

Northern Ireland House Price Index July - September 2019 (Quarter 3 2019)



Land & Property Services
Seirbhísí Talún & Maoine



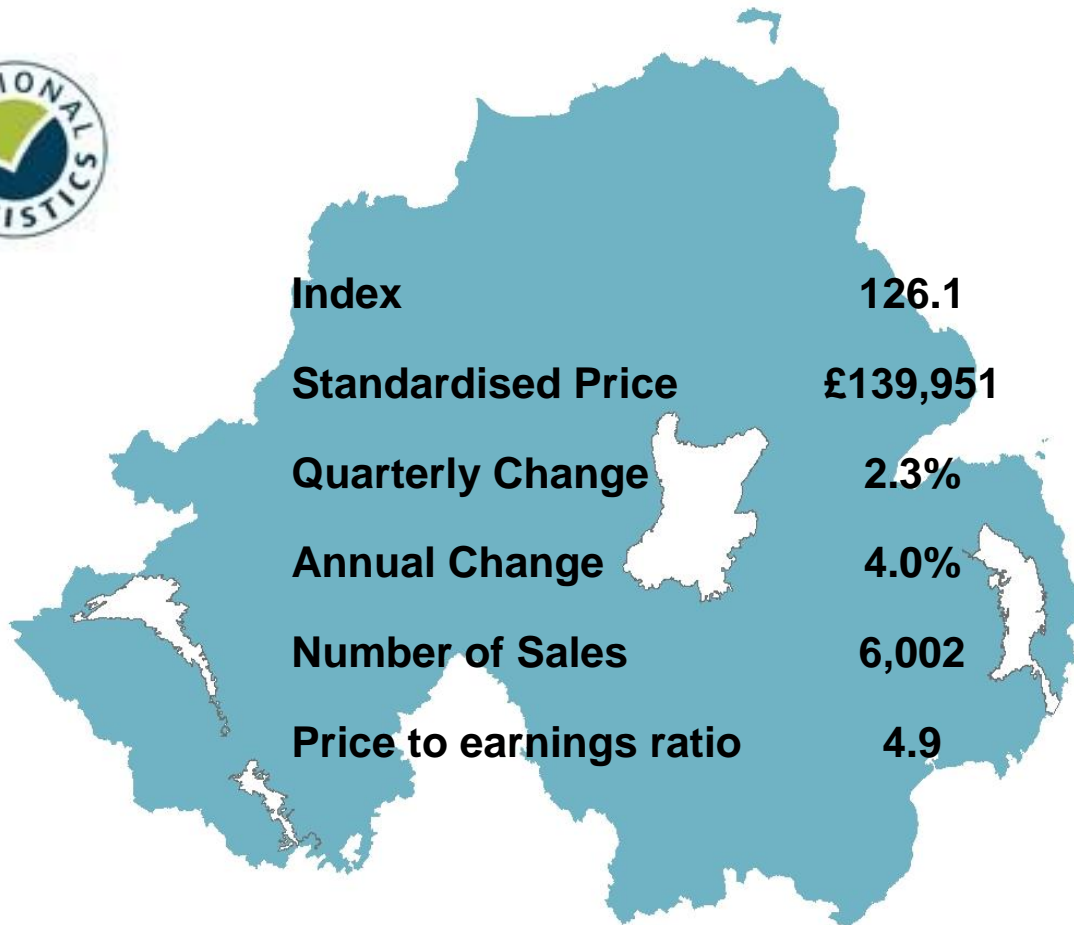
Northern Ireland
Statistics and Research Agency
Gníomhaireacht Thuaisceart Éireann
um Staitisticí agus Taighde

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<https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/articles/northern-ireland-house-price-index>

The House Price Index (HPI) is designed to provide a measure of change in the price of a standardised residential property sold in Northern Ireland. The index uses information on all verified residential property sales as recorded by HM Revenue & Customs. The NI HPI is used as the NI component in the UK HPI and statistics are comparable across regions. The index reference period¹ is Q1 2015 = 100.

Results for the most recent quarter are provisional and are subject to revision.



¹ A reference period is a quarter which is used as a benchmark for other periods, to allow calculation of inflation.

This is a National Statistics Publication

The Northern Ireland House Price Index was first awarded National Statistics status on 18th September 2018.

National Statistics status means that official statistics meet the highest standards of trustworthiness, quality and public value.

All official statistics should comply with all aspects of the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. They are awarded National Statistics status following an assessment by the Authority's regulatory arm. The Authority considers whether the statistics meet the highest standards of Code compliance, including the value they add to public decisions and debate.

It is Land & Property Services' (LPS) responsibility to maintain compliance with the standards expected of National Statistics. As a result, since being awarded National Statistics, LPS have made the following improvements:

- Published the number of sales in each £25,000 price band within Northern Ireland – this added more value by providing a more detailed breakdown of the statistics.

If LPS become concerned about whether these statistics are still meeting the appropriate standards, LPS will discuss any concerns with the Authority promptly. National Statistics status can be removed at any point when the highest standards are not maintained, and reinstated when standards are restored.

For enquiries about National Statistics, including production or achieving the standards set out by the Code of Practice for Statistics you can email the authority enquiries team (authority.enquiries@statistics.gsi.gov.uk) or phone 0845 604 1857 (Calls cost 5p per minute in addition to your phone company's access charge).

If you would like to contact the authority, please send letters to:

UK Statistics Authority
1 Drummond Gate
London
SW1V 2QQ

Introduction

This publication analyses the Northern Ireland domestic property market using residential sales recorded by HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) for Stamp Duty purposes. This includes all sales irrespective of how they are purchased, e.g. auction sales are included. Information on all sales must by law be passed to HMRC – more detail on the HMRC data is available in the Explanatory Notes: <https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/articles/northern-ireland-house-price-index>

Information on the price of new dwellings sold has been available since Q1 2016. Verified sales numbers for new dwellings for the most recent two quarters are not yet at a reliable level for reporting, so they are not included in the report.

The contents of this report will be of interest to Government, Members of the Legislative Assembly, the business community, property professionals, economic commentators, academics and members of the public interested in the property market.

This report includes eight sections:

1. Northern Ireland House Price Index;
2. House Price Index by Property Type;
3. House Price Index for New/Existing Resold Dwellings;
4. Sales Volumes;
5. Regional House Price Statistics;
6. Economic Context;
7. Detailed Statistics Content;
8. Contact Details.

1. Northern Ireland House Price Index

The overall performance of the residential property market is measured in this report using the Northern Ireland House Price Index (NI HPI). The index uses a modelling approach, to produce a standardised property price. The use of a “mix adjusted” approach controls for differences in the mix of properties sold from quarter to quarter allowing for price comparisons to be made on a like for like basis. The simple average price is not used in constructing the index as it is overly influenced by changes in the mix of properties sold each quarter (e.g. changes in the mix of locations, type or quality of property sold), (see Explanatory Notes Section 1).

<https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/articles/northern-ireland-house-price-index>

Revisions

Results for the most recent quarter are provisional and subject to revision as more up-to-date data become available (e.g. through late sales returns to HM Revenue & Customs and revisions to existing sales data). As a result, users should use the full time series from the most recent statistics report, rather than appending new data to back series from previous reports.

The table below shows the revisions to price index statistics for Q4 2018, Q1 2019 and Q2 2019 since the previous report published in August 2019.

