayed Medicines – The Trust is required to monitor the number of charts that failed to record a reason for omission / delay of medicines. During 2016/17 the Trust had an average rate of 4% for omitted medicines, and 2% for delayed medicines.

Anti-Absconding Care Bundle – The Trust is required to monitor compliance with the Anti-Absconding Care Bundle, and the number of people that absconded. This bundle is being measured in 4 wards within Mental Health. During 2016/17 the Trust's average compliance with the bundle was 77%.

District Nursing Pressure Ulcers – With effect from 1st April 2017, the Trust is required to monitor compliance with the SKIN bundle within District Nursing; the number of community acquired pressure ulcers graded 3 & 4, and the number of these that were avoidable.

Actions being taken with time frame

Dips in compliance have been addressed with relevant leads for appropriate action to be taken.

		16/17 Qtr 4	17/18 Qtr 1	17/18 Qtr 2
Number of hospital acquired Pressure Ulcers graded 3 & 4	Monitor grade 3s & 4s, and the	16	17	Not yet available
Number of grade 3 & 4 pressure ulcers that are avoidable	number of these that were avoidable	7	12	Not yet available
Compliance with SKIN bundle for Pressure Ulcers	95%	82%	83%	89%
Number of Inpatient Falls	Monitor inpatient falls and the number of these that are	444	345	Not yet available
Number of Inpatient Falls with moderate severity or above	moderate severity or above	10	4	Not yet available
Compliance with FallSafe bundle (Part A)	95%	69%	71%	79%
Compliance with FallSafe bundle (Part B)	90%	68%	69%	75%
Compliance with VTE Risk Assessment	95%	88%	90%	94%
Compliance with completion of Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool (MUST)	95%	93%	89%	88%
Compliance with completion of NEWS	95%	95%	88%	89%
% Charts with failure to record reason for omission of medicines	N/A	3%	4.3%	1.7%
% Charts with failure to record reason for delay of medicines	N/A	N/A	2.7%	1.2%
Number of people that absconded (Mental Health)	N/A	59	54	60
Compliance with Anti-Absconding Care Bundle (Mental Health)	95%	81%	73%	88%
Number of community acquired Pressure Ulcers graded 3 & 4 on District Nursing (DN) caseload	Monitor grade 3s & 4s, and the number of these	N/A	1	Not yet available
Number of grade 3 & 4 pressure ulcers that are avoidable (DN)	that were avoidable	N/A	0	Not yet available
Compliance with District Nursing SKIN bundle for Pressure Ulcers	95%	N/A	60%	73%

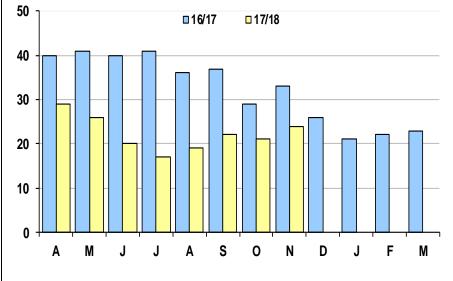
2.0 Safe and Effective Care 2.4 Serious Adverse Incidents

				Number of SAI ir	nvestigations on-going as at	30th November 2	2017	
Level of Investigation	Trust Total	Community Care (CC)	Finance (F)	Medicine & Emergency Medicine (MEM)	Mental Health, Learning Disability & Community Wellbeing (MHLD&CW)	Surgical & Clinical Services (SCS)	Strategic Development & Business Services (SDBS)	Woman, Children & Families (WCF)
Level 1 (SEA)	16	-	-	5	7	1	-	3
Level 2 (RCA)	8	1	-	3	4	-	-	-
Level 3 (External)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	24	1	-	8	11	1	-	3

NOTE: Level 1, SEA (Significant Event Audit) Investigation reports to be completed within 4 weeks of date reported to HSCB Level 2, RCA (Root Cause Analysis) Investigation reports to be completed within 12 weeks of date reported to HSCB Level 3, no definite timescale

Number of SAI investigations overdue by Division by r as at 30th November 2017													
0-10 wks	11-20 wks	21-30 wks	31-40 wks	41-60 wks	Total								
1	0	0	0	0	1								
0	2	0	1	0	3								
3	1	2	1	0	7								
0	2	0	0	0	2								
4	5	2	2	0	13								
	0-10 wks 1 0 3 0	0-10 wks 11-20 wks 1 0 0 2 3 1 0 2	as at 30th Nov 0-10 wks 11-20 wks 21-30 wks 1 0 0 0 2 0 3 1 2 0 2 0	as at 30th November 2017 0-10 wks 11-20 wks 21-30 wks 31-40 wks 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 3 1 2 1 0 2 0 1 3 1 2 1 0 2 0 0	as at 30th November 2017 0-10 wks 11-20 wks 21-30 wks 31-40 wks 41-60 wks 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 3 1 2 1 0 0 2 0 1 0 3 1 2 1 0 0 2 0 0 0								

Number of SAI Investigations outstanding Comparison graphical report by financial month



3.0 Quality Standards and Performance Targets

The various areas monitored by the Trust are categorised as follows;

- 3.1 DoH Commissioning Plan Direction Targets & Standards 2017/18
- Elective Care and Cancer Care (page 15)
- Unscheduled Care (Including Delayed Discharges) (page 25)
- Mental Health & Learning Disability (page 31)
- Women, Children and Families (page 34)
- Community Care (page 36)

3.2 DoH Indicators of Performance 2017/18 - Indicators of performance are in support of the Commissioning Plan Direction Targets. (page 39)

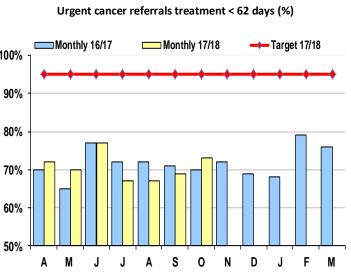
3.3 Additional Indicators in Support of 2017/18 Commissioning Plan Direction Targets. (page 46)

Company of Company

	tive Care and Can	icer Care																						
Dir	Target/Objective			Μ	Ionthly	Perform	ance Co	omment	s, Actior	าร								Trend	Anal	ysis				
SCS	Diagnostic Tests By March 2018, all urgent diagnostic tests should be reported on within two days (CPD 4.8)	 CAUSES / ISSUES IMPACTING ON PERFORMANCE There is a significant Reporting Capacity-demand gap. ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME Attempts to recruit additional radiologists are on-going. Additional reporting radiographers will be appointed as part of the new IPT investment however staff will take up to 18 months to reach full competency FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Even with the new investment the Trust will continue to require independent sector support due to shortage in radiologists. Therefore it is anticipated that performance will remain below 100%. Diagnostic Tests reported < 2 days 														Diagnostic Tests reported < 2 days								
		Diagnostic Tes	ts reporte	ed < 2 day	ys	-	-	_		-			-	80% -										
		Dec Jan 84% 90%	Feb 84%	Mar 84%	Apr 91%	May 96%	Jun 96%	Jul 85%	Aug 92%	Sept 91%	Oct 87%	Nov	торм	75% -										
SCS/MEM/WCF	Cancer Care From April 2017, all urgent suspected breast cancer referrals should be seen within 14 days (CPD 4.9)	CAUSES / ISSUE The Trust has co As these patient 14-day target. The acknowledged be ACTIONS BEING Additional breass and ensure patient FORECAST IMPA Some reduction deterioration age Urgent breast Dec Jan 97% 99%	ntinued to s have alr his had re y HSCB as TAKEN W of OP clinic ents are se ACT ON PE in capacit ainst the f	o accept l eady wait sulted in acceptal /ITH TIMI cs are bei een in a ti ERFORMA cy is expeditarget. It	long wait ted some a deteric ble due te E FRAME ing held v imely ma ANCE cted duri is anticip	ing refer time be oration in the nee wherever nner. ng Nover ated that	fore thei perform ed to sup possible nber due t this sho	r transfer lance aga port SHS(with elected to staffi	to NHSC inst the 2 CT. ctive acce ng issues	T they w 14-day ti ess fundi , which w	vill inevita meframe ng to ma vill result	bly bread but has l kimise ca in a	ch the been	100% - 90% - 80% - 70% - 60% -		M J gent br Month				seen	withi	D J n 14 da → Ta	-	

	Cancer Care	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPAC	ING ON	PERFORM	IANCE								% Ca	ancer tr	eatmen	nt com	mence	ed < 31	days o	of diagno	sis	
SCS/MEM/WCF	From April												ted in increase	ed		- Mon	thly 16/17	7 🗖	- Mon	thly 17/1	18 -	🔶 Target	t 17/18	
3	2017, at least												idy stretched	100%	1									
/	98% of	maintain	ing the 1	.4-day ta	arget, the	re is not e	enough s	urgical ca	apacity to	o consist	ently me	et the 31	-day timefram	ne.		+ +	+			+	+	++		t
2	patients					E FRAME								95%	-		_							
3	diagnosed							ssihle A	review o	f the hre	ast servi	re is und	erway at a											
1	with cancer	regional												90%	+-1 -[\vdash						
S	should receive	-0	,	0																				
S	their first	FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE		85%																				
	definitive		/ there w	ill conti	nue to be	31-day b	reaches	in breast	surgery	until per	manent a	additiona	l capacity can	be										
	treatment	secured.			80%	4 -																		
	within 31 days																							
	of a decision		er treatr		75%								L_L_											
	to treat (CPD	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct		PM	Α	M J	J	Α	S	0	N C	DJ	FΙ	М
	4.9)	93%	88%	99%	99%	91%	90%	94%	91%	98%	92%	94%												
	Cancer Care	CAUSES	/ 1551 165																					
SCS/MEM/WCF	From April				citv.																			
Ž	2017, at least	Lower/upper GI: Delays in accessing surgical OP remain – increased demand and lack of OP and theatre capacity Lung: complex cases requiring a number of diagnostic tests, delays in PET scans and thoracic surgery in BT. Delays																						
\leq	95% of	continue	for PET,	BT send	ling suita	ble patien	ts to Dul	olin for p	rocedure	2.			- /											
Σ	patients					ie in unde	ertaking b	oreast su	rgery de	pending	on the nu	umbers w	ashing throug	gh										
Π	urgently	seconda					- .																	
2	referred with	Skin: The		-	dent sect	or for red	flag has	prevente	ed furthe	r deterio	ration in	Dermato	logy											
S	a suspected	performa			in accord	ing hysto		within 1	I dave du	a ta unn	annad la	ovo of m	adical staff											
U S S	cancer should	member								le to unp	anneu ie	ave of m	edical staff											
•	begin their	member	, with au	untional	iists beiii	ganange	u to mee	t ueman	u.															
	first definitive	ACTIONS	BEING	ΓΑΚΕΝ Υ	ИТН ТІМ	E FRAME																		
	treatment	Lower/u						Red Flag	patients															
	within 62									arranged	with ele	ctive acce	ess funding											
	days. (CPD	although		-		-	end of N	lov 2017																
	4.9)	Lung: pro																						
	-1.57	Gynae: a											c											
					•		-				-		of patients to	tne										
		Independ	Jent Sec	lor. Belta	ast worki	ng with Pl		uress cap	Jacity ISS	ues for p	astic sur	gery.												
		FORECAS			ERFORM	ANCE																		
					-	-	ident Sec	tor for o	utpatien	t assessn	nent ceas	sed temp	orarily due to											
		lack of fu																						
		deteriora	-						-															

Site	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ
ALL .	68%	79%	76%	72%	70%	77%	67%	67%	69%	73%		1
В	94%	100%	86%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	100%		
G	40%	63%	50%	100%	40%	57%	63%	15%	33%	38%		
Н	100%	100%	100%	67%	50%	100%	50%	100%	100%	100%		
HN	0%	50%	0%	0%	-	-	0%	0%	33%	40%		
.GI	16%	33%	80%	23%	33%	9%	31%	19%	0%	25%		
JGI	67%	50%	0%	0%	66%	0%	-	40%	60%	80%		
L	75%	75%	67%	33%	89%	91%	75%	57%	79%	60%		
S	81%	100%	94%	83%	59%	94%	69%	86%	72%	80%		
U	-	100%	-	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-		



October 17 Position by Tumour Site – Number of cases for Month
Note: where the Patient is a SHARED treatment with another Trust, NHSCT
carry 0.5 weighting for patient's wait.
(B) Breast Cancer – 21.0 patients treated
(G) Gynae Cancers – 4.0 patients treated
(H) Haematological Cancers – 1.0 patients treated
(HN) Head/Neck Cancer – 2.5 patients treated
(LGI) Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer – 8.0 patients treated
(UGI) Upper Gastrointestinal Cancer – 2.5 patients treated
(L) Lung Cancer – 7.5 patients treated
(S) Skin Cancer – 10.0 patients treated
(U) Urological Cancer – 0.0 patients treated

ш	Outpatient	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON F	ERFORM	ANCE									Core & Independent Sector patients waiting < 9 weeks
		This is no													60% ₇	
/MEM/WC	By March 2018,				eterioratio		•			-						──── % < 9 wks 16/17 ─── % < 9 wks 17/18 ─── Target 17/18
S	50% of patients	2016/17			y and no	iunuing a	avaliable	to transi	er new o	utpatient	s to the	nuepenu	ent secto	orin		
	should be	2010,17	012017,	10.											50% -	
Σ	waiting no	ACTIONS	BEING T	AKEN W		FRAME										
	longer than 9 weeks for an				available	•	•	•					•			
S	outpatient							t to test a	and othe	r pathwa	ys other	than trad	itional ou	utpatient	40% -	
S	appointment	appointr	nent to c	reate fur	ther outp	batient ca	ipacity.									
	(CPD 4.10)	FORECAS		CT ON PE		NCE										
	(0) D (110)	There is	a significa	ant dema	and/capa	city gap i	n a range	of outpa	atient spe	cialties.	The posit	tion is like	ely to det	eriorate	30% -	╫ <mark>╎╎┍</mark> ╢┝╢┝┤┝┤┝┤┝╴╢┝╶╗╴┤┝╴╽┝┤┝╴╽
		further.														
		Cara R		dant Car												
		Dec	Jan	Feb	tor patie Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	TOPM	20% -	╫╍╍┍╍╍┍╌╴╎
		31%	32%	32%	34%	32%	31%	30%	27%	27%	27%	28%	27%	•		A M J J A S O N D J F M
														\mathbf{V}		
Щ	Outpatient															Core & Independent Sector patients waiting > 52 weeks
/WCF		This is no	ot a perfo	ormance	issue - Se	e 9-week	target.									Pats > 52 wks 16/17 Pats > 52 wks 17/18
	By March 2018, no patient	ACTIONS	BEING T	AKEN W		FRAME									9000	
Ĕ	waits longer	See 9-we	ek targe	t.											8000 -	
ΠE	than 52 weeks.															
Σ	(CPD 4.10)	FORECAS See 9-we			RFORMA	NCE									7000	
scs/		366 3-M6	ektaige	ι											6000	
SC		Core &	Indepen	dent Sec	ctor patie	nts waiti	ng > 52 v	veeks							5000 -	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ	4000 -	
		2575	2561	3006	3316	3856	4358	5524	6369	6821	7662	8136	9170	1	3000 -	┼┤┝┼╿┝┤┝┼╽┝┤┝┼╽┝╌╽┝╴╌╴╺┓╸╔┥╴╽
		Core 8	Indepen	dent Ser	tor patie	nts total	nationte	waiting							2000 -	┼ <mark>┥┝╶┧┝╶╽┝<mark>╶</mark>╽<mark>┍╛┟┫┟┨╶┨</mark>╌┨┝╴╽</mark>
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov		1000 -	┼ <u>╛</u> ┞ _╧ ╏┍┥╎┍╡╎╗╎╢╏╎╢╏╎╢╎╎╎╎╴╢╴╴╢╴╴╵╵
		28863	30339	30082	31354	32560	32549	34149	34550	34727	35010	35413	36705		0	

