

Destinations of Leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions: Northern Ireland analysis – 2016/17

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This statistical bulletin has been produced by the Department for the Economy (DfE) and presents findings from the 2016/17 Destinations of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. The survey is carried out approximately six months after the students graduate and this bulletin provides information on Northern Ireland (NI) domiciled students who qualified from UK Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and all students who qualified from NI HEIs.

- 79.4% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in employment approximately six months after graduating, while a further 0.6% were due to start work.
- The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £21,935 (median - £22,000).
- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs (78.9%) were more likely to be in employment than those from English (74.2%), Scottish (73.2%) or Welsh (70.5%) HEIs.
- Employment rates for full-time leavers from NI HEIs varied depending on subject area studied. The rates were highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (95.7%), Subjects Allied to Medicine (87.8%) or Education (87.6%).
- 72.4% of all NI domiciled full-time leavers in employment were working in NI approximately 6 months after leaving. However, 34.0% of those who studied in GB HEIs were working in NI, compared with 88.6% of those who graduated from NI HEIs.

READER INFORMATION

Purpose	Monitor and report on 1) Destinations of NI domiciled leavers from Higher Education Institutions in the United Kingdom, and 2) Destinations of all leavers from Northern Ireland Higher Education Institutions.
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Feedback	As we want to engage with users of our statistics, we invite you to feedback your comments on this publication to: Michael MacNeill – Michael.MacNeill@economy-ni.gov.uk (Tel: 028 90 2 57897) Kerry McColgan – Kerry.McColgan@economy-ni.gov.uk (Tel: 028 90 2 57753) Kim Gillespie – Kimberley.Gillespie@economy-ni.gov.uk (Tel: 028 90 2 57825)

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Statistics and Research Branch (Tertiary Education) is responsible for the collection, quality assurance, analysis and publication of timely and accurate information derived from a wide range of statistical information returns supplied by the Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and Further Education (FE) colleges across Northern Ireland (NI) and the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). Statistical information is collected routinely from a variety of electronic individual level administrative system.

The Head of Branch is the Principal Statistician, Brian French. The Branch aims to present information in a meaningful way and provide advice on its uses to customers in the Economy Committee, FE colleges, universities, Professional Advisory Groups, policy branches within DfE, other educational organisations, academia, private sector organisations, charity/voluntary organisations, as well as the general public.

The statistical information collected is used to contribute to major exercises such as reporting on the performance of the Higher Education (HE) and FE sectors, other comparative performance exercises, target setting and monitoring, departmental research projects, development of service frameworks, as well as policy formulation and evaluation. In addition, the information is used in response to a high volume of ad hoc queries each year.

Information is disseminated through a number of key statistical publications, including: HE enrolments; HE qualifications; Destinations of leavers from Higher Education (DLHE); FE activity; and Essential Skills enrolments and outcomes.

A detailed list of these publications is available from:

Website: <https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/topics/statistics-and-economic-research/higher-and-further-education-and-training-statistics>

Section 1 – Destinations of Northern Ireland (NI) domiciled leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in 2016/17

- Approximately six months after leaving, 63.3% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in full-time work, 11.3% in part-time work, 2.4% primarily in work and also studying and 2.4% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 79.4% in some sort of employment (Table 1b).
- Employment rates for NI domiciled full-time leavers varied depending on subject area studied. The rates were highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (94.0%), Education (88.8%) or Subjects Allied to Medicine (88.6%) and lowest for those who studied Physical Sciences (60.7%) or Mathematical Sciences (63.6%). However, it is worth noting that 26.2% of leavers from Mathematical Sciences and 29.9% from Physical Sciences were engaged in further study only (Table 3b).
- 72.4% of all NI domiciled full-time leavers in employment were working in NI approximately 6 months after leaving. However, 34.0% of those who studied in GB HEIs were working in NI, compared with 88.6% of those who graduated from NI HEIs (Table 5d).
- The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £21,935 in 2016/17, with a median of £22,000 (Table 7).