Magnitude of Adjustments made to each index due to revisions

Sale year	Sale Quarter	NI House Price Index	Detached Price Index	Semi-Detached Price Index	Terrace Price Index	Apartment Price Index	New Dwelling Price Index	Existing Resold Dwelling Price Index
2018	Quarter 4	0.0%	-0.4%	0.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.1%	0.0%
2019	Quarter 1	-0.1%	-0.2%	-0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	-0.8%	0.0%
2019	Quarter 2	0.1%	0.1%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	1.0%	-0.1%

Revised Index values

Sale year	Sale Quarter	NI House Price Index	Detached Price Index	Semi-Detached Price Index	Terrace Price Index	Apartment Price Index	New Dwelling Price Index	Existing Resold Dwelling Price Index
2018	Quarter 4	123.3	120.6	121.0	127.7	127.7	123.9	122.8
2019	Quarter 1	122.1	119.0	121.3	125.6	124.4	124.2	121.3
2019	Quarter 2	123.4	121.5	122.1	126.3	124.7	125.4	122.6

Statistics are revised each quarter to include sales received since the last publication, namely sales of new properties which have been entered into the NI Valuation List and late sales reported to HMRC.

The process of recording property characteristics of new dwellings takes longer than for existing re-sold properties. As a result a lower number of new dwelling sales are available to calculate the initial price (index) estimate in the current quarter, than for existing re-sold sales. This leads to a more volatile series for new dwelling prices (index).

Price and index values published in previous reports can be viewed at: <https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/articles/about-northern-ireland-house-price-index>

Presentation of figures

The index number, which is based on the constant standardised price, is presented rounded to the nearest one decimal place. Quarterly and annual changes are calculated based on the unrounded index for accuracy and presented rounded to one decimal place. The index and prices are comparable over time.

For presentational purposes, most of the tables and graphs in this report cover the period from 2009 onwards. However, the complete time series from 2005 for each Index is available in the detailed statistics document on the Department of Finance (DoF) website:

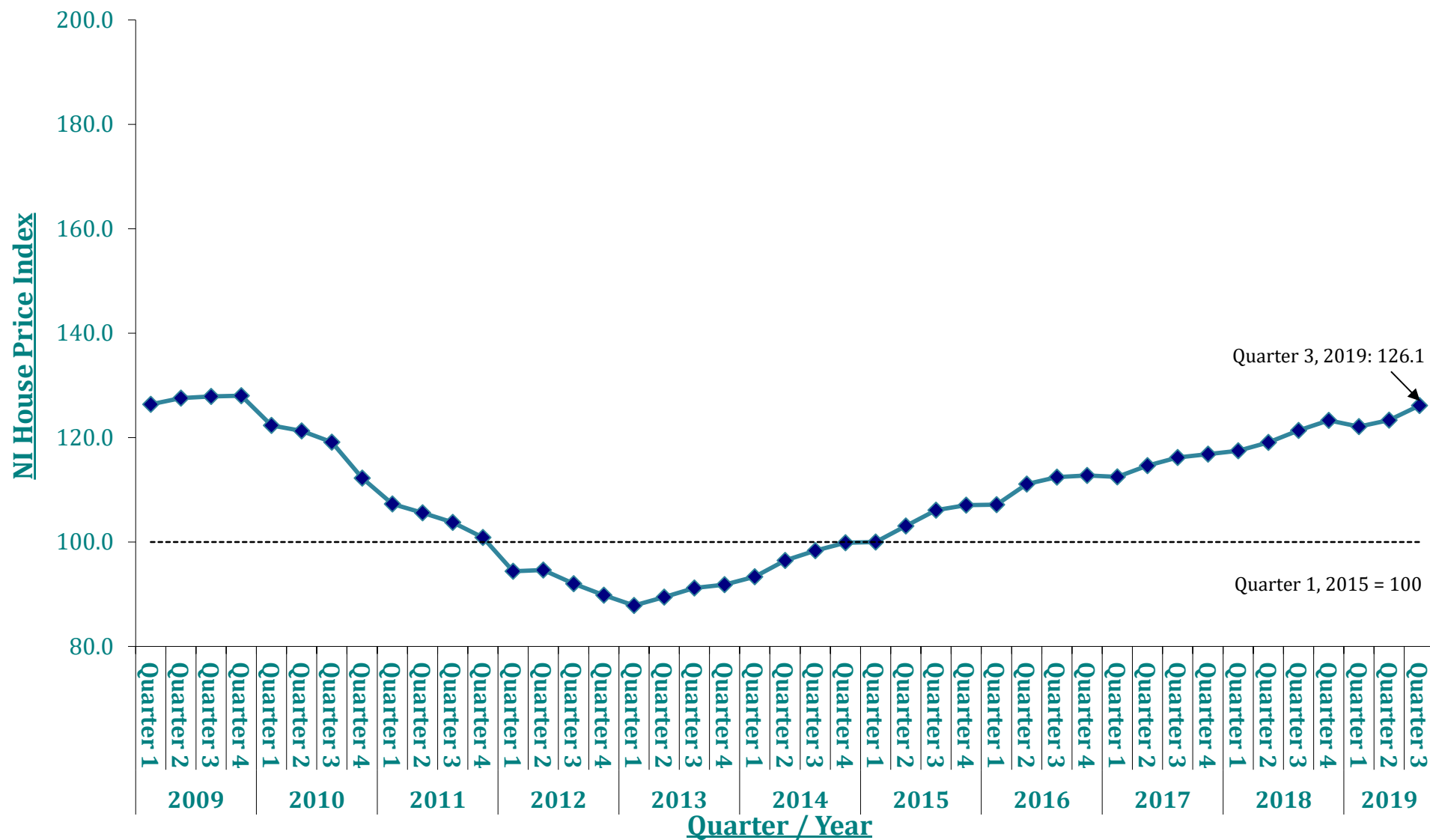
<https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/articles/northern-ireland-house-price-index>

The Explanatory Notes provide detailed information on the methodology used to produce the statistics and are available at Explanatory Notes:

<https://www.finance-ni.gov.uk/articles/northern-ireland-house-price-index>

Figure 1.1 shows the NI HPI series since January – March 2009 (Q1 2009). The reference base period is Q1 2015 and the index is set to 100 for that period.

Figure 1.1: Northern Ireland House Price Index (Q1 2009 – Q3 2019)



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NI House Price Index

The overall index showed an increase of 2.3% between the second and third quarter of 2019. Between Q3 2018 and Q3 2019 the House Price Index increased by 4.0%. The NI HPI currently stands at 126.1 in the third quarter of 2019. The index is now 26.1% higher than in the first quarter of 2015, and 25.0% higher than Q1 2005.

Price Index by Property Type

The index for all property types increased in Q3 2019 compared to the previous quarter. Apartments increased slightly (0.3%), while, terrace properties increased by 3.0%, detached properties increased by 2.9% and semi-detached increased by 1.7% over the quarter.

Price Index by Dwelling Type

The process of recording property characteristics of new dwellings takes longer than for existing re-sold properties. The majority of sales in the current quarter will have property characteristics added during the two forthcoming quarters and only when characteristics are available can the sales be used to calculate a price/index. As a result a lower number of new dwelling sales are available to calculate the initial price/index estimate in the current quarter, than for existing re-sold sales. This leads to a more volatile series for new dwelling prices/index.

The price of new dwellings sold in Q3 2019 increased by 1.1% from Q2 2019. The index stands at 126.8 in Q3 2019 which is 26.8% higher than Q1 2015 and 32.3% higher than Q1 2005. It should be noted that these figures are provisional and will be revised in the next quarter.