5	Diagnostic	CAUSES /	ISSUES I	MPACTI	NG ON P	ERFORM	ANCE									[Diagnost	ic Tests < 9	weeks		
Ŭ	waits	This is no													90% -	% < 0 wks	16/17	<u> </u>	ka 17/19		17/10
S	By March 2018,							inues to	compron	nise elect	ive waiti	ng times	and imag	ging	50 /0	% < 9 wks	5 10/1/	<u> </u>	KS 17/10	- I di yel	1//10
	75% of patients	equipme	nt is runn	ing at fu	ll commi	ssioned c	apacity.														
SCS	By March 2018,	modalitie equipment ACTIONS Non-recu USS and d again bei for CT, No additiona operation FORECAS Waiting t improver	BEING T. BEING T. Inrrent ele echocard ng under OUS and il staff ho n. T IMPAC imes will	e in unsc ing at fu AKEN WI ctive acc iography taken bu plain film wever ca T ON PEF reduce h < 9 wee Feb 75%	theduled II commi ITH TIME ess fundi howeve t it will ta n x-ray ha apacity w RFORMA nowever ks Mar 80%	I activity of ssioned of FRAME ing was n er no addi ake sever as now bo vill still be NNCE	care cont capacity. nade ava tional fui ral month een recei restricte	inues to ilable acr nding wa ns to add ved and ed in som	compron oss 2016 s provide ress the l olans are e modali	nise elect 1/17 to re ed until Ju backlog. i in place ties due t	tive waitin duce the uly 2017. Confirma to comm to the nu	capacity Additionation of re- pence reco mber of s	and imag gap in M al activity ecurrent ruitment scanners	ing IRI, CT, / is now funding of in	3500 3000 2500 2000 1500	% < 9 wks	J A	% < 9 w % < 9 w \$ 0 C Tests > 26 Pats > 26	N 5 weeks	Target J J J Targ	F M
															1000		JA	S O	N		F M

Ś	Diagnostic	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON F	PERFORM	IANCE									Endoscopy < 9 weeks
SCS	waits Endoscopy	While re not yet b ACTIONS	een pos	sible to re	ecruit to	all medic	al posts.	enterolo	gy which	has incr	eased end	doscopy o	capacity, i	t has	90%	──── % < 9 wks 16/17 ─── % < 9 wks 17/18 ─── Target 17/18
	By March 2018, 75% of patients should wait no longer than 9 weeks for a	Elective	access fu ient ongo ST IMPA	nding ha bing to ga CT ON PE	s been se astroente RFORMA	ecured fo erology po ANCE	r 2017/18 osts.				_	outine wa	aiting time	es.	80%	
	diagnostic test and no patient	Endosc	opy < 9 v	weeks												
	waits longer than 26 weeks	Dec 68%	Jan 62%	Feb 64%	Mar 65%	Apr 64%	May 61%	Jun 66%	Jul 65%	Aug 64%	Sept 67%	Oct 69%	Nov 68%	торм	50% -	
	(CPD 4.11)		opy > 26		1	1	-			1	1	-			40% +	
		Dec 7	Jan 9	Feb 6	Mar 1	Apr 2	May 0	Jun 1	Jul 0	Aug 0	Sept 2	Oct 1	Nov 3	ТОРМ		Endoscopy > 26 weeks
														↓	30 —	──── Pat < 26 wk 16/17 └──── Pat < 26 wk 17/18 →── Target 17/18 ──
															25	
															20	
															15	
															15	
															10	
															5	
															0	
															4	A M J J A S O N D J F M

SCS/MEM/WCF	Inpatient / Daycase Waits By March 2018 55% of patient should wait no longer than 13 weeks for inpatient/ daycase treatment and no patient waits longer than 52 weeks. (CPD 4.12)	winter m Demand capacity ACTIONS Unsched pressure	capacity: the Trust luled pres- nonths du /capacity to be foo 5 BEING 1 luled pres- es. This po 5 T IMPAC action in ea ade availa- lue to the	High der 's ability ssures: The tale to sign y gap: The cused on TAKEN W ssures: the blicy is be CT ON PE elective a able to trace	nand for to treat r here has l ificant pr ere is a ga confirme ITH TIME the Trust h ing kept RFORMA dmission ansfer lor on being	red flag a outine in peen a pl essure on p betwee d cancer FRAME as contir under clo NCE s is likely made late	and urger patients, anned re n the uns en capac and urge nued to re ose review to result g patient e in the f	increasin eduction i ccheduled ity and de ent cases. educe its w. c in an ov s to the h inancial y	ng overal n the nui d care sys emand in elective erall incra ndepend	I waiting mber of r item. a range admissio ease in w	times. routine p of surgic ns to allo vaiting tir	atients so al special ow for un nes. Som	cheduled ties requ schedule e fundin	l over the liring d g is likely	Inpatient / Daycase waiting < 13 weeks 70% 65% 60% 55% 50% 45% A M J J A S O N D J F M
		Dec 58% Core & Dec 30	Jan 57% Indepen Jan 59	Feb 53% dent Sec Feb 93	tor patie Mar 55% tor patie Mar 107 tor total Mar 4989	Apr 52% nts waiti Apr 126	May 53% ng > 52 v May 165	Jun 53%	Jul 53% Jul 227 Jul 4598	Aug 53% Aug 232 Aug 4647	Sept 53% Sept 251 Sept 4670	Oct 55% Oct 314 Oct 4713	Nov 55% Nov 350 Nov 4581	ТОРМ ↓	Inpatient / Daycase waiting > 52 weeks Pats > 52 wks 16/17 Pats > 52 wks 17/18 Target 17/18 Target 17/18 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250