Section 2 – Destinations of leavers from Northern Ireland (NI) Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in 2016/17

- Approximately six months after leaving, 61.8% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were in full-time work, 11.7% were in part-time work, 2.7% primarily in work and also studying and 2.6% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 78.9% in some sort of employment (Table 13b).
- Employment rates for full-time leavers from NI HEIs varied depending on subject area studied. The rates were highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (95.7%), Subjects Allied to Medicine (87.8%) or Education (87.6%) (Table 16b).
- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs (78.9%) were more likely to be in employment than those from English (74.2%), Scottish (73.2%) or Welsh (70.5%) HEIs (Table 17b).
- 88.6% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, whereas non-NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment outside NI (62.7%) (Table 18d).
- The mean salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £21,835 in 2016/17, with a median of £21,000 (Table 20).

Coverage

This statistical bulletin has been produced by the Department for the Economy (DfE), Northern Ireland (NI) and presents findings from the 2016/17 Destinations of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. This bulletin provides a more detailed analysis of NI figures that appeared in DfE's Statistical First Release (SFR) published on 28 June 2018. This SFR can be viewed at the following page -

<https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/publications/statistical-first-release-destinations-leavers-northern-ireland-higher-education-institutions-1>

The DLHE survey is carried out approximately six months after a student graduates from Higher Education (HE). The coverage of the survey includes non-EU domiciled leavers, whereas it was previously restricted to UK and European Union (EU) domiciled leavers only. Surveying these leavers was undertaken as a pilot from 2011/12, with a clear distinction that the information collected should not be published until carefully reviewed. As a result, until data quality issues are resolved, these non-EU domiciled leavers are excluded from the bulletin.

Additionally, there were leavers who obtained postgraduate research qualifications from dormant status (for example, those returning to submit a thesis or to retake exams during the reporting period). The destination outcomes of these leavers are considered to be materially different in nature to the outcomes of the other postgraduate research leavers included in the survey, so these leavers have been excluded.

For more information on the DLHE survey see the [notes and definitions](#) section. The statistics presented in this bulletin cover a range of topics including: the proportion of students who go into work or unemployment; the proportion of students who leave NI for employment; the average salary level of graduates; and the destinations of students from different subject areas and institutions.

National Statistics

The United Kingdom Statistics Authority (the Authority) has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the [Code of Practice](#) for Statistics.

National Statistics status means that Official Statistics meet the highest standards of trustworthiness, quality and public value.

All official statistics should comply with all aspects of the Code of Practice for Statistics. They are awarded National Statistics status following an assessment by the Authority's regulatory arm. The Authority considers whether the statistics meet the highest standards of Code compliance, including the value they add to public decisions and debate. Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics: meet identified user needs; are well explained and readily accessible; are produced according to sound methods, and are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest.

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics, it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed. It is DfE's responsibility to maintain compliance with the standards expected of National Statistics. If we become concerned about whether these statistics are still meeting the appropriate standards, we will discuss any concerns with the Authority promptly. National Statistics status can be removed at any point when the highest standards are not maintained, and reinstated when standards are restored.

Policy and Operational Context

There continues to be a lot of media interest in the HE sector and HE statistics. With changes in fee regimes throughout the UK, the effect of the economic recession and the potential impact of EU exit, the demand for HE is often in the spotlight.

It is within this context that DfE is implementing [Graduating to Success](#), its Higher Education Strategy for NI, which aims to promote and sustain the development of an internationally competitive sector, accessible to all who are able to benefit, given the funding available, and meeting the needs of the NI economy and wider society. This bulletin forms part of the evidence base that shapes the future strategies and policies of DfE.

Draft Programme for Government (PfG) Framework 2016-2021

In 2016, the Northern Ireland Executive published a consultation seeking views on the Draft PfG Framework for 2016-2021. The Draft Framework contains 14 strategic outcomes, which, taken together, set a clear direction of travel and enable continuous improvement on the essential components of societal wellbeing. The outcomes are supported by key indicators that can be used to measure the extent to which the outcome is being achieved. These will show how the Executive is performing in relation to the outcomes and will provide a basis to monitor progress and take corrective action.

The importance of Higher Education is recognised within this draft PfG: "A supply of high quality graduates is vital for economic success. Universities equip students with the skills and attributes needed for our local industries to compete on an international stage." Relevant to the DLHE publication is Outcome 6: "We have more people working in better jobs", and its associated performance indicator 41 - 'Proportion of local graduates from local institutions in professional or management occupations or in further study six months after graduation'. Performance against this indicator for 2016/17 is detailed in Section 2.2.2, with technical notes provided in guidance note 27.