Table 1.1: NI House Price and Index Values

Year	Quarter	NI		Quarterly Change	Annual Change
		NI House Price Index	Standardised House Price		
2009	Quarter 1	126.4	£140,190	-8.8%	-29.3%
	Quarter 2	127.5	£141,489	0.9%	-23.9%
	Quarter 3	127.9	£141,864	0.3%	-15.6%
	Quarter 4	128.0	£141,994	0.1%	-7.7%
2010	Quarter 1	122.3	£135,701	-4.4%	-3.2%
	Quarter 2	121.3	£134,515	-0.9%	-4.9%
	Quarter 3	119.1	£132,164	-1.7%	-6.8%
	Quarter 4	112.2	£124,515	-5.8%	-12.3%
2011	Quarter 1	107.3	£119,024	-4.4%	-12.3%
	Quarter 2	105.6	£117,142	-1.6%	-12.9%
	Quarter 3	103.8	£115,108	-1.7%	-12.9%
	Quarter 4	100.8	£111,871	-2.8%	-10.2%
2012	Quarter 1	94.4	£104,712	-6.4%	-12.0%
	Quarter 2	94.6	£104,987	0.3%	-10.4%
	Quarter 3	92.0	£102,086	-2.8%	-11.3%
	Quarter 4	89.8	£99,647	-2.4%	-10.9%
2013	Quarter 1	87.8	£97,428	-2.2%	-7.0%
	Quarter 2	89.4	£99,229	1.8%	-5.5%
	Quarter 3	91.2	£101,165	2.0%	-0.9%
	Quarter 4	91.8	£101,879	0.7%	2.2%
2014	Quarter 1	93.4	£103,570	1.7%	6.3%
	Quarter 2	96.5	£107,031	3.3%	7.9%
	Quarter 3	98.4	£109,116	1.9%	7.9%
	Quarter 4	99.8	£110,750	1.5%	8.7%
2015	Quarter 1	100.0	£110,940	0.2%	7.1%
	Quarter 2	103.1	£114,340	3.1%	6.8%
	Quarter 3	106.1	£117,716	3.0%	7.9%
	Quarter 4	107.0	£118,756	0.9%	7.2%
2016	Quarter 1	107.1	£118,851	0.1%	7.1%
	Quarter 2	111.1	£123,249	3.7%	7.8%
	Quarter 3	112.4	£124,731	1.2%	6.0%
	Quarter 4	112.7	£125,059	0.3%	5.3%
2017	Quarter 1	112.5	£124,786	-0.2%	5.0%
	Quarter 2	114.6	£127,178	1.9%	3.2%
	Quarter 3	116.2	£128,878	1.3%	3.3%
	Quarter 4	116.8	£129,601	0.6%	3.6%
2018	Quarter 1	117.4	£130,292	0.5%	4.4%
	Quarter 2	119.1	£132,095	1.4%	3.9%
	Quarter 3	121.3	£134,619	1.9%	4.5%
	Quarter 4	123.3	£136,764	1.6%	5.5%
2019	Quarter 1	122.1	£135,434	-1.0%	3.9%
	Quarter 2	123.4	£136,847	1.0%	3.6%
	Quarter 3	126.1	£139,951	2.3%	4.0%

Note: Percentage change figures are calculated using unrounded figures.

[Download table](#)

2. House Price Index by Property Type

Table 2.1: NI House Price Index by Property Type

Property Type	Index (Quarter 3 2019)	Percentage Change on Previous Quarter	Percentage Change over 12 months	Standardised Price (Quarter 3 2019)
Detached	125.0	2.9%	4.8%	£210,041
Semi-Detached	124.2	1.7%	4.5%	£135,601
Terrace	130.0	3.0%	2.7%	£98,102
Apartment	125.1	0.3%	3.0%	£109,324
All	126.1	2.3%	4.0%	£139,951

(Index Q1 2015 = 100)

Note: Percentage change figures are calculated using unrounded figures.

[Download table](#)

The table shows the index and standardised price of different types of residential property for the third quarter of 2019 as compared to the second quarter of 2019 and the third quarter in 2018. This shows that the index for all property types increased over the quarter. All property types increased over the year.

The remainder of this section shows the trend since 2009 across the four property types (detached, semi-detached, terrace, apartment).

Figure 2.1: NI Detached Property Price Index (Q1 2009 – Q3 2019)

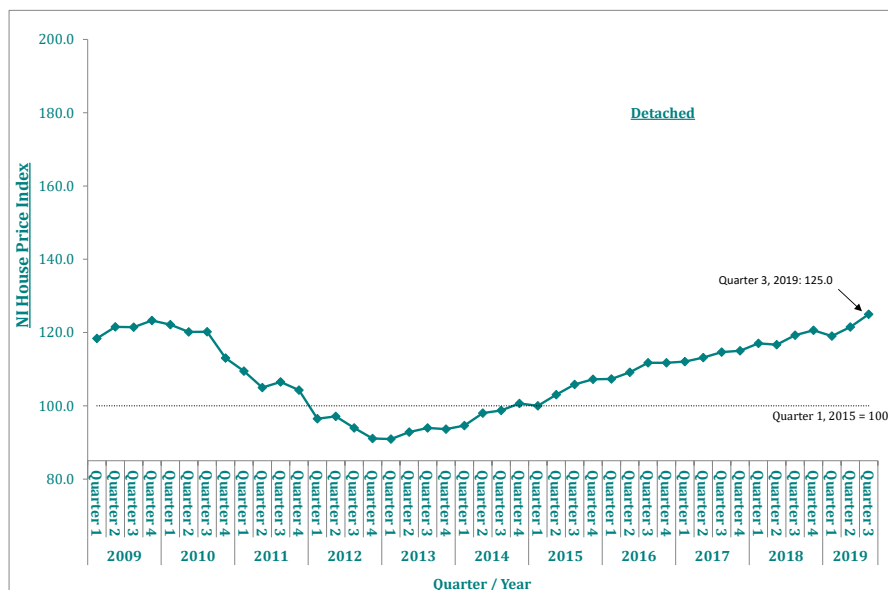


Figure 2.1 plots the index for detached properties sold in Northern Ireland.

The index for detached properties increased by 2.9% between Q2 2019 and Q3 2019 and is 4.8% higher than Q3 2018, with the index now standing at 125.0 (i.e. prices today are typically 25.0% higher than the first quarter of 2015).

[Download chart](#)

Figure 2.2: NI Semi-Detached Property Price Index (Q1 2009 – Q3 2019)

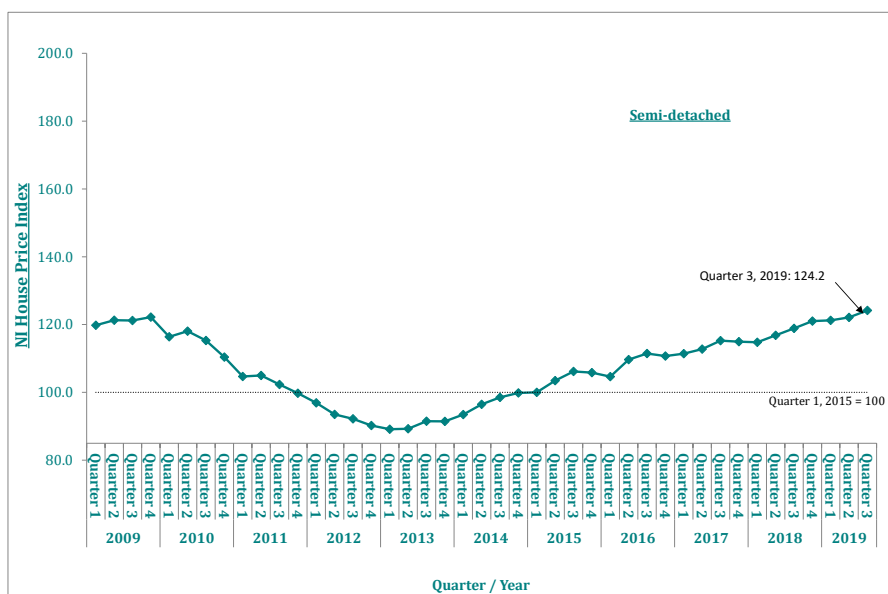


Figure 2.2 plots the index for semi-detached properties sold in Northern Ireland.