 APR Waits Average of the second seco		AHP Waits	CALISES		INADACT										
Professional infectorial placed by apply application of the service has been required to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support early discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult Inpatient demands to support early discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult Inpatient demands to support early discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult Inpatient demands uses. This is very often the consequence of Sick Leave, Maternity Jeave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where about the Community. St W waiting its. OF Declarist / Dementia Services / Learning Disability (22) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sick Leave, Maternity Jeave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where about the community. To the service is implementing plans to tability and there contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest or unret or other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting the institution in waiting its. Sure The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting remains close to 100%, realing reading reported to saming remains close to 100%, realing teams of the introduction of partial booking and a nerview of hwit, including rate closes and the introduction of partial booking and a nerview of hwit, including actic apacity define maximum inpatient demand and capacity analysis for periode to apatrue activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity define there and mainting is to resure activity. Second in the introduction of partial booking and a review of hwith divelays and particles. Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is appointent of temporary staff to address longest waiters, apoprintent of temporary staff to address longest waite	N			-						choc ara	in nhucio	thoropy	and diata	tics Both those	
Professional infectorization y forecent updated by apply deployments in which a galaxies y have a limited brainable galaxy apply apply deployments in the service has been required to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry disknarge from hospital and therefore efficience use of bed space. Adult inpatient demands uses applicating to cover any applications of the community structurent which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where abates exercises and the adiation of the community. Structurent which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where abates exercises and the analytic teams where abates are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sck Leave, Maternity leave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where abates are the service is implementing plans to stabilities and there reducing waiting times including waitdation of waiting lists. Surf - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a penatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing teams, where abates are now going and include appointment of comports and treatment pathways. The introduce INAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how it, including tata cleansing bours for explatent staffing transming encircument, completed domands, recruitment, complete domand and capacity and sign of the introduction of partial booking and a review of how it, including tata cleansing bours for exclusing staff, recruitment, complete domand and capacity and sign of the introduction of partial booking and a review of how it, including realized transming transming encircument on partial booking and a eview of how it, including teal cleansing bours for each of the introduction of partial booking and a review of how it, appointement of temporary staff	V	, ,													AHP patients waiting > 13 wks
Professional professional in the consumption of balance of programmers in Acute hands to support early disknape from hospital and therefore efficience used by capacity/demand is use exploited to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support early disknape from hospital and therefore efficience used by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sck Leave, Maternity leave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can an under of other initiatives aimed at their reducing validation of waiting lists. Surf - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a pendetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains (ose to 100%, release, applicating busines scale to highlight and support the service, streamline exercution of the inforduction of partial booking and a review of how in the inforduction of partial booking and nerview of how iteractive. The service's learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of temporary staff to address ongest waters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPECT ON FERFORMANCE Propersions as apportante of vearing Disability and	Ы				0		•		0		111111551011	ler, nowe	ever no ru	anung over anu	
Professional professional in the consumption of balance of programmers in Acute hands to support early disknape from hospital and therefore efficience used by capacity/demand is use exploited to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support early disknape from hospital and therefore efficience used by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sck Leave, Maternity leave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can have an immediate and significant impact on varial performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absence can an under of other initiatives aimed at their reducing validation of waiting lists. Surf - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a pendetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains (ose to 100%, release, applicating busines scale to highlight and support the service, streamline exercution of the inforduction of partial booking and a review of how in the inforduction of partial booking and nerview of how iteractive. The service's learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of temporary staff to address ongest waters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPECT ON FERFORMANCE Propersions as apportante of vearing Disability and	X										of July to	Q12 at t	ho ond o	f November It	10,000 10/10/17 Monthly 17/18 Target 17/18
Professional professional in the consumption of the service on match demand. The service has been required to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly increased and this particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the Community. St. Twaiting list. OF pacitarits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (22) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the community. The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reducing waiting times including waited aton of waiting list. Surf Chong Emiot Taxe NUTH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to delay roposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing the regular divisiting to cover the introduction of partial booking and ne review of how it, including data cleansing, develop a pusciens tating termine to acat post; sure earlies or to 100%, realing tating the introduction of partial booking and and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatetic staffing partities and group essions as appointment of appropriate and therefore minimum community capacity. Pediatrits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being take are on-going and include appointment of temporary staffic oppressions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staffic and uppotenties and rogan particular dimensioned capacity is made available. OF Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Di	2	0													
Professional professional in the consumption of the service on match demand. The service has been required to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly increased and this particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the Community. St. Twaiting list. OF pacitarits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (22) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the community. The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reducing waiting times including waited aton of waiting list. Surf Chong Emiot Taxe NUTH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to delay roposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing the regular divisiting to cover the introduction of partial booking and ne review of how it, including data cleansing, develop a pusciens tating termine to acat post; sure earlies or to 100%, realing tating the introduction of partial booking and and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatetic staffing partities and group essions as appointment of appropriate and therefore minimum community capacity. Pediatrits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being take are on-going and include appointment of temporary staffic oppressions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staffic and uppotenties and rogan particular dimensioned capacity is made available. OF Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Di	V										-	-			9,500
Professional professional in the consumption of the service on match demand. The service has been required to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly increased and this particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the Community. St. Twaiting list. OF pacitarits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (22) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the community. The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reducing waiting times including waited aton of waiting list. Surf Chong Emiot Taxe NUTH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to delay roposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing the regular divisiting to cover the introduction of partial booking and ne review of how it, including data cleansing, develop a pusciens tating termine to acat post; sure earlies or to 100%, realing tating the introduction of partial booking and and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatetic staffing partities and group essions as appointment of appropriate and therefore minimum community capacity. Pediatrits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being take are on-going and include appointment of temporary staffic oppressions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staffic and uppotenties and rogan particular dimensioned capacity is made available. OF Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Di															
Professional professional in the consumption of the service on match demand. The service has been required to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly increased and this particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on Adult Inpatient demands to support entry discharge from hospital and therefore efficient use of bed space. Adult is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the Community. St. Twaiting list. OF pacitarits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (22) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is particularly evident in small teams where absent equired to focus on the community. The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reducing waiting times including waited aton of waiting list. Surf Chong Emiot Taxe NUTH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to delay roposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing the regular divisiting to cover the introduction of partial booking and ne review of how it, including data cleansing, develop a pusciens tating termine to acat post; sure earlies or to 100%, realing tating the introduction of partial booking and and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatetic staffing partities and group essions as appointment of appropriate and therefore minimum community capacity. Pediatrits/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being take are on-going and include appointment of temporary staffic oppressions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staffic and uppotenties and rogan particular dimensioned capacity is made available. OF Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Di	٦I														9,000
Set (cpb 5.4) staff has increased the difficulties of the service to match demand. The service has been required to focus on happen and increased and this prioritization has had severe impact on the Community. St T waiting list. OF paciatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (222) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sk Leave, Matterntly leave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on waiting times. ACTIONS ENING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest in patient and community, define maximum in patient demand and capacity analysis for inpatient activity, define maximum inpatient demand and capacity analysis for comparate eating proposal to ensure staffing remains loss to 100%, realing review of how inpatient. Note their moduling usalities and thene reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatelic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains loss to 100%, realing readivation of partial booking and a review of how inpatient and community, define maximum inpatient demand and capacity is made to applicate activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacit, develop a pusiness case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatelic staff to cover matering Disability - Actions being take, near easing and include appointment of peripatelic staff to cover matering busines for exact by staff to address onget waiters, appointment of Agency staff CoRCAST IMPACT ON PREFORMANCE Prediatric/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Market and the feed mark to approve staff. Or Prediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - R	2														
Adult inpatient demands is support early discharge from hospital and therefore elimpact on the Community SLT witing list. OT Paediatris/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (222) - Across Diavis, Materity leave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on wating times. ACTONS EDISTARCE WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest cinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across ourpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting lists. SLT. The service is Implementing pains to stabilise and ther reduce numbers waiting and the length of waiting lists. SLT. The service is implementing pains to stabilise and ther reduce numbers waiting and the length of waiting lists. SLT. The service is the pointing demands, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, atreamline recruitment of peripatetic saff to cover materinity leave, validation do waiting lists to ensure acuracy, novement of staff. Paediatris/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on going and include appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff. Porticas Timerapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Dr Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov 1004	Š					•		•	•			•	-		
Inpatient demands have significantly increased and this prioritisation has had severe impact on the Community S.T waiting list. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (222) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sick Leave, Maternity leave and delays in recruitment which inhopact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on waiting times ACTIONS EDING TACKIN WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as wells a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of variting lists. SLT - The service is implementing plants to tabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of waiting including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing rotocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCD is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and trament pathways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken aro on going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff arcross localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff OPCAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dieteties - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. AHP petients waiting > 13 wks <u>Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov</u> T orM	S														
SLT waiting list: OT Prediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability (222) - Across Divisions delays are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is very often the consequence of Sick Leave, Maternity leave and delays in recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on variating times. Physiotherapy and Ditettics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest dividation of waiting times. Including validation of waiting lists. 7,50 SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff overtime dinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruit protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCD is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment patiways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripateitic staff for Cover materning babability action of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE	•,	(0.20.1)													
OT Paediatris/Domentia Services/Learning Disability (222) - Across Divisions daixy are caused by capacity/demand issues. This is verto: fis is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on waiting times. ACTIONS BEING TACKIN WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient of waiting inters. Str T The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic strifting proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on priorities diffing proposal to ensure staffing environs in complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure adarding analysis for protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capacity analysis. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of ferogenetic areas. Mark Agric Alar Key			-			Binnean	iy mereus.			resources	nuo nuu o		puce on e	ine communey	
capacity/demand issues. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on valing times ACTIONS BLING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Diettetis - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff, overtime dinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment of peripatetic staffing maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of face maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of teamporary staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure adjust of address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff. FORECAST IMPACT ON PERROMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available.Materia the domation for address longest waiters, appointent of Agency staff, to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of tears or learning basibility - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas.Materia Service/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been comple				0	ementia	Services	/I earning	Disabilit	ty (222)	- Across	Divisions	delavs ar	re caused	l by	
<pre>recruitment which impact on overall performance. This is particularly evident in small teams where absences can have an immediate and significant impact on waiting times ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting lists. SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realing current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff, overtime clinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of parial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of theraporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Ferformance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Of Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. <u>AH</u></pre>															
have an immediate and significant impact on waiting times ACTONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting lists. SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCD is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more completed for each of the service areas. <u>AttiP patients waiting > 13 wks</u> <u>best Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov</u> TOM															7,000
ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WTH TIME FRAME Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest clinical risk. Croup sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting lists. SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff, overtime clinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more completed for each of the service areas. <u>AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov</u> TOPM					•		•		•	,					
Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Services continue to deliver contracted volumes and focus on areas of highest <i>clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting lists. A M J J A S O N D J F M SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment, to complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a test integ the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCD is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop are and treatment pathways. Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff. Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM </i>						-	•								0,500
clinical risk. Group sessions have been rolled out across outpatient physiotherapy services in the Trust as well as a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing waiting times including validation of waiting lists. SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Dietetics - 650 Orcupational Therapy - 168 Orthoptics - 0 Physiotherapy - 7747 Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic saff to cover maternity leave, validation of Agency staff FORECAST INPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Ort Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AMP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM Top								nue to de	eliver co	ntracted	volumes	and focu	is on area	as of highest	
a number of other initiatives aimed at reducing walting times including validation of walting lists.Image: Str - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff, overtime clinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCD is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop are and treatment pathways.Image: Str - 650Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staffImage: Str - 0Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available.Physiotherapy - 138Image: Lang: Str - Dec: Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct NovTDPM				• •										0	
SLT - The service is implementing plans to stabilise and then reduce numbers waiting and the length of wait, including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff, overtime clinics, increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols. Increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Dietetics – 650 Occupational Therapy – 168 Orthoptics - 0 Physiotherapy - 7747 Physiotherapy - 7747 Physiotherapy - 7747 Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. 3 Week Breaches by Service Area Dietetics – 650 Occupational Therapy – 168 Orthoptics - 0 Physiotherapy - 7747 Physiotherapy and Dietetics - log constructs, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. 10 Tradiatiries/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. 10 Tradiatiries 2 13 w/s															
including data cleansing, develop a peripatetic staffing proposal to ensure staffing remains close to 100%, realign current working practices based on prioritised demands, recruitment to vacant posts, use of agency staff, overtime clinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment to avacant posts, use of agency staff, or protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Dietetics - 650 Occupational Therapy - 168 Occupational Therapy - 168 Occupational Therapy - 7747 Podiatry - 0 Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Dietetics - 650 Occupational Therapy - 168 Occupational Therapy - 168 Occupational Therapy - 7747 Podiatry - 0 Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Tormadiatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas.															
overtime clinics, increasing hours for existing staff, recruitment, complete demand and capacity analysis for inpatient and community, develop a business case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Prescent of the temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff Policy of the temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff 13 Week Breaches by Service Area OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. 13 Week Breaches by Service Area 13 Week Breaches by Service Area MHP patients waiting > 13 wks Image: Service Area 13 Week Breaches by Service Area 13 Week Breaches by Service Area Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Aug Sept Oct Nov 19 Week Nov			includin	g data cle	eansing, c	develop a	peripatet	ic staffin	g propo	sal to en	sure staff	ing rema	ins close	to 100%, realign	
Other that and community, develop a busines case to highlight and support the service, streamline and compared by analysis of inpatient and community, develop a busines case to highlight and support the service, streamline recruitment protocols increase capacity and reduce DNAs through the introduction of partial booking and a review of how LCID is used to capture activity, define maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways.Dietetics - 650Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available.Dietetics - 650OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas.Dietetics - 13 wksDecJanFebMarAHP patients waiting > 13 wksJunJulAugDecJanFebMarDecJanFebMarAprMayJunJulAugSeptOctNovTOPM			current	- working p	practices	based or	prioritise	d demar	nds, recr	uitment	to vacant	: posts, u	se of age	ncy staff,	
Impatient and community, develop a dosiness case of lighting and a dopport the service, streamme feed ditherOccupational Therapy – 168Orthoptics - 0Physiotherapy and treatment pathways.Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staffOccupational Therapy – 168PORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCEPhysiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available.Oct Preformance will continue to deteriorate unless more completed for each of the service areas.Oct NovTOPMAHP patients waiting > 13 wksDec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct NovTOPM			overtime	e clinics,	increasin	g hours f	or existing	staff, re	ecruitme	ent, com	plete den	hand and	capacity	analysis for	13 Week Breaches by Service Area
Discrete process in treated by any field to optimize the maximum inpatient demand and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways.Orthoptics - 0 Physiotherapy - 7747 Podiatry - 0 Speech and Language Therapy - 838Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available.Orthoptics - 0 Physiotherapy - 7747 Podiatry - 0 Speech and Language Therapy - 838Important Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service a reas.Important Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service a reas.			inpatien	t and cor	nmunity,	develop	a busines	s case to	highligh	nt and su	pport the	e service,	, streamli	ine recruitment	
Cub is used to capture activity, derive maximum inplatent demain and therefore minimum community capacity, develop care and treatment pathways. Physiotherapy - 7747 Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff Physiotherapy - 7747 FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Seech and Language Therapy - 838 OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Cot Nov TOPM			protoco	ls increas	se capaci	ty and re	duce DNA	s throug	h the int	troductio	n of part	ial bookir	ng and a i	review of how	
Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are on-going and include appointment of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff Podiatry - 0 FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Podiatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. Potientry - 0 AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			LCID is u	ised to ca	pture act	tivity, de	fine maxin	num inpa	atient de	emand ar	nd theref	ore minir	num con	nmunity capacity,	
Packalatics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Actions being taken are off-going and include appointment of reprivation of peripatetic staff to cover maternity leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure accuracy, movement of staff across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff Speech and Language Therapy - 838 FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. Speech and Language Therapy - 838 OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			develop	care and	l treatme	nt pathv	/ays.								, ,,
Of peripatent start to cover initiating leave, validation of waiting lists to ensure actuact, inovement of start across localities to areas in greatest need, maximising use of clinic facilities and group sessions as appropriate, appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov			Paediat	rics/Dem	entia Ser	vices/Le	arning Dis	ability -	Actions	being tal	ken are o	n-going a	nd inclue	de appointment	,
appointment of temporary staff to address longest waiters, appointment of Agency staff FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov			of peripa	atetic sta	ff to cove	er materr	ity leave,	validatio	on of wai	iting lists	to ensur	e accurac	cy, mover	ment of staff	Speech and Language Therapy - 838
FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Performance War Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			across lo	ocalities t	o areas ir	n greates	t need, ma	aximising	g use of	clinic faci	ilities and	l group se	essions as	s appropriate,	
Physiotherapy and Dietetics - Performance will continue to deteriorate unless more commissioned capacity is made available. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			appointi	ment of t	emporar	y staff to	address lo	ongest w	aiters, a	ppointm	ent of Ag	ency staf	f		
made available. OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM				-		-	-								
OT Paediatrics/Dementia Services/Learning Disability - Recovery Plans have been completed for each of the service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			Physioth	nerapy ar	nd Dietet	: ics - Perf	ormance v	will conti	nue to c	deteriora	te unless	more co	mmissior	ned capacity is	
service areas. AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Sept Oct Nov TOPM															
AHP patients waiting > 13 wks Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept TOPM Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			OT Paed	liatrics/D	ementia	Services	/Learning	Disabilit	t y - Reco	overy Plai	ns have b	een com	pleted fo	or each of the	
Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM			service a	areas.											
Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM				ationte	aiting > 1	12 w//c									
			· · · ·			1	Anr	May	lun	þul	Διισ	Sent	Oct	Nov TOPM	
											Ŭ				
			0125	, , , , ,	,007	,,,10	5155	0400	5451	0039	5025	5735	5450		

SCS/MEM/WCF	Cancelled Appts By March 2018, reduce by 20% the number of hospital- cancelled consultant-led outpatient appointments. (CPD 7.4)	Analysis administ 30% invo patients this cate attend co for annu ACTIONS Escalation circumst monitor	rative cha blve a cha The rem gory in Oo burt at sh al or stud 5 BEING T on to man ance. Rei this at sp 5T IMPAC	cancellat anges. O nge of a aining ch ct 2017. ort notic y leave. AKEN W agemen nforced ecialty le	tions show f those the ppointme nanges do These are ce; howev /ITH TIME t if clinics awareness evel.	ws that a hat do aff ent time o o result in e for a va ver there FRAME are bein ss of the f	pproxima fect a pat or location a patien riety of r are some g cancell	ient, abo on but no nt's appoi easons ir e cancella ed at <6	ut 50% a t date so intment l including d ations du weeks' n	re broug that the being del consultar e to the otice for	ht forwa y do not ayed – 1 ht sick lea requisite any reas	rd to an o negative 37 appoi ave or a r notice n on other	re purely earlier date ly impact or ntments fel equirement ot being giv than unfore will continu	n Il into nt to ven reseen	Number of hospital cancelled outpatient appointments 2500 2000 1750 1500
		Numbe	er of hosp	ital can	celled ou	tpatient	appointn	nents							
		Dec 1346	Jan 2043	Feb 2010	Mar 2040	Apr 2140	May 1834	Jun 1891	Jul 1800	Aug 1789	Sept 1864	Oct 1928	1010	ТОРМ	
		1340	2043	2010	2040	2140	1034	1091	1000	1/05	1004	1920	1910		A M J J A S O N D J F M
			oaseline us view outpa				6 Cancelle	ed, Target	= No more	e than 151	3 per mo	nth) Targ	et includes bo	ooth	

>	By March 2018,	Key Quality Improvement Activities this period	
Pharmacy	By March 2018, all Trusts must demonstrate 70% compliance with the regional Medicines Optimisation Model against the baseline established at March 2016. (CPD 2.6)	Extension of doctor light (zero) discharge pilot. This work has shown to save around 90 minutes per discharge. Business case submitted within Trust. SRI FAST phase 1 completed June 2017 Pilot prioritising those patients at medrec for clinical review Business case submitted within Trust to enable extension of the 'post-discharge' pilot. This pilot has shown that pharmacits interventions either by telephone or mixed mode led to patient benefits by reducing readmission rate, time to readmission, length of hospital stay and improved patient beliefs about medication NI Macmillan Palilative Care Pharmacy Service Improvement Project – working with community pharmacies and other healthcare professionals to for example improve access to and information on palilative care medicines and transfer from secondary to primary care. To improve antibiotic stewardship and reduce omitted/delayed doses, pilot carried out whereby pharmacy assisted with the reconstitution of IV piperacillin/tazobactam. Business case submitted within Trust. Implementation of Clinical Pharmacist Led Warfarin Clinic in GP Practice Developed Antimicrobial prescribing APP KeyQuality Improvement Activities for next period Awarded contract for SBRI FAST phase 2 and SBRI Home October 2017 Explore the potential for a technician led self-administration scheme Work with the newly appointed specialist case management pharmacists regarding appropriate assessment of patients ability to self-administer in intermediate care Review of extended working hours and weekend working to reduce inequalities. Management of change proposal prepared and out for consultation Improve communication between pharmacy staff regarding patients medicines for example add a function on writemed to refer patients for medrec and to communicate when one stop dispensing completed Develop links with GP Federation Pharmacists Explore potential of using HS21 prescriptions in Acute at Home Setting Pilot medication review kit (ARK)	
		Baseline 2016 – 72% Reports to be provided every six months through the Regional Optimisation and Innovation	
		Programme Steering Group	
		24	