Details of the indicator and historical performance against this are shown on page 85 of the PfG consultation document:

<https://www.northernireland.gov.uk/sites/default/files/consultations/newnigov/pfg-consultation-document.PDF>

Data Collection

The information presented in this statistical bulletin is based on data supplied by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). HESA is the official agency for the collection of information on publicly funded HEIs in the UK. It was set up in 1993 following the White Paper '*Higher Education: a new framework*', which called for more coherence in HE statistics. In this context, HEIs include all publicly-funded universities. The HESA data presented in this bulletin relate to students at HEIs in the UK and therefore do not include HE enrolments at FE colleges in NI or GB, or at institutions in the Republic of Ireland (RoI).

Rounding Strategy

To prevent the identification of individuals, figures throughout the report are rounded to the nearest 5, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown. Percentages are based on unrounded figures. Percentages have also been rounded to one decimal place. More information on the rounding strategy can be found in the [notes and definitions](#) section.

Data Quality

All information presented in this bulletin has been validated and quality assured by HEIs prior to publication. HEIs are given a set period of time to submit the information to HESA. Following submission, both HESA and DfE perform a series of validation checks to ensure that information is consistent both within and across returns. Trend analyses are used to monitor annual variations and emerging trends. Queries arising from validation checks are presented to HEIs for clarification and, if required, returns may be amended and/or re-submitted. Finally, prior to publication, the data are presented to HEIs for a final sign-off. More detail is available via the link: [Quality of Higher Education Statistics](#).

Who will be interested?

The information presented in this statistical bulletin will be of interest to a wide variety of people. For example, the statistics within, and those derived from, this bulletin are currently used by DfE policy officials; by other government agencies, such as NISRA, as a key indicator in the education domain of the NI Multiple Deprivation Measure (MDM) to monitor the destinations of teaching graduates; by prospective students to inform their choices around HE; by local businesses to quantify the supply of graduates in their business area; and by researchers and academics to try to understand the underlying trends in HE. Further details about the uses made of HE statistics can be found in the [notes and definitions](#) section.

Future Changes to the DLHE Survey

Between July 2015 and June 2017, HESA conducted a major review of destinations and outcomes data, which drew on extensive collaboration with experts from the HE sector, Government departments and beyond.

As a result, HESA has designed a new model for collecting information about what higher education (HE) students do after graduation. This model will capture rich, robust and comprehensive data using a more efficient and future-proof methodology.

HESA is now implementing the new Graduate Outcomes survey to replace the current DLHE survey. The first wave of the new survey of graduates is planned to commence at the end of 2018, with the first outputs published in spring 2020.

In future, graduates will be surveyed by telephone or online approximately **15 months** after completing their studies. This timing gives graduates a more meaningful opportunity to progress in their post-graduation activities, while still being close enough to the point of completing their studies that high response rates should be achievable.

Further details of the Graduate Outcomes survey can be obtained on the HESA website:

<https://www.hesa.ac.uk/innovation/outcomes>

Structure of Bulletin

The bulletin is divided into two sections. Section 1 focuses on the destinations of NI domiciled students who gained a qualification at HEIs in NI, England, Scotland or Wales. Section 2 concentrates on the destinations of all NI, GB and other EU students who gained a qualification at NI HEIs. Furthermore, it is clear from customer feedback, the nature of questions on HE asked in the NI Assembly, and coverage of HE issues in the local media, that these two aspects are of interest to readers.

HE Activity Elsewhere

Summary figures for the four UK administrations were published by HESA in their Statistical First Release (SFR) on 28th June 2018.

This SFR can be viewed at the following page -

<https://www.hesa.ac.uk/news/28-06-2018/sfr250-higher-education-leaver-statistics>

SECTION 1: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions in 2016/17 (Tables 1a to 12b)

This section presents the findings for NI students who qualified from HEIs in NI, England, Scotland or Wales in 2016/17. Tables relating to this section can be found in [Annex 1](#).