The index for semi-detached increased by 1.7% between Q2 2019 and Q3 2019 and increased by 4.5% between Q3 2018 and Q3 2019. Prices are currently 24.2% higher than the Q1 2015 level.

[Download chart](#)

Figure 2.3: NI Terrace Property Price Index (Q1 2009 – Q3 2019)

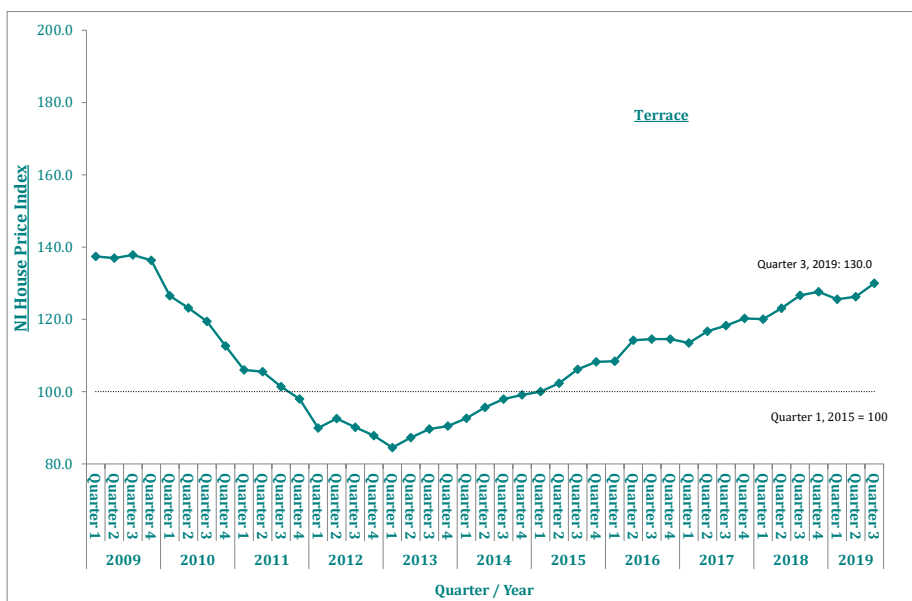


Figure 2.3 plots the index for terrace properties sold in Northern Ireland.

The index for terrace properties increased by 3.0% between Q2 2019 and Q3 2019 and increased by 2.7% between Q3 2018 and Q3 2019. It now stands at 130.0 and is 30.0% higher than Q1 2015.

[Download chart](#)

Figure 2.4: NI Apartment Price Index (Q1 2009 – Q3 2019)

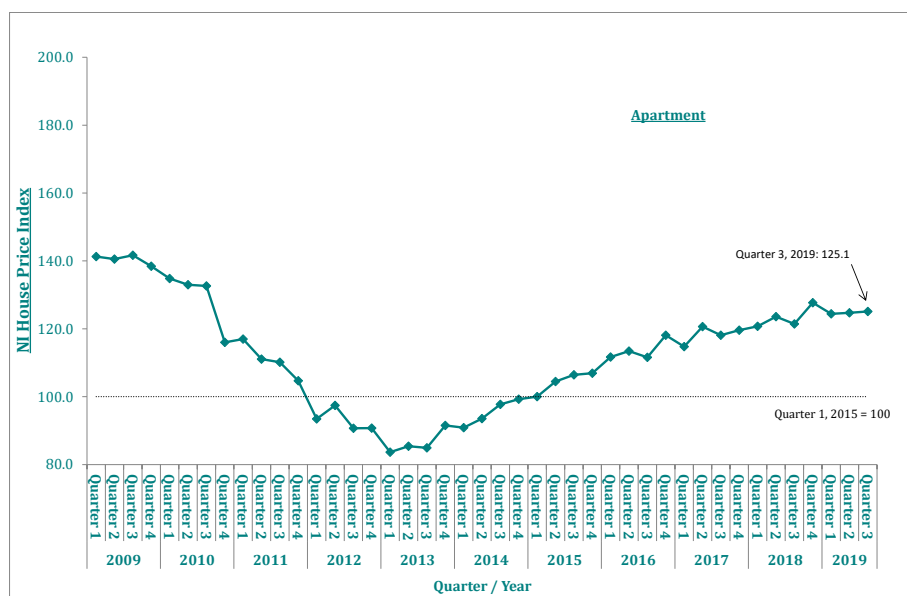


Figure 2.4 plots the index for apartments sold in Northern Ireland.

The index for apartments increased slightly by 0.3% between Q2 2019 and Q3 2019 and increased by 3.0% between Q3 2018 and Q3 2019. The index now stands at 125.1. It is 25.1% higher than Q1 2015.

[Download chart](#)

3. House Price Index for New/Existing Re-sold Dwellings

The sale of a new dwelling is defined as the first sale of a new property in the NI Valuation List. All sales which do not meet this definition are considered to be sales of existing re-sold dwellings.

The process of recording property characteristics of new dwellings takes longer than for existing re-sold properties. The majority of sales of new dwellings in the current quarter will have property characteristics added during the two forthcoming quarters and only when characteristics are available can the sales of new dwellings be used to calculate a price/index. As a result a lower number of new dwelling sales is available to calculate the initial price/index estimate in the current quarter, than for existing re-sold sales. **This leads to a more volatile series for new dwelling prices/index.**

Table 3.1: NI House Price Index for New/Existing Resold Dwellings

Dwelling Type	Index (Quarter 3 2019)	Percentage Change on Previous Quarter	Percentage Change over 12 months	Standardised Price (Quarter 3 2019)
New	126.8	1.1%	4.4%	£166,287
Existing Resold	125.6	2.5%	3.9%	£133,265
All	126.1	2.3%	4.0%	£139,951

[Download table](#)

Table 3.1 shows the price index and standardised price paid for new and existing resold dwellings in Northern Ireland in Q3 2019 compared to Q2 2019 and Q3 2018. New dwellings showed an increase of 1.1% over the quarter while existing resold dwellings showed an increase of 2.5%. The annual increase in the price of new dwellings was 4.4% while the price of existing resold dwellings increased by 3.9% since Q3 2018.