Uns	scheduled Care (Including	Delaye	d Discha	arges)										
-	Unscheduled	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	і ІМРАСТ	ING ON	PERFORM	VANCE								A&E 4 Hours Target Antrim
2	Care	Demand	l is contir	nuing to r	ise on th	ne Trusť s	acute sit	tes, with	4% more	e ED atter	ndances i	n Antrim	in 2017/18 to		
MEM	By March 2018,	date cor	npared to	o the pre	vious ye	ar, and a	7% rise i	n over-75	5s. In Cau	useway tl	ne overal	l number	of attendances	100%	Ant 16/17 - Ant 17/18 - Target 16/17
2	95% of patients	has incre	eased by	1% and t	the numb	ber of eld	lerly pati	ents by 2	%. This i	ncreased	through	out and fi	ailty of patients		
	attending any	adds pre	essure to	the Trus	t's acute	hospitals	s and inci	reases th	e challer	nge of me	eting uns	scheduled	l care		
	type 1, 2 or 3	perform	ance targ	gets.										90%	
	emergency												mand. The Trust		
	department are	is planni	ng to dev	velop mo	re inpati	ent beds	on the A	ntrim sit	e (pendi	ng capita	I funding	with a n	ew ward block	80%	
	either treated	and Wor	men and	Children	's Centre	e, and it is	s unlikely	that uns	chedule	d care tai	rgets can	be met b	efore this	OU 70	
	and discharged		•	ty is in pl											
	home, or					ie frame								70%	
	admitted,	The Trus	st is conti	inuing to	impleme	ent a sign	ificant re	form of	unsched	uled care	as part o	f its RAM	P programme.		
	within four				-	orkstrear									
	hours of their								ng furthe	er develo	pment of	ambulat	ory pathways and	60%	
	arrival in the					ite Care A									
	department					ite mana	gement	model in	Antrim H	Hospital p	providing	d management of	50%		
	(CPD 4.4)	flow	/ through	nout the s	site						50 /0	AMJJASONDJEM			
		• Stre	amlining	discharg	ge proces	ses and p	olanning,	includin	g the dev	velopmer		A WIJJASUN DJFWI			
		and	reviewin	ng the MI	OT plann	ing proce	sses curr	rently in t	use						
											te assessment				
						•			•		orkforce				
				•			eating ad	ditional	capacity	and main	itaining fl	ow throu	gh the Trust's		
				ver the v											A&E 4 Hours Target Causeway
						-		•		ntrim Hos	spital dur	ing 2017/	18 to increase		
			•			ent Unit	and Disc	harge Lo	unge.					100%	
				CT ON PE			بمبداء ماسم		T						
													duled care likely that	000/	
		unsched								•	Jeus mea	ris it is ur	likely that	90%	
			ED < 4h	-				ilai capa		place.				1	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov TOPM	80%	
		63%	74%	79%	71%	68%	79%	75%	74%	67%	58%	61%	E0%	00 /0	
		0370	7470	7570	/1/0	0070	7570	7570	7470	0770	5070	01/0	59%		
		Antrim	Total A	ttendanc	es								<u> </u>	70%	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov		
		6761	6701	6257	7423	7251	7905	7313	7106	7151	6860	7180	7073	0.00/	a a a a
		Causev	 way ED <	4hrs	I	1	I	I	I	I	I	I		60%	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov TOPM		Ť
		61%	62%	63%	72%	71%	69%	67%	65%	67%	66%	67%	68%	50%	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
		Causev	way Tota	l Attenda	ances	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			A M J J A S O N D J F M
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	11	
		3457	3458	3202	3910	4006	4049	3805	4204	3865	3609	3719	3421		
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

۷	Unscheduled	CAUSES			TING ON	PERFOR	MANCE									Antrim ED > 12 Hours
MEM	Care	As per 4					_								400	Ant 16/17 Ant 17/18 Target 17/18
Ī	By March 2018, no patient	ACTION				E FRAM	E								400	
2	attending any	As per 4 FORECA														
	emergency	As per 4				AINCE									300 -	
	department	As per 4	nour tai	gei												
	should wait	Antrim	ED > 12	Hours												
	longer than 12	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	TOPM	200	
	hours.	270	339	87	152	163	38	25	79	158	325	268	257			
	(CPD 4.4)															
		-	-		er (Hour	-	1			1		r			100 -	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov			
		42	41	28	29	26	43	22	23	51	34	32	30			
		Causey	vav ED >	12 Hou	rs										0 +	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ		A M J J A S O N D J F M Causeway ED > 12 Hours
		4	162	71	15	23	0	3	10	0	30	26	44	1.1		Causeway LD > 12 Hours
														\mathbf{V}	200	
					/aiter (Ho											
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov			•
		25	30	30	21	26	11	19	19	12	28	22	34			Λ
															100 —	
															0 +	• · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
																A M J J A S O N D J F M

~	Unscheduled	CAUSES													Antrim ED treatment < 2 hrs of triage
MEM	Care By March 2018,												ck frequently er. The Trust's	90%	Ant 16/17Ant 17/18
Σ	at least 80% of												patient flow;		
	patients to have commenced												on the Antrim sit	e. 80%	
	treatment,	ACTIONS	-												
	following triage,					m progra	amme wi	ll be addı	ressing th	ne whole	system i	ssues im	pacting on	70%	
	within 2 hours. (CPD 4.5)	patient f	low (see	CPD 4.4)											
	(CFD 4.5)	FORECAS		T ON PF	RFORMA	NCF								60%	
		Targets a					dequate	inpatien	t bed cap	oacity is i	n place o	n the An	trim site.		
														50%	
		-		nent < 2 h		-		Γ.		1.					A M J J A S O N D J F M
		Dec 78%	Jan 80%	Feb 85%	Mar 84%	Apr 77%	May 77%	Jun 75%	Jul 76%	Aug 76%	Sept 68%	Oct 73%	Nov TOPN		Causeway ED treatment < 2 hrs of triage
		/8%	80%	85%	84%	////0	//%	/5%	70%	70%	08%	/3%		100%	
		Antrim	ED treat	tment < 2	hrs of t	riage				1					
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov TOPN	^Л 90%	
		77%	83%	84%	74%	71%	74%	72%	73%	70%	57%	62%	61%		
		Causew	vay ED tr	eatment	< 2 hrs o	of triage								80%	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov TOPN		
		83%	87%	82%	91%	88%	81%	79%	79%	85%	86%	89%	90%	70%	
													<u></u>		
														60%	
	Llin	Townstin	مد ما: ۵۰ مدا				o Turrat d				dia agentia		re reliant on		A M J J A S O N D J F M Trust Hip fracture % transferred < 2 nights
MEM	Hip Fractures	transfers											re reliant on		
μ	By March								-8					100%	Cum <48 hrs 16/17
2	, 2018, 95% of	April 201												10070	
	patients,	April 201	.7 – Octo	ber 2017	': Hip frac	tures – 2	24 patien	ts transfe	erred, 2 ł	nip fractu	ires in No	ovember	17	80%	
	where	Hin fra	cture % t	ransferr	ed < 2 ni	ohts								7	
	clinically	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	60%	┽┤┠┼╿┝┼╢╞╌┲┓┨╿╢┠╌┨╞╌╌┤┠╌╌┦┠╴╴
	appropriate,	50%	100%	50%	100%	75%	100%	100%	50%	60%	100%	-	50%		
	wait no longer than 48 hours													40%	┽┤╫╏┼┤╫╏┝┤╫╏╫╬╌╢╏╫╟╌╢┼╢╴╢╴╢╴╢╴
	for inpatient														
	treatment for													20%	┽┤╫╏┼┤╫╏┝┤╫╏╫┝┤╏╎╢┝┤╏┼╝┼╝┝┤╟╴╢
	hip fractures.														
	(CPD 4.6)													0%	
															A M J J A S O N D J F M

\mathbf{O}	Patient	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON I	PERFORM	IANCE								Trust Complex discharges < 48 hours
)cc	Discharge	There w	ere 63 de	elayed di	scharges	across th	e 2 hospi	tal sites	during N	ovember	2017. TI	he increa	sing num	ber of	100% Monthly 16/17 Monthly 17/18 Target 17/18
S/	By March				complexi			0 0							
MEM/SCS	2018, ensure												es. 12 de		
/s	that 90% of												ub-acute		
Σ	complex												mber can		
Ē	discharges												g to sourc ctor provi		
Σ	from an acute	• •			•	•	•				•		placeme		
	hospital take	planning		eu waitii	ig ioi ste	p-uowii (Jonninum	ty beus.	A LOLAI U	i / uelay	swelete	lating to	placeme	III	
	place within	During N	,	r 2017 lo		emand o	FD and	subseau	ently acu	te hed h:	acad carv	ices have	nlaced		
	48 hours	significa											- placeu		
	(CPD 7.6)	-				-	-		inter oc						
	(CPD 7.0)							e-assessr	nents by	nursing	and resid	ential ho	mes has	been	
		highlight				•			•	U					
											ges of ca				Antrim Complex discharges < 48 hours
													gement. /		40.0%
					group ha	s been co	onvened t	to agree	an actior	n plan tha	at will res	ult in inc	reased ca	apacity	100% Ant 16/17 -Ant 17/18 -Target 17/18
		through		•											
		FORECA			-	-									
		Domicili	-				-					-	-		90%
		slow pro				,		•	•		0		capacity		
		assessed								-	-				
													g require		
													d. Howev	,	80%
		small nu													
		situation													
		admissic	on assess	ment fro	m a resic	lential or	nursing h	nome.							700/
		Trust C	Complex	discharg	es < 48 h	ours									
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ	Causeway Complex discharges < 48 hours
		81%	87%	89%	90%	89%	88%	86%	86%	83%	77%	80%	85%		
		Antrin	Comple	v discho	rges < 48	hours									
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ	90%
		84%	89%	88%	92%	87%	87%	85%	89%	83%	76%	77%	82%		
		0470	0370	0070	5270	0770	0770	0370	0570	0370	7076	///0	0270	\uparrow	80%
				I				1	1		I				
		Causev	way Com	plex disc	harges <	48 hours	;								70%
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ	
		76%	85%	84%	86%	93%	86%	91%	79%	88%	74%	87%	93%		\mathbf{V}
															60%
															A M J J A S O N D J F M

C	Patient		•	IMPACT												т	rust Nu	mber	of Con	plex	Dischar	ges >	7 Day	S	
\tilde{c}	Discharge						greater t									Trust De	sch >7 da	ys 16/1	7 💳	Trust	Dsch >7	/ days	17/18	🔶 Ta	rget 17/18
S/	By March				•		It of acute	e assessr	nent and	care pla	nning pro	ocesses;	1 delays wa	as the	40										-
S	2018, ensure			ioice and			- 4 ! 4								35										
/3	that no								nt plannli	ng and ar	rangeme	ent and 2	delays wer	re	30										
Σ	complex	caused V	valt on a	suitable	commun	ity step c	lown bed	•																	
MEM/SCS/CC	discharge			TAKEN W											25										
Σ	takes more						ternative	is availa	hle and a	should be	a usad as	a tomno	rary		20 -										
	than seven	arrangei		igency be	us as a s		lemative				e useu as	atempe	iaiy		15 -								_		
	days	0		he Mana	ging Choi	ice for Di	scharge fi	om Inpa	atient Be	ds Protoc	ol is imp	lemente	d in a timel	v	10 -		, I H								
	(CPD 7.6)			e the num				ommpe				lemente		,	5 -										
	(CPD 7.0)					,																			
		FORECA	ST IMPA	CT ON PE	RFORM	ANCE										A M	J	J	A	s	0	N	D	J	F M
		Placeme	nts: Wh	ere there	is a dete	erminatio	n that the	ere is the	e likeliho	od of per	manent	care beir	g required,	,	,	•	n Month	-						-	
		discharg	e to a co	mmunity	bed for	the decis	ion to be	made ou	utside the	e acute se	etting is _l	oromote	d. Howeve	r, for a							•		-		
													ce user. In		100% -	Ant I	Osch<7 d	ays 16/	17 🔶	– Ant [Osch <7	days 1	17/18 -	🔶 Tai	get 17/18
									ge within	n the 48 l	hour peri	iod whils	t waiting a	pre-	10070	•									
		admissio	on assess	ment fro	m a resid	lential or	nursing h	iome.																	
			1	of Comple		arges > 7							· · · ·		95% -				_		/		\checkmark		
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct		ТОРМ			· 🔨	•		-					•
		13	7	6	13	3	9	15	11	21	32	26	25			*				$\left\langle \cdot \right\rangle$					
														•	90% -					\rightarrow					
		Antrin	Monthl	v Positio	n % Com	nlov Dicc	harges <	7 days																	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ											
		94%	96%	95%	94%	99%	97%	96%	94%	94%	90%	92%	93%		85% -										
		5170	50/0	5570	5170	5570	5770	5070	5 170	5170	5070	5270	5570	T		A M	ΛJ	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D	J	F M
																Causew	ay Mon	thly Po	osition	% Co	mplex	Disch	arges	< 7 day	/s
		Cause	way Mon	thly Posi	tion % C	omplex D	Discharge	s < 7 day	/S						_		ch-7 day	e 16/1	7		och ~7 (tave 1	7/19	- Tar	get 17/18
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ	100%		ciici uay	510/11			5011 <7 (Jaysi	//10	- Iai	ger 1//10
		98%	96%	97%	93%	100%	98%	97%	99%	97%	95%	97%	99%					*				*			
																•					*		\frown		•
															050/		*					1		-	\sim
															95% ·						/				
																				X					*
															90 % ·						¥				
															85%						,				
																AI	VI J	J	Α	S	0	N	D	J	F M
•		•													•										

	Patient	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON I	PERFORM	IANCE								Trust % Non-complex discharges < 6 hrs	
/WCF	Discharge										ng for a c				Trust Monthly 16/17 Trust Monthly 17/18 - Target 13	/18
₹	By March	the Belfa	ast Trust.	The rem	ainder ar	re related	l to a ran	ge of issu	ies incluc	ding wait	ing for m	edicines	or transp	port.		+
	2018, ensure	ACTION	S BEING .	TAKEN W		E FRAME										
MEM/SCS,	that all non- complex										often be r			ir		
S	discharges	inpatien	t bed wh	ile waitin	ig, so tha	t the dela	ay does n	ot impac	t on the	overall fl	ow of the	e hospital				
Ľ	from an acute	FORECA	ST IMPA	CT ON PE		ANCE										
Σ	hospital take	Under re	eview.													
	place within		· • •												90%	
	six hours.	Dec	Jan	mplex di Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ		
	(CPD 7.6)	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	94%	95%	93%			
														\checkmark	85% + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	м
															Ant % Non-complex discharges < 6 hrs	
		Ant %	Non-com	nplex disc	charges <	6 hrs									Ant Monthly 16/17 - Ant Monthly 17/18 - Ant Target 1	7/18
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ		-
		94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	100%	95%	94%	94%	93%	1		
		Cau %	Non-con	plex disc	charges <	6 hrs									95%	-
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ		
		98%	97%	98%	97%	97%	97%	95%	96%	96%	95%	96%	94%	\mathbf{V}	90% -	
															90%	
															85%	
															A M J J A S O N D J F	М
															Cau % Non-complex discharges < 6 hrs	
															Cau Monthly 16/17 🔶 Cau Monthly 17/18 🔶 Cau Target 17	/18
																-
																-
															95%	
															90% -	
															85%	
															A M J J A S O N D J F	М
Me	ental Health and L	earning [Disabilit	y												