Figure 3.1: NI House Price Index for New/Existing Resold Dwellings

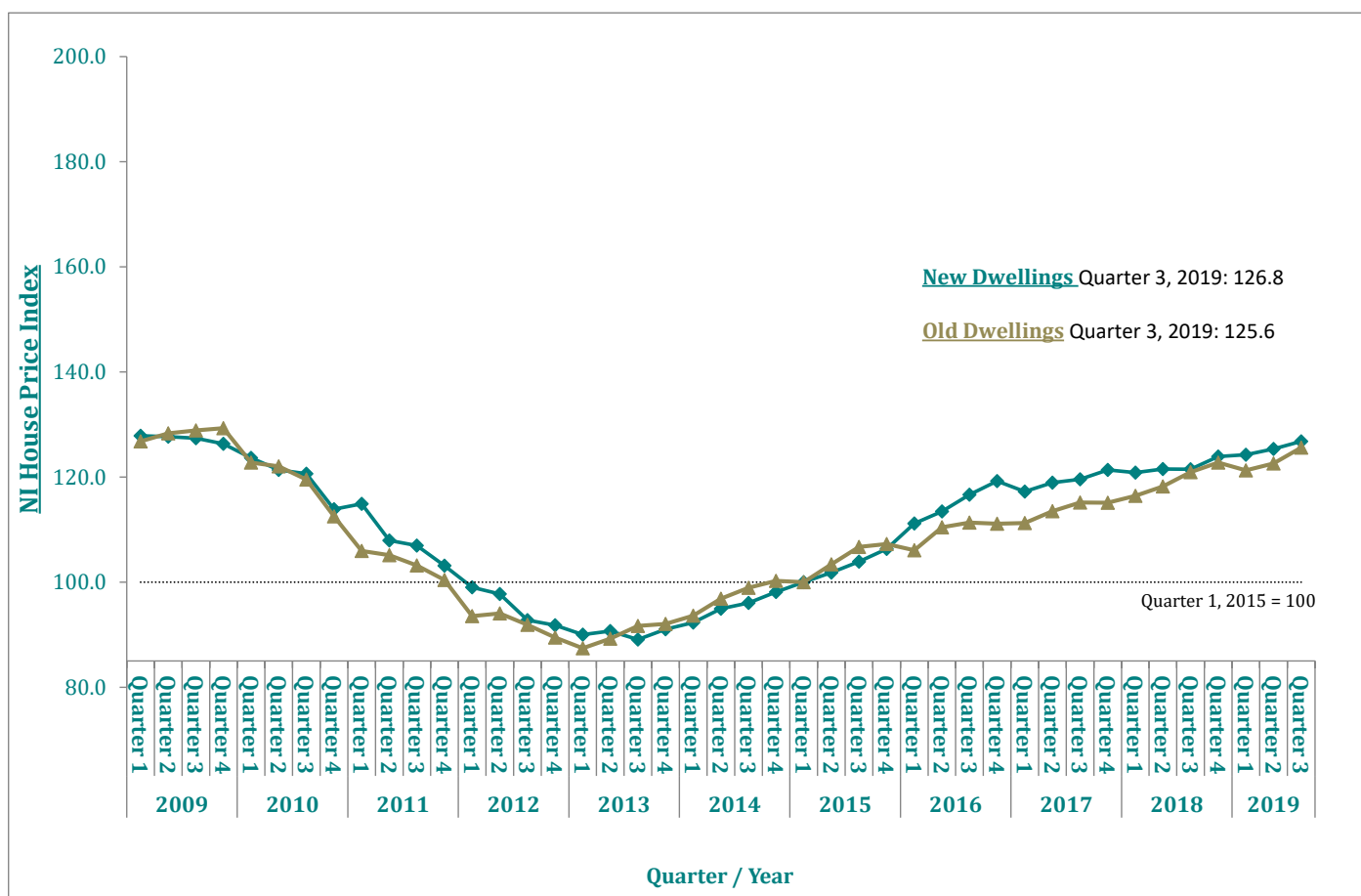


Figure 3.1 shows the price index trend for new and existing resold dwellings between Q1 2009 and Q3 2019. The price index of new dwellings rose by 93.3% from Q1 2005 to peak in Q3 2007 at 185.2, prices for pre-owned dwellings increased by 102.5% during the same period. Since the peak, prices for both dwelling types followed a downward trend until 2013. Price levels for existing resold dwellings bottomed out in Q1 2013 whereas price levels for new dwellings decreased between Q2 and Q3 2013. Prices of new dwellings increased each quarter since mid-2013 until Q4 2016.

The new dwellings index now stands at 126.8, 26.8% higher than Q1 2015 and 32.3% higher than Q1 2005. The existing resold dwellings index now stands at 125.6, 25.6% higher than Q1 2015 and 22.6% higher than Q1 2005.

Further analysis on prices of new and existing resold dwellings is available in the [detailed statistics](#).

4. Sales Volumes

Table 4.1 shows the number of verified sales of each residential property type in Northern Ireland during each quarter between Q1 2009 and Q3 2019.

Verified residential property sales are defined as sales recorded by HM Revenue & Customs which could be matched to a domestic property in the NI Valuation List.

Between 2009 and 2011 the annual number of sales was roughly 11,000. From 2012-2018, the number of sales increased each year and in 2018 there were almost 25,000 sales.

In Q3 2019, there were 6,002 verified residential property sales. **This number will be revised upwards** in the next publication due to late sales notified to HMRC and new properties being entered into the NI Valuation List.

In 2009 the single largest type of properties sold were semi-detached houses, around 35%. During 2014 the most popular choice for dwellings sold was detached (32%), however since 2015, semi-detached sales are once again the preferred choice (35%).

Apartment sales have remained steady over the period at around 8% of all sales.

Table 4.1: Number of Verified Residential Property Sales in Northern Ireland

Year	Quarter	Detached	Semi-Detached	Terrace	Apartment	Total
2009	Quarter 1	528	669	624	175	1,996
	Quarter 2	729	1,018	847	233	2,827
	Quarter 3	860	1,114	1,032	229	3,235
	Quarter 4	989	1,239	1,103	254	3,585
	2009 Total	3,106	4,040	3,606	891	11,643
2010	Quarter 1	639	796	848	221	2,504
	Quarter 2	738	924	849	185	2,696
	Quarter 3	705	906	961	134	2,706
	Quarter 4	825	844	936	209	2,814
	2010 Total	2,907	3,470	3,594	749	10,720
2011	Quarter 1	654	770	818	159	2,401
	Quarter 2	761	812	814	233	2,620
	Quarter 3	961	1,025	950	272	3,208
	Quarter 4	900	988	927	263	3,078
	2011 Total	3,276	3,595	3,509	927	11,307
2012	Quarter 1	937	971	1,017	250	3,175
	Quarter 2	901	975	990	261	3,127
	Quarter 3	1,119	1,131	1,034	274	3,558
	Quarter 4	1,177	1,147	1,179	268	3,771
	2012 Total	4,134	4,224	4,220	1,053	13,631
2013	Quarter 1	1,026	1,073	1,065	274	3,438
	Quarter 2	1,193	1,196	1,227	259	3,875
	Quarter 3	1,335	1,279	1,275	324	4,213
	Quarter 4	1,603	1,572	1,456	426	5,057
	2013 Total	5,157	5,120	5,023	1,283	16,583
2014	Quarter 1	1,482	1,408	1,379	363	4,632
	Quarter 2	1,665	1,655	1,531	413	5,264
	Quarter 3	1,743	1,742	1,572	429	5,486
	Quarter 4	1,853	1,833	1,675	491	5,852
	2014 Total	6,743	6,638	6,157	1,696	21,234
2015	Quarter 1	1,422	1,469	1,383	341	4,615
	Quarter 2	1,639	1,694	1,481	475	5,289
	Quarter 3	1,862	1,978	1,563	436	5,839
	Quarter 4	1,864	2,049	1,763	500	6,176
	2015 Total	6,787	7,190	6,190	1,752	21,919
2016	Quarter 1	1,762	1,879	1,898	616	6,155
	Quarter 2	1,522	1,711	1,321	327	4,881
	Quarter 3	1,888	2,084	1,537	463	5,972
	Quarter 4	1,888	2,072	1,653	468	6,081
	2016 Total	7,060	7,746	6,409	1,874	23,089
2017	Quarter 1	1,488	1,816	1,460	442	5,206
	Quarter 2	1,888	2,040	1,702	491	6,121
	Quarter 3	1,991	2,322	1,753	478	6,544
	Quarter 4	2,048	2,408	1,805	534	6,795
	2017 Total	7,415	8,586	6,720	1,945	24,666
2018	Quarter 1	1,620	1,894	1,517	443	5,474
	Quarter 2	1,851	2,189	1,663	490	6,193
	Quarter 3	2,049	2,245	1,780	489	6,563
	Quarter 4	2,060	2,354	1,800	542	6,756
	2018 Total	7,580	8,682	6,760	1,964	24,986
2019	Quarter 1	1,452	1,877	1,415	376	5,120
	Quarter 2	1,824	2,007	1,638	459	5,928
	Quarter 3	1,868	1,962	1,686	486	6,002

[Download table](#)

5. Regional House Price Statistics

The Northern Ireland property market trends are available at:

- eleven Local Government Districts;
- Urban – Rural classification.