	Mental Health	CAUSES / ISSUES IMPACTING ON PERFORMANCE	Mental Health number waiting > 9 wks
MHLD	Waits	Impact on performance is down to a number of variables	50 ┐
Ξ	By March	1. Reduction in choice appointment slots in AOS pathway by 1slot / WTE practitioner/week since service	45
Σ	2018, no	development day last November based on practitioners concerns regarding pressure of workload – this has had	
	patient waits	an accumulative impact over time and is a reduction in available slots for assessment = 378 per year.	40
	longer than	 Lost slots due to vacancies and time lag in filling posts = 285 Additional capacity gained from 'borrowing' from other service areas (Carrick 1 & Dual Diagnosis Co- 	35
	nine weeks to	ordinator), extra slots offered by staff and overtime undertaken by some staff = 132	30
	access adult	= 531 choice appointment slots lost in total to CAS which equals 27% lost capacity since November 2016	25
	mental health	ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME	
	services	1. Overtime being offered	20
	(CPD 4.13)	2. Borrowing of capacity from other service areas to continue	15
	()	Backfill for WTE on Benzo project – recruited and soon to start.	
		4. Continue to monitor waiting times closely and to implement CAPA approach by offering 'choice'	
		appointments to service users	
		5. Administration assistance has been provided to support effective access system management and extra	
		waiting list clinics will be run in January 2018.	A M J J A S O N D J F M
		FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE	
		Continue to anticipate any potential breaches.	
		Waiting list initiative to be taken forward asap.	
		Mental Health number waiting > 9 wks	
		Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM	
0	Dementia	CAUSES / ISSUES IMPACTING ON PERFORMANCE	Dementia number waiting > 9 wks
MHLD	Waits	Target continues to be met.	3]
I	By March	ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME	
Σ	2018, no	Continue to work with the team to reduce waiting times.	
	patient waits	FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE	
	longer than;	Continue to meet the target and anticipate any potential breaches.	
	nine weeks to		2
	access	Dementia patients waiting > 9 wks	
	dementia	Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM	
	services		
	(CPD 4.13)		┛│ 1 ┼───────────────────────────────────
			A M J J A S O N D J F M

MHLD	Psychological Waits By March 2018, no patient waits longer than 13 weeks to access psychological therapies (any age). (CPD 4.13)	 CAUSES / ISSUES IMPACTING ON PERFORMANCE Breaches of the performance target are evident at the end of October across 3 areas within psychology services. Performance is being impacted in the main by LD and Clinical Health Psychology services. Learning Disability (adult and children) – The service has 41 breaches of a total WL of 140 with longest wait of 193 days. This is slight improvement on October position. Skill mix is being implemented to enhance performance within the service. When all posts are filled capacity typically matches demand. ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME On-going engagement with referring agents re other models of provision during periods of reduced capacity within the service. Skill mix may assist with this changing capacity. FORECAST IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE It is likely that the service will be out of breach by end of March 2018 if all vacant posts are filled. PTS (Psychology of MH) – End of November position is 4 breaches (longest wait 99 days) with total WL of 454 - this is similar to the position over recent months. Delay in following up choice appointment (assessment) with partnership appointment (therapy) may be a concern if capacity gap is not addressed. Recruitment to vacant posts is underway – it is likely posts will be filled by December 2017. Health Psychology – There is 30 breaches in Health Psychology of a total waiting list of 176- the longest wait is 114 days. Due to staff having moved from the service the WL is likely to grow over coming months while recruitment proceeds. The post has been offered and it is hoped the applicant will be in post by Jan 2018 and reduction in WL will be evidenced. Psychological Therapies number waiting > 13 wks 	Psychological Therapies number waiting > 13 wks No pat > 13 wks 16/17 No pat > 13 wks 17/18 Target 17/18 Target
MHLD	Patient Discharge – LD From April 2017, ensure that 99% of all learning disability discharges take place within seven days of the patient being assessed as	Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov TOPM 115 82 68 57 62 91 71 59 33 42 64 71 V CAUSES / ISSUES IMPACTING ON PERFORMANCE 1 patients discharged during November, 0 over 28 days. ACTIONS BEING TAKEN WITH TIME FRAME There are a number of delayed discharge patients with very complex needs and each time one of these patients is discharged the monthly target will be breached.	% Learning Disability discharges < 7 days Monthly < 7dy 16/17 Monthly < 7dy 17/18 Target 17/18 90% 70% 50% A M J J A S O N D J F M

	medically fit																	Le	arning	Disabil	ity dis	charg	ges >28	8 days			
	for discharge,														3 -		Dsc	ch >28	days 1	6/17 🗖	Dsc	h >28	days 17	/18 -	🔶 Tar	get 17/	18 —
	with no																						•			•	
	discharge	% Lear	ning Disa	bility dis	scharges	< 7 davs																					
	taking more	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	TOPM	_												
	than 28 days. (CPD 5.5)	100%	100%	100%	100%	86%	100%	50%	33%	100%	80%	100%	100%	\leftrightarrow	2 -												
	(0 0.0)	% Cum	ulative L	earning	Disability	l / dischare	ges < 7 da	avs						• •													
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	TOPM													
		84%	85%	86%	86%	86%	92%	77%	74%	79%	79%	82%	82%	\leftrightarrow	1 -												
		Learnin	ng Disabi		narges >2	8 days	1	r	r	1	1	1	1		0 -									.	.	.	
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ	Ŭ	A	м	Ĵ	Ĵ	A	S	0	N	D	J	F	M
		0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	\leftrightarrow													
	Patient	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON I	PERFORM	ANCE			I	l	1	1					%	Ment	al Healt	h dis	charg	es < 7	days			
MHLD	Discharge –	76 patier	nts discha	arged du	iring Nov	ember, 0	> 7days.										- Mor	nthlv <	7dy 16/	7	⊐Mon	thly < 7	7dy 17/18	8 –	— Taro	et 17/18	8
I	мн	ACTIONS					-								10							,		-			_
Σ	From April	Continue	e to moni	tor all pa	atients to	ensure b	breaches	do not o	ccur.								┝┼┼	+ + -			┥┥┥						4
	2017, ensure																										
	that 99% of all	% Men	tal Healt	h discha	arges < 7	days																					
	mental health	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	TOPM													
	discharges	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	97%	100%	100%	\leftrightarrow	9	5% -					$\left \right $	$\left \right $					
	take place	9/ Cum	ulativo N	lontal H	ealth dis	charges a																					
	within seven	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ													
	days of the	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	99%	99%														
	patient being										2370			\leftrightarrow													
	assessed as														i 01)% ₽											
	45565564 45														30	J70 T	Α	м		JA	ˈ s	່ວ	' N	D		- '	M

	medically fit	Menta	l Health	discharge	es > 28 da	ays										Mental Health discharges > 28 days
	for discharge,	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	TOPM	4	, ,
	with no	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0			□ Dsch >28 days 16/17 □ Dsch >28 days 17/18 → Target 17/18
	discharge													\leftrightarrow		
	taking more															
	than 28 days															
	(CPD 5.5)															
	(CFD 5.5)														2	
															0	
															_	AM JJASON DJFM
Wo	mens, Childrens a	and Fami	lies Serv	vices											J	
	Children in			IMPACT	ING ON F	PERFORM	IANCE								1	
WCF	Care			vides a De				s (DSF) r	eport in	May and	Novemb	er which	outlines	all the		
\leq	By March	data req	uested b	y the Dep	partment	in relation	on Service	es provid	ed by th	e Trust th	rough Sa	afeguard	ng, LAC,			
	2018, ensure			ion and R												
	that the	•		s during t	•				•				•			
	proportion of			rting is no			ermine th	ose plac	ement n	noves that	it were ir	n cases w	here the	child		
	children in			for more			CF			California			C	-l		
	care for 12			ta has be eased to										aren.		
	months or			just those				time the	ie weie	190 hiau		oves aci	JSS all			
	longer with no	•		provided a			•	hanges i	nvolving	long terr	n placem	ents are	uncomm	non and		
	placement			ken wher				- 0	- 0	- 0						
	change is at	ACTION	S BEING	TAKEN V	ИТН ТІМ	E FRAM	Ē									
	least 85%.			ooked aft												
	(CPD 1.7)			lex cases												
	(01 0 1.7)		-	arers acr	oss the g	eographi	c region,	with par	ticular sk	ills and i	n suppor	t of the f	ull age ra	ange of		
		children														
				CT ON PE											-	
				h no place	1		Sont	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	ТОРМ	-	
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept 83% - to		NOV	Dec	Jan	reb	iviar	-		
							0370-10	Sept 10								
		Informa	tion to b	e availab	le from a	innual O	C2 Return	1							1	

11	Children in	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON F	PERFORM	IANCE																			
WCF	Care	In the pe	eriod Apr	il 2017 to	o end Sep	tember 2	2017 ther	e were 5	Adoptic	n Orders	granted	. Of these	e 3 were													
3	By March	complet	ed within	the 3 ye	ear target	. The oth	er two, a	lthough	outside t	he 3 yea	r target,	were bot	h Kinship)												
	2018, ensure a											anted in S														
	three year					-		•	-	-	-	ourt time														
	time frame											months														
	••••••			-		ounger s	iblings ar	e born w	ithin the	time fra	me whicl	h impacts	on the f	inal												
	(from date of	order fo		0																						
	last																									
	admission) for				-							sues are a	-													
	90% of	service e	endeavou	rs to rev	iew cases	s with the	Judiciar	y to ensu	re timely	/ comple	tion of th	ne adopti	on proce	ess.												
	children who							201		201	C /4 7			TOPM												
	are adopted	a/ al :						201	5/16	201	6/17	YIDS	ept 17													
	from care.	% Chii		•	m care w ering care	•	ears of	52	2%	6	0%	60	0%	\leftrightarrow												
	(CPD 1.7)			last ente	ang care																					
Н	CAMHs Waits	CAUSES	/ ISSUES	IMPACT	ING ON F	ERFORM	IANCE										CAI	VHS N	umbe	er Pat	tients	waitin	1g > 9 \	Neeks		
C	By March	Perform	ance targ	et has be	een consi	stently n	net since	August 2	2015 and	no furth	ier breac	hes are a	nticipate	ed												
WCF	2018, no														20		No pa	>9 wks	16/17		🗆 No pa	at >9 w	ks 17/18	-	arget 1	//18
	patient waits	ACTION			-										20											
	longer than 9	On-going	g close m	anageme	ent of ref	errals an	d allocati	ons ensu	res that	the num	ber of br	eaches re	emains at	t zero.												
	weeks to														15											
	Access child	FORECA	ST IMPA	CT ON PE	RFORMA	NCE									10											
	and																									
	adolescent	CARALI	C. N.L				1								10											
	mental health	Dec	Jan	Feb	t s waitin g Mar		1	lun	Jul	A.u.a	Cont	Oct	Nov	ТОРМ												
	services.	0	0	0	1	Apr 0	May 0	Jun 0	0 0	Aug 0	Sept 0	0	Nov 0													
		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\leftrightarrow	5											
	(CPD 4.13)		1	1	1					1	1	1	1													
																									_	
															0	I <u>▲</u> -	.	* •	* •	* •		* •	* • •			
																Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N I	D 1	F	М

Со	mmunity Care									
ш	Direct	CAUSES / ISSUES IMPACT	ING ON PERFORM	ANCE						Number of Direct Payments
Ū	Payments By	Feedback from service use	ers would indicate	that the Co	ommunity Care	lient grou	up find the proce	ess of		
NC	March 2018,	employment and financia	l accountability dif	ficult.						800 - Qtr Position 16/17 C Qtr Position 17/18 - Target 17/18
	secure a 10%	ACTION TAKEN & TIMESC				♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦				
	increase in the	All SW staff have attended								
I	number of	requirements of process t	o facilitate inform	ed discussion	ons with service	users cor	isidering uptake	of direct		
Σ	direct	payments. FORECAST IMPACT ON PE								
5	payments to	It is anticipated that there		owth in this	sector					
1 U	all service	it is anticipated that there	e will be modest gi		3 300001.					
-	users.	Number of Direct Paym	ents							
	(CPD 5.2)	Jan Feb Mar	Jan Feb	Mar	Apr May	Jun	Jul Aug	Sept	TOPM	650 + 6
	(0) = 0)=)	693	708							
		000	/00		746		778		Τ	
		708 direct payments Marc	ch 17 (Baseline) 20	17/18 targ	et 779					Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4

CC/MHLD/WCF	Self Directed Su By March 2018, al will be offered the any eligible needs	Il service user e choice to ac	cess direct																		
/ɔɔ	New Target Awaiting guidance	e on target m	onitoring.																		
	Carers'	CAUSES / IS		CTING ON	PERFORM	IANCE										Nu	mber of Ca	arers Ass	essments		
CC/MHLD/WCF	Assessments	Carers decl	ining assess	ments.																	
3	By March	ACTION TA														Position 16	5/17	Position	17/18 -	Target 17/18	5
\mathbf{b}	2018, secure a	Training ha				ompletion	n of Care	rs Assess	ments.					1400	Т						
	10%	Community		-	-	s on prom	noting Ca	rer's asse	essments	and und	lertake ti	hese where		4000							
I	increase in the	carers are v				201 0101						inclusion million		1200	Ť						
S	number of													1000	1						
S	carers'		of Carers As	sessments										1000			Ĭ			•	
	assessments	Oct	Nov De	: Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept 1	ТОРМ	800	+						
	offered to	1	1230		855			1054			1267										
	carers for all													600	+		_				
	service users.	3653 Asses	sments offe	red 2016/1	7 (baselin	e) 2017/	18 target	: 4019 an	nually, q	uarterly	= 1005										
	(CPD 6.1)													400							
															Qt	r 1	Qtr 2		Qtr 3	Qtr 4	