Index values and standardised prices at the Local Government District level are included in this report. Data and a graphical representation of the house price index for each council, and urban and rural areas can be viewed in the [detailed statistics](#).

Table 5.1: NI HPI and standardised price by Local Government District (Quarter 3 2019)

Local Government District	Index (Quarter 3 2019)	Percentage Change on Previous Quarter	Percentage Change over 12 months	Standardised Price (Quarter 3 2019)
Antrim and Newtownabbey	125.7	3.8%	3.9%	£144,561
Ards and North Down	116.9	1.7%	2.9%	£156,858
Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon	127.3	4.9%	7.5%	£125,446
Belfast	126.4	3.2%	3.7%	£133,620
Causeway Coast and Glens	135.6	2.4%	4.2%	£146,371
Derry City and Strabane	126.9	-3.1%	0.2%	£120,110
Fermanagh and Omagh	138.4	5.3%	7.6%	£132,642
Lisburn and Castlereagh	122.8	0.8%	3.3%	£164,900
Mid and East Antrim	124.2	0.7%	0.6%	£128,546
Mid Ulster	123.1	2.0%	5.1%	£137,710
Newry, Mourne and Down	131.2	1.5%	5.3%	£147,559
Northern Ireland	126.1	2.3%	4.0%	£139,951

(Index Q1 2015 = 100)

Note: Percentage change figures are calculated using unrounded figures.

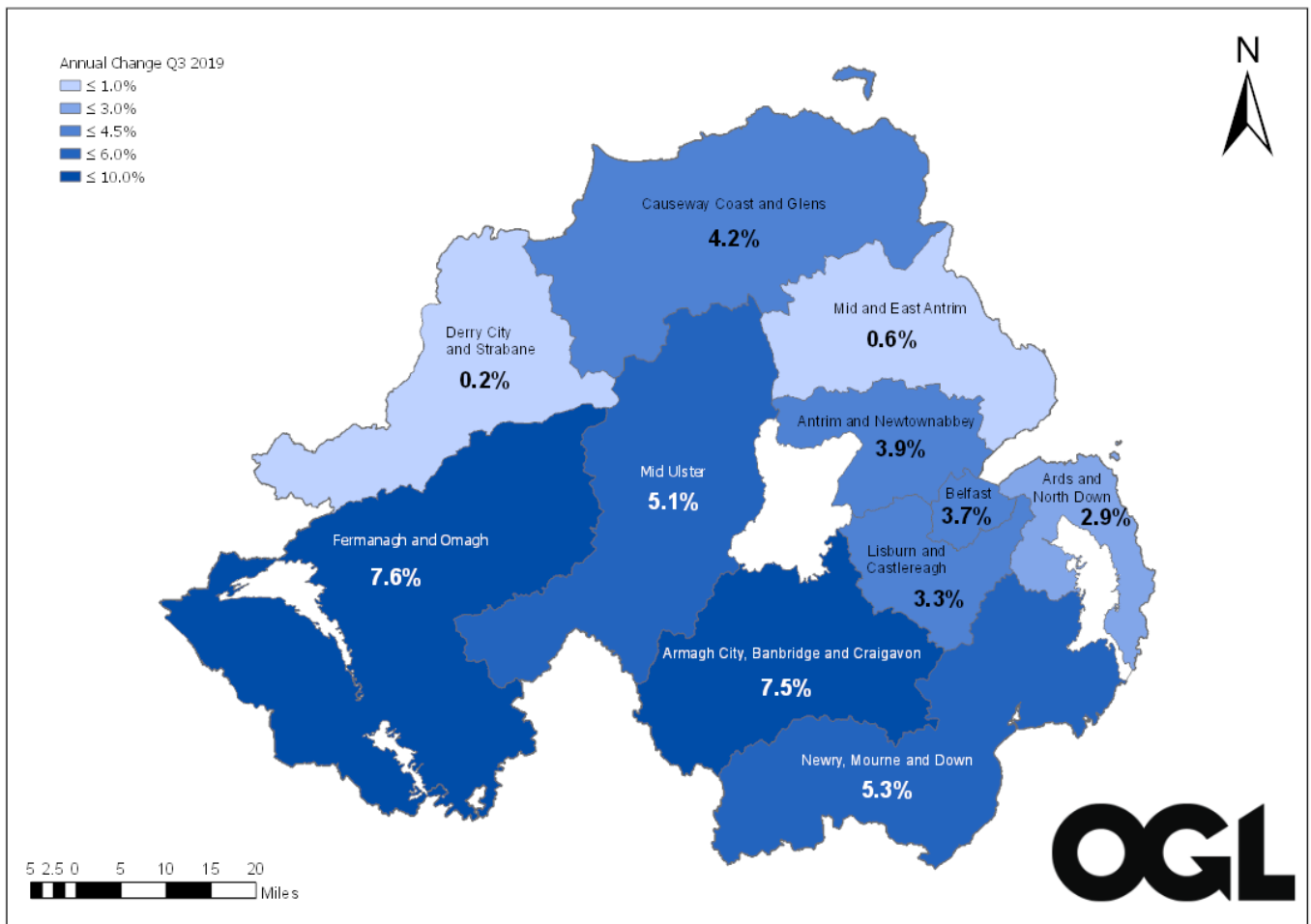
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Table 5.1 shows the NI House Price Index and standardised price for each Local Government District in Northern Ireland at Q3 2019.

Ten of the councils saw the index increase over the quarter, ranging from 0.7% in Mid and East Antrim to 5.3% in Fermanagh and Omagh. The index for properties in Derry City and Strabane saw the only decrease over the quarter of -3.1%.

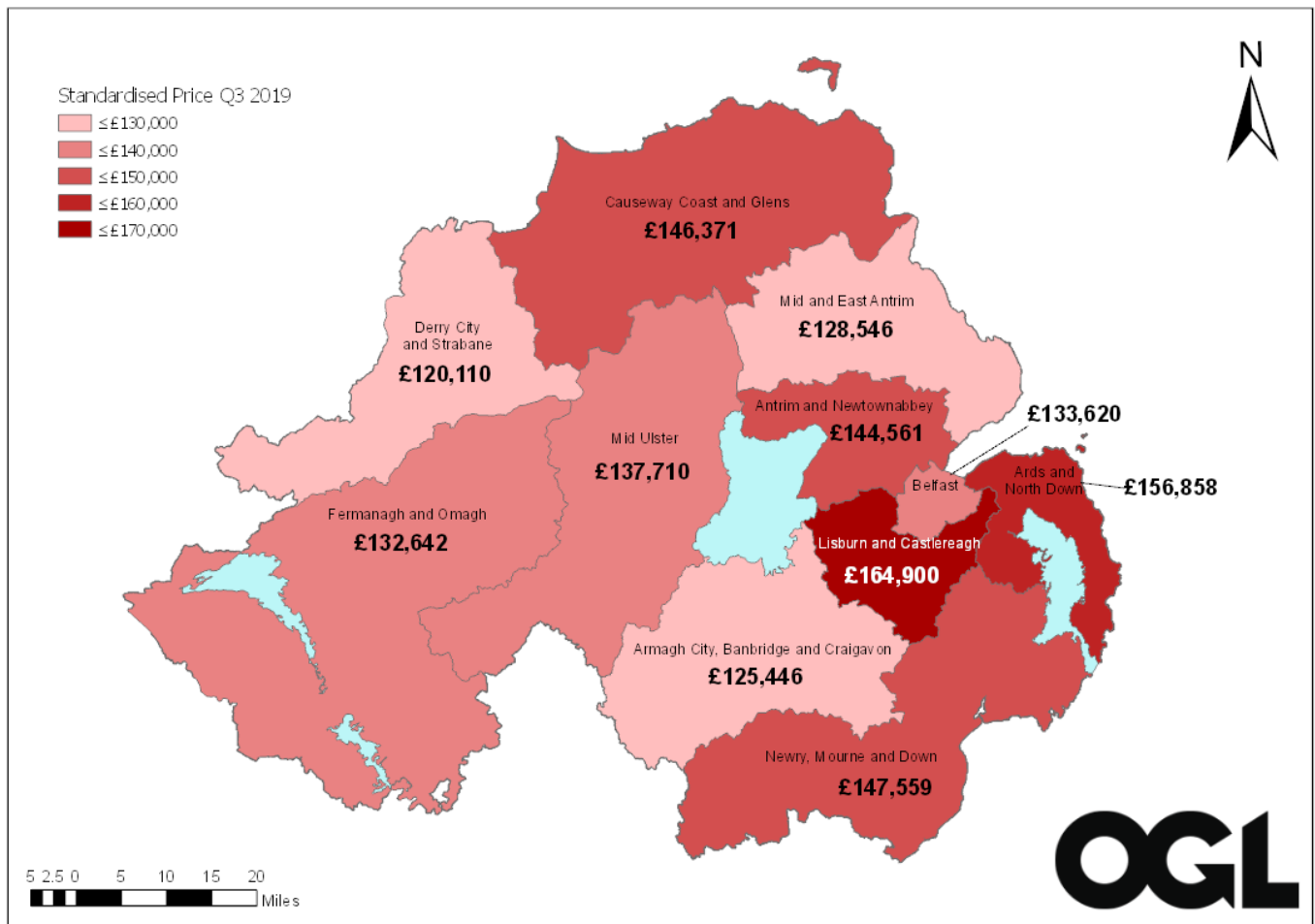
Prices in all council areas showed an increase over the 12 months between Q3 2018 and Q3 2019.

Figure 5.1: Annual Change in HPI by Local Government District Q3 2019



[Download chart](#)

Figure 5.2: Standardised Price by Local Government District Q3 2019



The standardised price for NI as a whole is £139,951 and ranges from £120,110 in Derry City and Strabane to £164,900 in Lisburn and Castlereagh.

6. Economic Context

House prices are often considered within the economic context of a region. The latest Department for the Economy (DfE) monthly economic update (October 2019) provides an overview of the state of the Northern Ireland economy, setting it in context with the UK and Republic of Ireland. This can be found at:

<https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/publications/dfe-monthly-economic-update-2019>

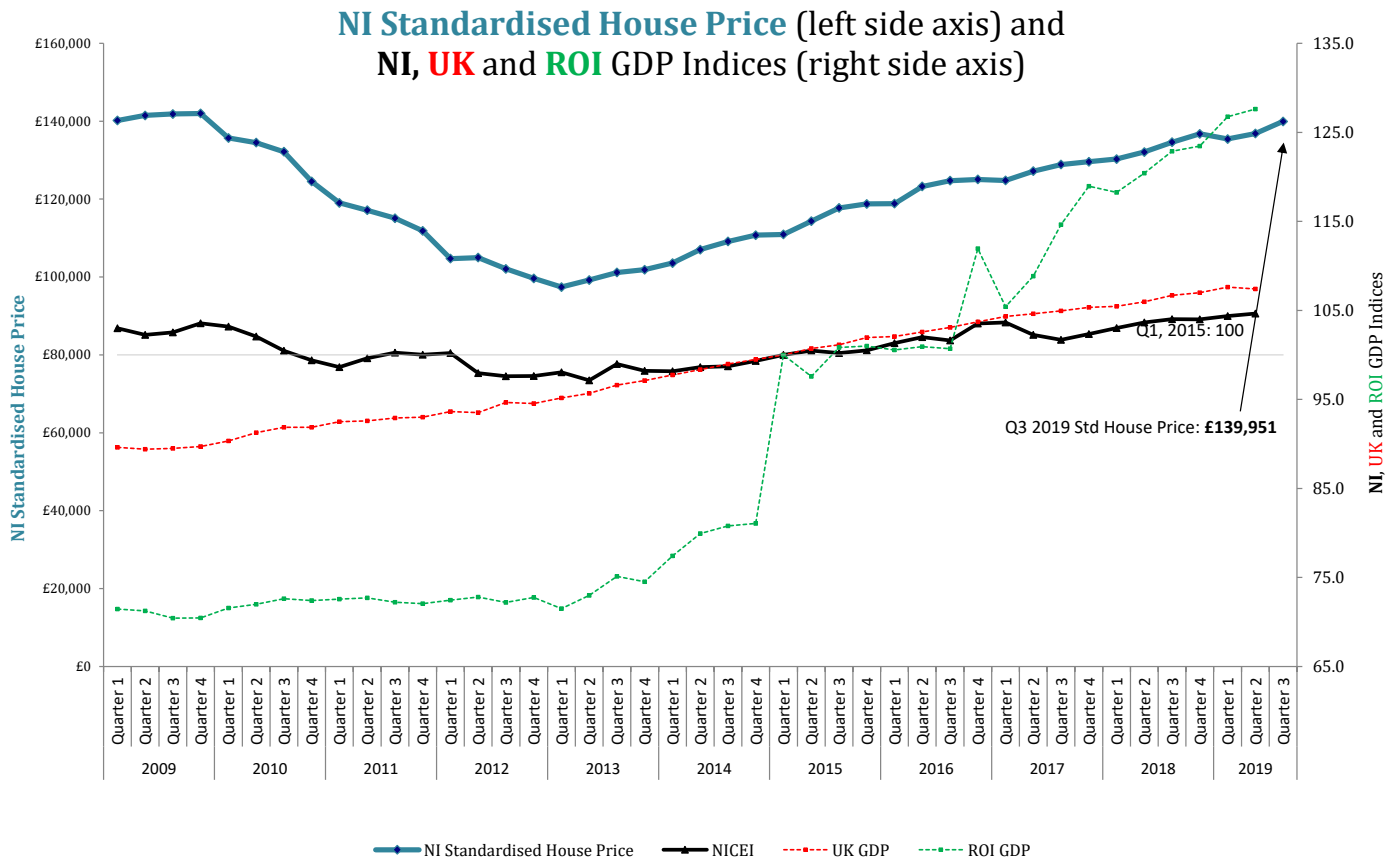
The most up-to-date official statistics on the economy and labour market are available on the Economy page of the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) website at

<https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/economy>

To set the NI HPI within this economic context, the Northern Ireland Composite Economic Index (NICEI – an experimental official statistic <https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/economic-output-statistics/ni-composite-economic-index>), along with the UK and Republic of Ireland GDP indices have been presented with a graph of the NI house prices at Figure 6.1. Underneath is an economic time line showing key world, European, UK and NI events.