ш	Short Break	Community Care Directo	orate			Trust Number of Short Break Hours
C/MHLD/WCF	Hours	-	TING ON PERFORMANCE			250000 _ CTUST Position 16/17 CTUST Position 17/18 Trust Target 17/18
3	By March	Eldercare:			, and	
	2018, secure a	The uptake of short brea	aks is seasonal with peak de	mand in the summer mon	ths i.e. 2 nd quarter.	240000
	5% increase in	ACTIONS BEING TAKEN				
H	the number of	ACTIONS DEING TAKEN				
2	community	FORECAST IMPACT ON F	PERFORMANCE			220000
5	based short	It is anticipated that the	target will continue to be a	chieved during the next qu	larter.	
Ŭ	break hours		-			210000
	(i.e. non-	Trust Number of Short	Break Hours			200000
	residential	Oct Nov Dec	Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun	Jul Aug Sept TOPM	
	respite)	180013	222803	218018	236092	190000
	received by	(Jul – Sept)	(Oct – Dec)	(Jan – Mar)	(Jul – Sept)	
	adults across	874552 hours provided 2	2016/17 (Baseline) 2017/18	target 918280 annually, 2	29570 quarterly.	
	all					170000
	programmes		torate Number of Short B	1 1		
	of care.	Oct Nov Dec		Apr May Jun	Jul Aug Sept TOPM	A Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4
	(CPD 6.2)	56917	59920	57772	65959	
		(Jul – Sept)	(Oct – Dec)	(Jan – Mar)	(Jul – Sept)	
		2017/18 target 243098 a	annually, 60775 quarterly.			
		Mental Health Directo	rate Number of Short Brea	k Hours		
		Oct Nov Dec	Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun	Jul Aug Sept TOPM	1
		163008	162883	160246	170133	
		(Jul – Sept)	(Oct – Dec)	(Jan – Mar)	(Jul – Sept)	
		2017/18 target 675182 a	annually, 168796 quarterly			

CC/MHLD/WCF	Short Break Hours By March 2018, secure a 5% increase (based on 2016/17 figures) in the number of short break hours (i.e. non-residential respite) received by young carers (CPD 6.3) New Target for 17/18. Awaiting guidance on target monitoring.	
CC/MHLD/WCF	 Unocini Assessments By March 2018, secure a 10% increase in the number of Understanding the Needs of Children in Northern Ireland (UNOCINI) assessments provided to young carers (against the 2016/17 figures) (CPD 6.4) New Target for 17/18. Due to regional reporting issues, this information is currently unavailable. 	

3.0 Quality Standards & Performance Targets 3.2 DoH Indicators of Performance 17/18

Area	Indicator	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Alcohol-related Admissions	A14. Reduction in the rate of alcohol-related admissions to hospital within the Acute Programme of Care.	154	140	154	133	190	190	178	196	174	166	201	160
Looked after Children	A19. Proportion of looked after children who have experienced more than two placement changes. (Source is OC2)			2% (10 c	of 458) Sc	ource of ir	formation	n annual (OC2 repo	orted up to	o Sept 16		
Adoption	A20. Length of time for best interest decision to be reached in the adoption process.						1 year 4	months					
Lost School Days	A21. Number of school-age children in care for 12 months or longer who have missed 25 or more school days by placement type.												
Personal Education Plan	A22. Proportion of looked after children of school age who have been in care for 12 months or longer with a Personal Education Plan (PEP)	8	31% (289	children	of 355 at	school) S	Source of	informatio	on annua	l OC2 rep	orted up	to Sept 1	6
Care Leavers	A23. Percentage of care leavers (aged 16 – 18) in education, training and employment by placement type.	100%	100%	88%	97%	85%	82%	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Care Leavers	A24. The percentage of care leavers at age 18, 19 & 20 years in education, training or employment.	74%	72%	77%	76%	81%	79%	76%	78%	77%	76%	78%	78%
Self Harm	A26. Number of ED repeat presentations due to deliberate self harm. (prior to April 2016 New and Unplanned Review)	171	192	154	201	184	184	216	181	176	167	210	
Unplanned	A28. Reduce the number of unplanned admissions to hospital by 5% for adults with specified long-term conditions	254	288	212	237	246	223	225	222	199	209	231	195

Desired Outcom	e 2: People using health and	social care serv	rices are safe	from avoi	idable ha	arm									
Area	India	cator		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Νον
Returning ED	B5: Number of emergency admissions returning within	Seven days		3.3%	3.5%	3.2%	3.2%	4.1%	3.0%	3.1%	3.1%	3.2%	3.4%		
Admissions	seven days and within 8-30 days of discharge	8-30 days		4.6%	3.8%	3.8%	4.3%	4.5%	4.2%	3.7%	4.8%	4.6%	3.9%		
Causes of	B6: Clinical causes of emergency readmissions (as a percentage of all readmissions) for i) infections	Infections		21.1%	18.9%	14.2%	12.6%	14.5%	12.3%	11.2%	9.4%	10.3%	12.8%	10.8%	8.3%
Emergency Readms	ses of ergency dms readmissions) for i) infections (primarily; pneumonia, bronchitis, urinary tract infection, skin infection); and ii) Long-term conditions (COPD, asthma, diabetes, dementia, epilepsy, CHF) hissions for B7: Number of emergency re	Long Term Cor	ditions	12.7%	11.5%	9.2%	8.9%	9.8%	9.0%	10.4%	10.0%	7.9%	8.6%	10.1%	8.8%
Admissions for Venous Thromboembolism	B7: Number of emergency read venous thromboembolism.	missions with a d	iagnosis of	8	9	7	7	7	6	2	6	6	4	6	
	B8: Number and proportion of emergency admissions and	Admissions	Without LTC	4		2									
Emergency	readmissions for people aged 0-64 and 65+, (i) with and (ii)	Admissions	With LTC	1		1									
Admissions & Readmissions	without a recorded long term condition, in which medicines		Without LTC	0		0									
	the primary or contributing factor	Readmissions	With LTC	0		0									

Area	Indi	cator		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Attendances At ED	D4. Number of GP Referrals to Emer	rgency Departments		2189	2373	2471	2318	2520	2441	2571	2455	2295	2488	2517	2640
	(Antrim, Causeway, Mid Ulster)		Antrim	3.4%	4.3%	3.2%	2.9%	3.6%	3.2%	3.8%	3.3%	3.9%	2.6%	3.0%	3.6%
Attendances	D8. Percentage of new &	0-30 mins	Causeway	2.5%	4.6%	3.3%	3.5%	3.8%	3.2%	2.7%	3.0%	2.9%	2.5%	2.8%	4.3%
At ED	unplanned review attendances at ED by time band (<30mins,	0-00 mins	Mid Ulster	47.7%	45.4%	44.8%	44.2%	41.7%	40.7%	46.8%	47.0%	35.8%	51.6%	40.9%	51.1%
	30 mins -1 hr, $1-2$ hours etc.)		Antrim	8.5%	10.4%	9.6%	9.1%	9.6%	10.0%	10.2%	9.5%	10.3%	6.7%	7.3%	7.7%
	before being treated and	>30 min –1 hr	Causeway	9.1%	11.2%	9.2%	12.8%	12.9%	9.6%	9.7%	8.5%	8.7%	10.6%	11.7%	12.5%
	discharged or admitted		Mid Ulster	42.7%	46.7%	37.3%	41.5%	44.7%	43.8%	41.8%	38.8%	41.3%	39.0%	43.7%	39.5%
			Antrim	19.0%	20.9%	20.8%	19.4%	18.9%	21.7%	20.7%	21.2%	19.8%	16.1%	17.3%	15.4%
		>1 hr – 2 hrs	Causeway	20.8%	19.0%	18.6%	24.2%	22.5%	21.6%	21.4%	21.2%	22.4%	22.4%	23.4%	23.0%
			Mid Ulster	9.4%	7.9%	15.7%	13.6%	12.2%	14.8%	11.2%	13.2%	21.4%	8.9%	14.8%	9.1%
			Antrim	17.5%	18.8%	22.1%	18.8%	17.5%	21.3%	20.3%	19.1%	17.4%	16.3%	16.9%	15.6%
		>2 hrs – 3 hrs	Causeway	15.4%	14.4%	16.3%	17.0%	17.3%	17.2%	16.9%	16.2%	18.7%	16.7%	15.5%	15.6%
			Mid Ulster	0.2%	-	1.9%	0.7%	1.4%	0.7%	0.2%	1.0%	1.3%	0.5%	0.6%	0.3%
			Antrim	15.0%	19.5%	23.7%	20.6%	18.5%	22.6%	20.3%	20.4%	15.8%	16.4%	16.5%	17.3%
		>3 hrs – 4 hrs	Causeway	13.5%	13.1%	15.7%	14.2%	14.8%	17.4%	16.0%	16.1%	14.7%	13.7%	13.9%	13.0%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	0.3%	-	-	-	-	-	0.1%	-	-	-
			Antrim	14.5%	11.2%	11.4%	15.4%	16.3%	13.0%	15.3%	15.8%	15.6%	17.1%	16.8%	19.0%
		>4 hrs – 6 hrs	Causeway	15.7%	13.6%	16.3%	14.8%		16.3%	17.1%	17.3%	16.7%	15.1%	14.8%	13.7%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	8.8%	4.7%	4.8%	7.0%	7.8%	5.2%	6.4%	6.2%	8.7%	11.1%	10.0%	10.0%
		>6 hrs – 8 hrs	Causeway	10.4%	8.4%	9.6%	6.9%	8.2%	8.9%	10.0%	9.4%	8.7%	9.2%	8.6%	8.4%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	5.1%	2.7%	1.8%	3.0%	3.1%	1.8%	2.0%	2.0%	3.7%	5.8%	5.3%	5.0%
		>8 hrs –10 hrs	Causeway	6.5%	5.2%	5.2%	3.4%	3.3%	3.9%	3.8%	5.0%	4.3%	5.1%	4.3%	4.5%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	4.3%	2.5%	1.1%	1.9%	2.5%	0.8%	0.8%	1.4%	2.5%	3.2%	3.1%	2.8%
		>10 hrs –12 hrs	Causeway	5.8%	5.9%	3.5%	2.8%	2.4%	1.9%	2.4%	3.2%	3.0%	3.8%	4.4%	3.6%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	0.7%	0.5%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.5%	1.2%	0.9%	0.7%
		>12 hrs –14 hrs	Causeway	-	0.5%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	-	-	0.0%	-	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	0.7%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%	1.0%	0.9%	0.8%
		>14 hrs –16 hrs	Causeway	-	0.6%	0.2%	0.1%	-	-	0.1%	0.1%	-	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	0.7%	0.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%	0.9%	0.8%	0.4%
		>16 hrs –18 hrs	Causeway	-	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	-	-	0.0%	-	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Antrim	1.9%	3.4%	0.6%	0.9%	0.9%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	0.9%	1.7%	1.2%	1.7%
		>18 hrs	Causeway	0.1%	2.7%	1.5%	0.2%	0.3%	-	-	0.1%	-	0.5%	0.2%	0.6%
			Mid Ulster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Area	Indica	ator		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Dec
Attendances	D9. Total time spent in	ANT ED – Me	edian	03:07	02:45	02:44	03:00	03:02	02:43	02:44	02:50	02:54	03:34	03:21	03:28
At ED	Emergency departments, including the median, 95 th	ANT ED – Ma	aximum	42:27	40:41	28:35	29:32	26:47	43:56	22:44	23:20	25:48	34:23	32:39	30:28
	percentile and single longest time	ANT ED – 95	th Percentile	11:47	12:18	07:31	09:05	09:50	06:59	07:12	07:47	09:43	11:58	11:16	10:55
	spent by patients in the department, for admitted and non-	CAU ED – Me	edian	03:09	03:04	03:09	02:29	02:35	02:53	02:58	03:05	02:52	02:50	02:47	02:36
	admitted patients.	CAU ED – Ma	aximum	25:49	30:19	51:20	21:36	26:11	11:57	19:35	19:35	12:00	27:58	22:49	34:05
		CAU ED - 95	^h Percentile	10:18	11:57	10:19	08:46	08:34	08:13	08:36	09:00	08:56	09:49	10:01	09:58
Attendances	D10 a. Number & percentage of	Antrim	Number	4,579	4,793	4,506	4,940	4,896	5,209	5362	5176	5079	4623	4956	4579
At ED	attendances at emergency departments triaged (initial	Anum	%	80%	85%	86%	80%	82%	81%	86%	86%	84%	77%	81%	75%
	assessment) within 15 minutes	Causeway	Number	2,483	2,363	2,118	3,039	3,019	3,182	3028	3178	3015	2658	2632	2450
		Causeway	%	72%	68%	66%	78%	75%	79%	81%	77%	79%	75%	72%	75%
Attendances	D10 b (i). Time from arrival to		Median	6	6	5	6	7	6	7	7	6	7	7	7
At ED	triage (initial assessment) for ambulance arrivals at emergency	Antrim	95 th Percentile	20	17	17	19	20	18	18	17	19	22	21	22
	department		Maximum	52	58	134	47	64	69	62	70	39	81	70	75
			Median	10	8	9	7	7	8	9	9	9	10	11	10
		Causeway	95 th Percentile	29	29	26	25	23	27	29	29	27	31	36	33
			Maximum	54	57	47	148	44	46	72	69	73	61	97	82
Attendances	D10 b (ii). Time from arrival to		Median	8	7	8	8	8	8	9	9	8	9	9	10
At ED	triage (initial assessment) for all arrivals at emergency department.	Antrim	95 th Percentile	25	23	21	26	24	23	21	21	22	27	25	28
			Maximum	170	178	134	243	165	185	122	79	183	468	370	219
			Median	11	11	11	9	10	9	7	7	9	10	10	9
		Causeway	95 th Percentile	29	35	36	28	27	28	25	27	26	30	32	30
			Maximum	108	132	114	148	83	60	84	164	82	81	97	82
Attendances	D10 c. Time from triage (initial		Median	58	45	48	60	72	64	69	66	66	99	85	88
At ED	assessment) to start of treatment in emergency departments.	Antrim	95 th Percentile	651	541	407	387	442	490	246	239	304	342	381	325
			Maximum	249	191	186	217	232	227	424	669	759	762	639	634
			Median	40	27	44	27	31	38	43	48	43	39	35	33
		Causeway	95 th Percentile	217	201	198	155	182	225	223	237	194	188	157	162
			Maximum	639	1765	510	695	499	1159	482	486	481	405	2632 72% 7 21 70 11 36 97 9 25 370 10 32 97 85 381 639 35	422

Area	Indie	cator		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Attendances	D11. Percentage of patients		Antrim	0.5%	0.6%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%
At ED	triaged at levels 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the Manchester Triage scale	Immediate	Causeway	0.3%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%
	at Type 1 or 2 Emergency		Antrim	14.4%	15.0%	14.4%	15.7%	14.1%	14.2%	14.9%	15.7%	14.7%	16.2%	16.3%	17.7%
	Departments	Very Urgent	Causeway	17.5%	16.3%	18.7%	17.3%	16.4%	16.8%	18.0%	17.1%	19.6%	17.6%	16.2%	16.7%
			Antrim	46.3%	43.7%	43.9%	41.5%	41.2%	39.5%	39.9%	38.8%	38.6%	41.7%	41.6%	41.3%
		Urgent	Causeway	52.2%	50.8%	48.9%	48.7%	48.0%	45.5%	48.8%	46.8%	45.8%	48.6%	49.0%	46.4%
			Antrim	30.8%	38.0%	39.0%	40.2%	30.6%	28.8%	28.6%	28.6%	29.0%	28.0%	26.3%	25.0%
		Standard	Causeway	25.6%	25.8%	26.8%	28.9%	29.5%	34.0%	29.8%	32.4%	31.1%	29.8%	30.7%	28.8%
			Antrim	2.1%	1.9%	2.0%	1.7%	1.5%	1.6%	1.3%	1.5%	1.4%	1.1%	0.7%	1.1%
		Non Urgent	Causeway	2.2%	2.8%	1.8%	2.4%	2.5%	2.1%	1.7%	2.3%	2.1%	2.0%	2.0%	1.8%
Attendances	D12. Time waited in		Median	04:33	02:25	01:46	02:17	02:57	01:20	01:27	01:51	02:26	03:26	03:56	03:03
At ED	emergency departments between decision to admit and	Antrim	95 th percentile	16:57	23:00	09:04	11:58	12:48	06:30	06:20	08:32	11:48	15:06	13:07	15:39
	admission including the		Maximum	38:30	36:10	25:08	29:01	21:41	20:01	18:08	20:33	23:18	26:27	29:52	26:39
	median, 95 th percentile and single longest time.		Median	02:13	03:14	02:05	02:05	02:04	01:44	02:03	02:18	02:05	02:25	03:05	02:40
		Causeway	95 th percentile	08:12	17:23	11:09	07:37	07:11	06:08	06:44	07:20	06:46	08:02	07:57	09:21
			Maximum	19:01	27:00	24:20	19:40	23:49	10:58	12:01	16:46	10:19	22:44	18:51	25:07
Attendances At ED	D13. Percentage of people who I before their treatment is complete		ency department	2.8%	2.2%	2.1%	2.0%	2.6%	2.2%	3.0%	4.1%	3.5%	4.5%	3.9%	3.8%
Attendances At ED	D14. Percentage of unplanned re-attendances at emergency	Antrim		3.3%	2.4%	2.6%	3.0%	3.4%	3.3%	3.1%	3.3%	3.8%	3.6%	3.4%	4.5%
	departments within 7 days of original attendance.	Causeway		5.3%	6.6%	6.0%	5.8%	6.5%	3.9%	4.1%	5.0%	4.4%	4.3%	3.5%	5.6%
Stroke LOS	D15. Average length of stay for s	troke patients		11.5	13.9	16.4	14.6	15.2	14.2	15.2	10.0	17.1	13.1	11.4	6.0
OP Referrals	D16. Number of GP and other re outpatient services. (previously o			7545	9050	8576	10089	7882	9653	9504	7818	9081	8780	9236	8773
Diagnostic Tests	D17 (i). Percentage of routine dia 2 weeks of the test being underta	aken.		89%	91%	91%	69%	87%	98%	94%	82%	75%	65%	94%	
	D17 (ii). Percentage of routine di 4 weeks of the test being underta		ported on within	99%	99%	99%	92%	99%	99%	99%	96%	92%	91%	99%	

Area	Indi	cator	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Specialist Drug Therapies	D18. Number of patients waiting longer than 3 months to commence NICE approved	Arthritis	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	specialist therapies for rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis or psoriasis	Psoriasis	0	0	1	3	3	3	3	3	1	0	0	
Intervention Rates	D21. Percentage reduction in int caesarean sections) benchmarke UK and Ireland and percentage of section	ed against comparable units in		<u>.</u>			Data Va	alidated a	nnually b	y HSCB				

	e 5: People, including those wit ad at home or in a homely settir	n disabilities or long term condit ig in the community.	ions, or	who are	frail, are	support	ed to rec	over fro	m perioc	ls of ill h	ealth and	d are abl	e to live	
Area	Indi	cator	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
		(i) passed to re-ablement	196	278	207	162	214	240	271	191	230	190	246	
Reablement	E1. Number of client referrals	(ii) started on a re-ablement	79	68	109	118	103	112	108	90	100	80	95	
Readiement		(iii) discharged from re- ablement with no further care required.	26	34	30	36	33	33	47	24	24	20	26	

Desired outcome their own health	e 6: People who provide unpa and well-being	id care are supp	orted to look afte	r their ow	n health	and we	llbeing, i	ncluding	to redu	ce any n	egative i	mpact o	f their ca	ring role	on
Area	In	dicator		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
			Family & Child Care			0			1			8			•
		Children	Children w Disabilities			34			24			25			
	F1. Number of carers		CAMHS			0			0			0			
Carers	assessments offered, by	Older People	;			344			646			821			
Assessments	Programme of Care.	Mental Healt	h			157			212			212			
		Learning Dis	ability			25			22			10			
		Physical Dis Sensory Imp				63			148			191			
		Other (Hospi	tal SW POC1)			3			1			0			
Short Breaks	F2. Number of short break he Adult Short Breaks Activity Re		orted in HSCB		(389618 Jan – Ma		(366323 (Apr – Jui		(521765 (Jul – Aug			

Area	Indio	cator		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
		(i) Number of new & revie cancelled by the hospital					Infor	mation pr	esented in	n Section	3.0 (CPE	Ū	•		
Outpatients Appointments	G1. New and Review	(ii) Rate of new & review cancelled by the	New	6.9%	8.6%	9.9%	9.3%	12.4%	7.9%	8.5%	10.9%	8.0%	8.1%	8.0%	8.8%
Cancelled by Hospital	outpatient appointments cancelled by hospitals	hospital. <i>(Excludes</i> VC's attendances)	Rev	10.7%	13.6%	14.3%	13.1%	17.8%	12.7%	12.6%	14.2%	12.3%	13.1%	13.2%	12.8%
		(iii). Ratio of new to revie cancelled by the hospital (Excludes VC's Attendan		3.05	3.01	2.90	2.83	2.83	2.96	2.66	2.37	2.88	2.88	2.84	2.72
Hospital cancelled	G2. Number and percentage of hospital cancelled appointments in the acute	celled ts in the acute of care with an				1127	1175	1179	1260	1176	964	829	726	791	
appointments with an impact on the patient	programme of care with an impact on the patient.	are with an % atient. // % / & review outpatient appointments where the			5.9%	7.8%	7.4%	9.6%	8.1%	7.4%	7.7%	5.5%	4.8%	5.0%	
Outpatient DNA's	G3. Rate of new & review outpatient appointments where the batient did not attend. (Excludes VC's attendances)			7.2%	6.1%	6.1%	6.0%	6.1%	6.3%	5.9%	6.3%	5.7%	5.8%	6.1%	6.1%
OP Appointments with Procedures	G4. Number of outpatient appoin selected specialties)	patient did not attend. (Excludes VC's attendances) G4. Number of outpatient appointments with procedures (fo				Outpat	ient codir	ig current	ly on hold	until add	litional fui	nding is re	eceived	•	
Day Surgery Rates	G5. Day surgery rate for each of (Figures shown are cumulative)	a basket of elective proce	dures.	69%	70%	70%	71%	69%	70%	70%	69%	70%	70%	70%	71%
Elective Admissions	G6. Percentage of patients admit surgery on the same day as adm		eir	65%	73%	77%	70%	77%	73%	79%	74%	70%	69%	77%	68%
Pre-operative stay	G7. Elective average pre-operati	ve stay.		0.67	0.70	0.98	0.83	0.45	0.62	0.64	0.68	0.63	0.65	0.45	
Cancelled Ops	G8.Percentage of operations car	celled for non-clinical reas	ons.	3.6%	5.1%	2.8%	1.6%	2.3%	1.1%	1.7%	1.3%	2.6%	2.8%	2.6%	2.3%
Elective Admissions	G9. Elective average length of st	ay in acute programme of	care.	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.1	3.8	3.8	4.0	5.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0
Elective Admissions	G10. Percentage of excess bed of care.	Elective average length of stay in acute programme of o D. Percentage of excess bed days for the acute programme.				13.3%	13.3%	13.3%	13.0%	13.0%	13.3%	13.8%	13.1%	11.8%	13.3%
Elective Admissions	G11. Cost of a basket of 24 elec	tive procedures.						Day Su	irgery as	per Indica	ator G5				
Prescribing	G12. Level of compliance of GP the NI Medicines Formulary; and prescribing and dispensing rates.	prescribing activity for gen			on quarter complia										

3.0 Quality Standards & Performance Targets 3.3 DoH Additional Indicators of Performance not yet received for 17/18 – (16/17 Indicators used in the interim)

Desired Outcome 1: Health and social care services contribute to; reducing inequalities; ensuring that people are able to look after and improve their own health and wellbeing, and live in good health for longer.

Area	Indie	cator	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Dialysis	IBD - Crohns Patients who are re	eceiving Biologics Treatment (AI1)	153	157	159	161	166	167	177	178	181	187	191	199
Dialysis	Patients on Dialysis/ Patients rec	eiving Dialysis via a Fistula (AI2)	55	54	54	54	53	55	56	57	59	59	59	56
Diagnostic Tests	Unreported Imaging Tests	Urgent	0.44%	0.21%	0.89%	0.11%	0%	0.19%	0.01%	0.05%	0.13%	0.09%	0.08%	
	(AI4) (percentage reported)	Routine	0.03%	0.07%	0.26%	0.12%	0.03%	0%	0%	1.4%	3.4%	0.14%	0.01%	
Hearing Aids	Number of hearing aids fitted wit completed waits. (AI5)	hin 13 weeks as a percentage of	79%	82%	94%	98%	100%	98%	99%	99%	99%	98%	100%	
		(a) been subject to a formal	50%	100%	100%	100%	75%	-	0%	100%	71%	66%	75%	100%
Children	Children admitted to residential	assessment	(1 of 2)	(4 of 4)	(2 of 2)	(2 of 2)	(3 of 4)	(0 of 0)	(0 of 1)	(4 of 4)	(5 of 7)	(2 of 3)	(3 of 4)	(1 of 1)
Children	care will have, prior to their admission - (Al10)	(b) have their placement matched through Children's Resource Panel	50% (1 of 2)	100% (4 of 4)	100% (2 of 2)	50% (1 of 2)	100% (4 of 4)	- (0 of 0)	100% (1 of 1)	75% (3 of 4)	71% (5 of 7)	0% (0 of 3)	100% (4 of 4)	100% (1 of 1)
Children	Looked After Children (initial ass should be completed within 14 w child becoming looked after (AI12	orking days from the date of the	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Children	Family Support - all family suppor an initial assessment completed of the original referral being receincludes the previously required worker and 10 days to complete	within 30 wk days from the date ived. (This 30 day period 20 days to allocate to the social the Initial assessment) (AI13)	56%	100%	57%	60%	48%	45%	48%	48%	57%	68%	81%	76%
Children	Family Support – On completion requiring a family support pathwa allocated within 20 working days.	ay assessment should be	48%	48%	81%	69%	79%	74%	80%	80%	57%	53%	79%	66%
Children	Child Protection (allocation of ref referrals seen within 24 hours of		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Unallocated Cases	Unallocated Cases - All Family S must be allocated to a social wor (AI15) (unallocated > 20 days)		16	21	27	19	29	26	22	22	24	17	15	11
Children Services/ Foster Carers Data	Children Services/ Foster Carers	Data (Al16)		(1	Foster Ca 57 kinshi (Jan - Ma	ip)	(1	Foster Ca 157 kinshi (Apr - Jur	ip)	(1	Foster Ca 163 kinshi July –Sej	ip)		

Area	Indie	cator	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Children Services/ Adoption Best Interest (ARIS)	Number of Looked After Children to ARIS (Adoption Regional Infor of that Adoption Panel decision (mation System) within 4 weeks		(100% (5 of 5) Jan – Ma	r)		100% (5 of 5) (Apr – Jur	n)	(.	100% (6 of 6) July –Sep			
Resettlement	Resettle the remaining long stay appropriate places in the commu (AI22)	• • •	5	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Resettlement	Resettle the remaining long stay appropriate places in the commu (AI22)	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7 Day Follow up	Trusts should ensure that all men from hospital who are to receive community should receive a follo discharge. (Al26)	a continuing care plan in the	99%	100%	100%	100%	95%	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	99%
Bed Occupancy	Mental Health Services/MHLD B	ed Occupancy (Al27)	92%	85%	95%	92%	88%	92%	92%	97%	90%	91%	95%	90%
Acquired Brain Injury	13 week maximum waiting time f commencement of treatment. (A		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wheelchairs	Percentage of patients waiting le wheelchair (basic and specialise dependant on Belfast Trust. (Al3	d). Target achievement	65%	79%	78%	82%	78%	79%	85%	83%	84%	81%	81%	
Housing Adaptations	Percentage of patients who have installed within 16 weeks of the C appraisal. (AI33)	÷	100%	54%	80%	63%	100%	86%	94%	69%	55%	73%	90%	
Autism	Autism – Children wait < 13 weeks for assessment following referral, and a further	Assessment Number > 13 wks	503	504	481	396	342	260	228	210	265	292	344	310
Autom	13 weeks for specialised intervention. (Al35)	Intervention Number > 13 wks	11	16	10	11	23	24	11	9	25	33	30	28
Safeguarding vulnerable Adults	The number of Adult Protection F (AI39)	Referrals received by the Trust.	56	63	62	78	57	57	50	37	42	36	37	
Theatre	Theatre Utilisation and Cancellat	ion rates (AI40)	72%	75%	74%	73%	77%	75%	74%	76%	75%	77%		
Hearing Aids	Audiology Active Waits (Patients	waiting for a hearing aid) (Al43)	209	114	160	150	168	78	50	114	147	112	105	
Residential / Nursing Home	Number of clients in residential/n	ursing homes (AI47)			1	33	394 as at	31.03.20	17, 6 mo	nthly repo	ort	1	1	
Residential / Nursing Homes Monitoring	Number of Vacancies (in residen	tial/nursing homes AI48)				211 va	acancies	as at 31.()3.2017, 6	6 monthly	report			

Area	Indi	cator	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov
Statutory Homes Monitoring (Older Persons Homes only)	Number of residents in relevant date (Al49) (week commencing of start of the month)	nomes as at week commencing date is the Monday closest to the	153	170		200	182	192	191	173	181	175	179	
Continuing Care Needs		(i)) waiting longer than 5 weeksfor an assessment of need tobe completed	99%	98%	98%	99%	96%	99%	99%	97%	99%	99%	97%	
	Number of people with continuing care needs (AI56)	 (ii) waiting longer than 8 weeks, from their assessment of need, for the main components of their care needs to be met. 	97%	98%	94%	94%	96%	100%	95%	98%	97%	96%	97%	

Directorate Codes:

SCS – Surgery & Clinical Services MEM – Medicine & Emergency Medicine WCF – Women, Children & Families CC - Community Care MHLD - Mental Health & Disabilities MG - Medical Governance SDBS – Strategic Development and Business Services F – Finance

4.0 Use of Resources

4.1 Delivery of Elective Service Budget Agreements (SBA)

(CPD 7.5) By March 2018, reduce the percentage of funded activity associated with elective care service that remains undelivered.