To illustrate the relationship between the three indices in figure 6.1 the NICEI, UK and ROI indices are referenced to Q1 2015 = 100.

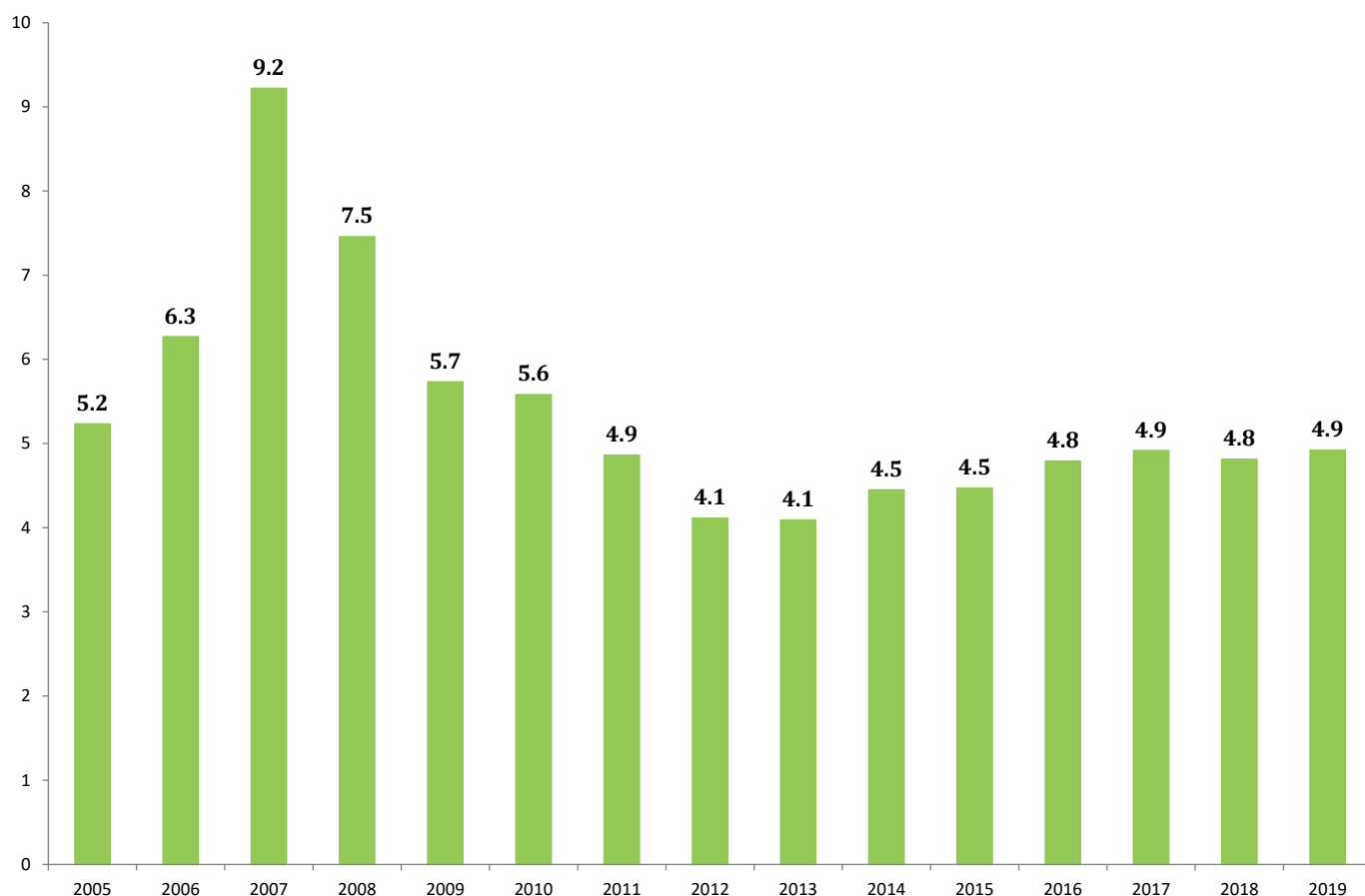
Figure 6.1: NI Standardised House Price with NICEI, UK and ROI GDP Indices



2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
UK GDP falls to lowest level since 2005	Portugal bailout and second Greek bailout agreed	NI claimant falls for 11 consecutive months	Construction employment up for first time in 5 months	Consumer squeeze with inflation outpacing wage growth	NI Economy shows 6 th successive quarter of growth in Q1 2019					
Irish GDP falls to lowest level since 2005	Bank of England injects £75bn into UK economy through quantitative easing	Ireland exit bailout programme	6 months of growth but pace of activity eased in Q3	Private sector employment at record high	NI Construction activity hit a 79 month low.					
NI employee jobs fall to lowest level since 2004	NI loses 8,800 employee jobs		Uneven prospects across countries/regions; global growth 3.1%, EU 1.5%, Ireland 4.8%, UK 2.5%	Housing starts at their highest level for 7 years	NI saw output, orders and jobs fall faster than any other UK region					
NI claimant count rises 40% over year				Brexit and the border issue presents economic challenges	2.7% year on year rise in new car sales in Q2 2019					
	Irish and Greek bailout agreed	NI economic activity at lowest rate since 2004	Employment in manufacturing highest growth rate in 20 years	UK vote to leave the European Union	Chancellor announces austerity is coming to an end					
	UK Spending Review outlines cuts in public spending	NI employee jobs rise by almost 3,000 over the year	Highest rise in export activity since August 2007	Falls in the Euro and Dollar exchange rates boost exports	NI unemployment rate increased to 4.3%, higher than UK					
	NI economic activity falls every quarter during 2010	NI Executive launch Economic Strategy and £200m Economy & Jobs Initiative	Construction Output still 48% below Q1 2007 peak	New orders fall for first time in 15 months	NI Construction Output for 1 st half of year fell by 4.5% year on year					
					Brexit and border uncertainty continues to challenge business					

The graph shows how the fall in prices from the Q3 2007 peak has most closely aligned to the NI economic performance. ROI GDP reported a dramatic rise in Q1 2015, more details can be found at <http://www.cso.ie/en/releasesandpublications/er/na/quarterlynationalaccountsquarter12016/>

Figure 6.2: Ratio of NI Median House Sale Price to Median Annual Gross Earnings



Source: Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings, NISRA

<https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/labour-market-and-social-welfare/annual-survey-hours-and-earnings>

Figure 6.2 shows the ratio of median sale price of residential properties in Northern Ireland to median annual gross earnings of all full time employees in Northern Ireland for each year between 2005 and 2019.

In 2005 median house prices were just over five times a median annual full time salary, but by 2007, at the peak of the market, prices were more than 9 times the median salary. With the downturn in the property market since 2008, the ratio fell each year until 2012. The ratio rose in 2014, 2016 and 2017 but dropped back very slightly in 2018 and increased to 2017 levels again in 2019. The median residential property sale price is now 4.9 times the median annual gross full time earnings.

The annual gross earnings figures are published annually in the autumn. The next update of ratio of earnings to house prices will be November 2020.

7. Detailed Statistics Content

An index, price series and sales volumes between Q1 2005 and Q3 2019 are available in [detailed statistics](#) for the following breakdown:

- All residential dwellings;
- Property Type (detached, terrace etc);
- Dwelling Type (new/existing resold);
- Local Government District;
- Urban and Rural Area;
- Rural Drive Times.

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8. Contact Details

Users' comments or any issues relating to the statistics are particularly welcomed and encouraged. Responses should be addressed to the contact below:

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