17/18 SBA Report for Elective Inpatients, Daycases & Outpatients

		Elective In	patients			Dayc	ases		Con	nbined Elect	ive and Day	case		New Out	patients			Review O	utpatients	
Cumulative Position as at	Core expected Target / Vol	Actual Cum Activity	Variance	% Variance	Core expected Target / Vol	Actual Cum Activity	Variance	% Variance	Core expected Target / Vol	Actual Cum Activity	Variance	% Variance	Core expected Target / Vol	Actual Cum Activity	Variance	% Variance	Core expected Target / Vol	Actual Cum Activity	Variance	% Variance
28th April 2017 (4 weeks)	401	311	-90	-22%	849	777	-72	-8%	1250	1088	-162	-13%	4461	3764	-697	-16%	6921	7274	353	5%
26th May 2017 (8 weeks)	802	629	-173	-22%	1698	1665	-33	-2%	2500	2294	-206	-8%	8922	8052	-870	-10%	13842	15215	1373	10%
30th June 2017 (13 weeks)	1304	1047	-257	-20%	2759	2746	-13	0%	4063	3793	-270	-7%	14499	13893	-606	-4%	22494	25091	2598	12%
28th July 2017 (17 weeks)	1705	1331	-374	-22%	3608	3768	160	4%	5313	5099	-214	-4%	18960	17097	-1863	-10%	29415	30488	1073	4%
1st September 2017 (22 weeks)	2207	1686	-521	-24%	4669	4406	-263	-6%	6876	6092	-784	-11%	24536	23224	-1312	-5%	38066	41346	3280	9%
29th September 2017 (26 weeks)	2608	2018	-590	-23%	5518	5321	-197	-4%	8126	7339	-787	-10%	28997	28230	-767	-3%	44987	49787	4800	11%
27th October 2017 (30 weeks)	3009	2340	-669	-22%	6367	6218	-149	-2%	9376	8558	-818	-9%	33458	32304	-1154	-3%	51908	58480	6572	13%
1st December 2017 (35 weeks)	3511	2728	-783	-22%	7428	7347	-81	-1%	10939	10075	-864	-8%	39034	38799	-235	-1%	60559	68810	8251	14%

NOTES:

- The tables above excludes Endoscopy procedures in Gastro, GS & Medicine.

- Elective Inpatient activity is based on Admissions (1st FCE only)

- 2017/18 Volumes are Draft.

17/18 Elective Inpatients, Daycases & New Outpatients by Specialty where the variance is more than -10% at a cumulative position of 35 weeks (01st Dec 2017)

Specialty	Elective Inpatients	Daycases	New Outpatients	Reason for Variance	Action Being Taken
Dermatology			-20%	demand has required a focus on more complex patients and increased surgical activity, both of w hich have resulted in a	Locum cover has been secured for a small part of the consultant vacancy and a staff grade locum will be employed from October to January in the first instance. Recruitment is underw ay for the consultant post. The Trust continues to meet with HSCB regarding the ongoing vulnerability of the service.
ENT	-36%			IPDC split not agreed. Inpatient volumes mainly impacted by capping of lists due to unscheduled pressures.	Elective admissions continue to be capped due to unscheduled pressures, which will result in an ongoing reduction in inpatient volumes.
Gastroenterology	-33%	-41%		Reduction in IPDC volumes due to shift in activity to outpatients with procedure.	IPDC SBA under review .
General Surgery	-41%	-21%		IPDC SBA under discussion. Reduced volumes largely due to increased emergency and breast surgery demand and difficulties identifying patients suitable for remote sites.	Elective admissions continue to be capped due to unscheduled pressures, which will result in an ongoing reduction in inpatient volumes.
Neurology			-43%	Funding received for second consultant but it has not yet been possible to recruit to this post.	Discussions ongoing with HSCB regarding the vulnerability of this service.
Obs and Gynae (Gynaecology)	-22%	-17%		Under utilization of both Daycase and Inpatient Lists due to a number of factors which include the majority of daycase activity taking place on peripheral sites and the necessity to risk stratify the acuity of patient who can be placed on these lists. Ongoing pressures with anaesthetic cover particularly on the Causew ay Site.	Close monitoring on a w eekly basis via Qlikview to ensure timely identification of issues with under utilization of lists.
Rheumatology	-68%			Limited requirement for IP management.	
Thoracic Medicine			-15%	consistent cover from locums with a respiratory specialty.	The workforce position has improved from the early part of the year, with 94% SBA delivery in Aug-Nov. This improvement should be maintained if the workforce position remains stable through the rest of the year, if so this will result in 89% of SBA being delivered in total across the FY.
Endoscopy	-1	6%		4 w eekly GI lists not currently being delivered due to medical staffing issues. 1.5 nurse endoscopy lists not running at present due to occupational health issues.	GI specialty doctor recruited and in training, will begin delivering volumes from Apr 2018.

4.0 Use of Resources

4.2 Demand for Services (Hospital Outpatient Referrals)

NHSCT New Outpatient Demand - All Referrals to NHSCT

Monthly Referrals	Year	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
	15/16	8395	7807	9,093	8,265	7799	8,872	8,956	8,518	7023	7720	8222	8118
	16/17	8431	8168	8342	7221	7848	8405	8033	8060	6483	7843	7530	8836
	Variance on Previous Year	36	361	-751	-1044	49	-467	-923	-458	-540	123	-692	718
	% Variance on Previous Year	0%	5%	-8%	-13%	1%	-5%	-10%	-5%	-8%	2%	-8%	9%
	17/18	6782	8293	8229	6716	7849	7591	8056	7678				
	Variance on Previous Year	-1649	125	-113	-505	1	-814	23	-382				
	% Variance on Previous Year	-20%	2%	-1%	-7%	0%	-10%	0%	-5%				

С

Cumulative Referrals	Year	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
	15/16	8395	16202	25295	33560	41359	50231	59187	67705	74728	82448	90670	98788
	16/17	8431	16599	24941	32162	40010	48415	56448	64508	70991	78834	86364	95200
	Variance on Previous Year	36	397	-354	-1398	-1349	-1816	-2739	-3197	-3737	-3614	-4306	-3588
	% Variance on Previous Year	0%	2%	-1%	-4%	-3%	-4%	-5%	-5%	-5%	-4%	-5%	-4%
	17/18	6815	15075	23304	30020	37869	45460	53516	61194				
	Variance on Previous Year	-1616	-1524	-1637	-2142	-2141	-2955	-2932	-3314				
	% Variance on Previous Year	-19%	-9%	-7%	-7%	-5%	-6%	-5%	-5%				

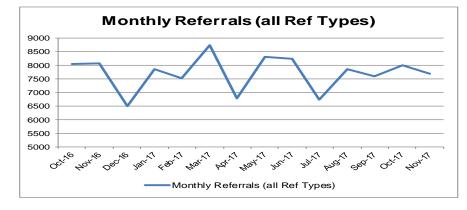
Ded Des Susses	Year	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
Red Flag Suspect Cancer Referrals	15/16	1172	1084	1,356	1,258	1143	1,456	1,572	1,403	1038	1208	1307	1305
	16/17	1318	1407	1352	1249	1345	1497	1289	1302	1160	1309	1290	1550
	Variance on Previous Year	146	323	-4	-9	202	41	-283	-101	122	101	-17	245
	% Variance on Previous Year	12%	30%	0%	-1%	18%	3%	-18%	-7%	12%	8%	-1%	19%
	17/18	1267	1501	1586	1320	1535	1499	1504	1405				
	Variance on Previous Year	-51	94	234	71	190	2	215	103				
	% Variance on Previous Year	-4%	7%	17%	6%	14%	0%	17%	8%				

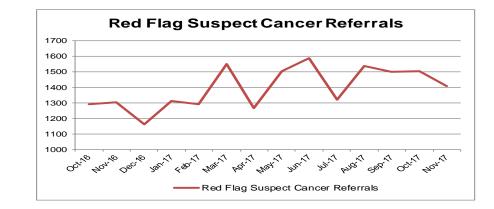
New referrals were Referral Source (R) equals 3 &5

Includes only referrals to consultant led services except for Urology where all referrals are included.

Excludes regional specialties: 620,501,130,140, 110, Paed Cardiology & Urology BHSCT. Visiting Consultants excluded

From January 16 figures obtained from Business Objects





4.3 Demand for Services (ED Attendances)

ANTRIM EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT TOTAL ATTENDANCES (New & Unplanned Review)

Year	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	TOTAL ATTS
2015/	6,355	6,633	6,590	6,440	6,443	6,580	6,684	6,469	6,335	6,405	6,374	7,117	78,425
2016/	7 6,896	7,319	6,903	6,699	6,794	6,965	7,109	6,611	6,761	6,701	6,257	7,423	82,438
2017 /	1 8 7,251	7,905	7,313	7,106	7,151	6,860	7,180	7,083					86,774

Emergency Department Demand

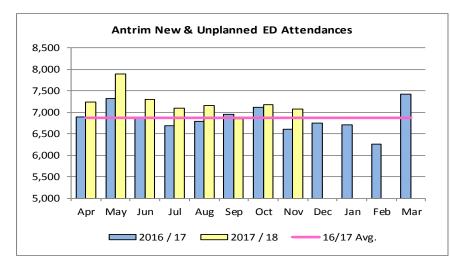
CAUSEWAY EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT TOTAL ATTENDANCES (New & Unplanned Review)

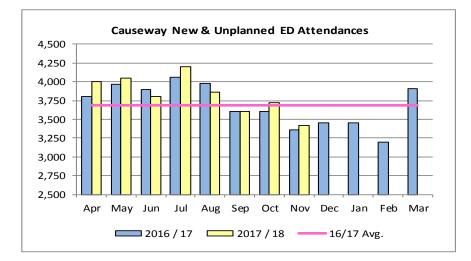
Yea	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	TOTAL ATTS
2015/	16 3,873	3,781	3,845	3,797	3,897	3,561	3,923	3,478	3,437	3,366	3,382	3,953	44,293
2016/	17 3,800	3,963	3,896	4,061	3,979	3,608	3,604	3,364	3,457	3,458	3,202	3,910	44,302
2017/	18 4,006	4,049	3,805	4,204	3,865	3,609	3,719	3,421					46,017

NHSCT TOTAL ED ATTENDANCES (New & Unplanned Review) (Antrim & Causeway Hospitals)

Year	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	TOTAL ATTS
2015/16	10,228	10,414	10,435	10,237	10,340	10,141	10,607	9,947	9,772	9,771	9,756	11,070	122,718
2016/17	10,696	11,282	10,799	10,760	10,773	10,573	10,713	9,975	10,218	10,159	9,459	11,333	126,740
2017/18	11,257	11,954	11,118	11,310	11,016	10,469	10,899	10,504					132,791

Note: Total attendances for 2017/18 is a projection figure based on 2017/18 attendances to date.





5.0 Workforce

Staff in Post, Staff Movement, Absence (CPD 8.2)

	TRUST	Women Child & Families	Med & Emerg Medicine	Surgical & Clin Services	MH, LD & CW	Community Care	Strat Dev & Bus Services	Finance	Human Resources	Medical	Nursing (Inc. Support Services)
Headcount as at 30 th Nov 17	11909	2107	1169	2311	1641	2688	180	282	116	277	1138
% Absence 1 st Apr 17 - 31 st Oct 17 (6.98% Target)	6.31%	6.36%	6.05%	6.35%	6.78%	6.38%	4.26%	4.90%	4.21%	5.18%	6.96%
Q2020 Level 1 % of Staff trained as at 30 th Nov 17 (30% Target)	25%	10%	14%	17%	25%	39%	71%	84%	51%	20%	23%
% Frontline Staff receiving flu vaccine as at 4 th Dec 17 (40% Target)	30.4%	34.1%	32.9%	36.1%	27.2%	23.2%	N/a	N/a	66.7%	38.0%	33.8%

ABSENCE

The Trust monthly percentage absence for October 2017 was 6.42%. The Trust cumulative percentage absence for the 1st April 17 - 30^{th} September 2017 period is 6.43%. This figure takes into account late recording and so has the potential to change as more absence entries are entered. Trust absence continues to remain below the 6.98% target agreed for 2017/18. During the 1st April 2017 - 31^{st} October 2017 period, 7.40 days were lost per employee due to sickness absence.

STAFF REWARD AND RECOGNITION

As part of the Trust's on-going work around the reward and recognition of our staff, during December we will host our '12 Thank-Yous of Christmas'. The 12 Thank-Yous are an opportunity through which members of our senior team can recognise the continued efforts of our staff who routinely go the extra mile for the benefit of our patients and service users. The first Thank You was launched on Friday 8th December on behalf of the Community Care Division.

INNOVATION AND QUALITY

The Trust continues to embed its culture of innovation and quality driven care, with 25% of staff having now undertaken Level 1 Quality 2020 training as at 30th November. Level 2 Quality 2020 training has now commenced with formal compliance reporting to follow in early 2018.

STAFF FLU CAMPAIGN

The Trust annual flu campaign remains underway, with over 4,000 flu vaccines having been administered to frontline and non-frontline staff since early October 2017. As at 4th December 2017, 30.4% of frontline staff have now been vaccinated and the Trust continues to work towards reaching the 17/18 target of 40%.