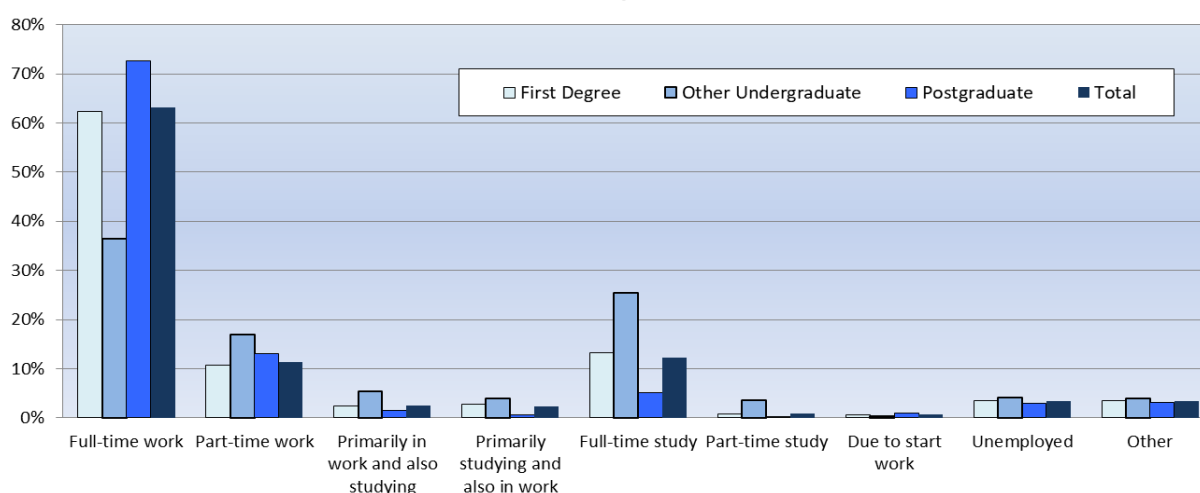
1.1 Destinations approximately six months after leaving

1.1.1 Destinations by mode, level, gender and location of institution – 2016/17 (Tables 1a-2b, Chart 1)

Full-time leavers

- Approximately, six months after leaving, 63.3% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in full-time work, 11.3% in part-time work, 2.4% primarily in work and also studying and 2.4% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 79.4% in some sort of employment¹.
- A further 12.3% of full-time leavers were in full-time study, 0.8% in part-time study, 3.4% unemployed, 0.6% due to start work and 3.4% of leavers were engaged in other activities.
- Gender – NI domiciled full-time male leavers (77.5%) were less likely to be in employment than their female counterparts (80.9%). Males (4.9%) were more likely to be unemployed than females (2.3%).
- Level of study – 78.3% of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers were in employment, compared with 62.7% of other undergraduate and 87.9% of postgraduate leavers. First degree (13.3%) and other undergraduate (25.4%) leavers were more likely to be in full-time study than postgraduate (5.1%) leavers (Chart 1).

CHART 1: Destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2016/17



¹ See definition point 19

- Location of Institution – The employment rates for NI domiciled full-time leavers differ relatively little depending on the location of their institution; 79.2% of those from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 79.2% of those from English HEIs, 81.2% of those from Scottish HEIs and 81.6% of those from Welsh HEIs. Unemployment rates for NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs (3.7%) were higher than those from English (3.0%), Scottish (2.4%) or Welsh (0.0%) HEIs.

Part-time leavers

- Approximately, six months after leaving higher education, 70.8% of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs who had studied part-time were in full-time work, 9.9% in part-time work, 5.9% primarily in work and also studying and 1.4% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 88.0% in employment.
- A further 3.5% of part-time leavers were in full-time study, 2.6% in part-time study, 2.1% unemployed, 0.2% due to start work and 3.5% of leavers were engaged in other activities.
- Gender – 89.1% of NI domiciled male part-time leavers from UK HEIs were in employment compared with 87.2% of females. Males (75.3%) were more likely to be in full-time work only than females (67.6%), with females more likely to be in part-time work only (12.8%) than males (5.8%).
- Level of study – 82.7% of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers were in employment, compared with 83.8% of other undergraduate and 92.2% of postgraduate leavers. First degree (3.3%) leavers were more likely to be unemployed than either other undergraduate (1.8%) or postgraduate (1.7%) leavers.
- Location of Institution² – The employment rates of NI domiciled part-time leavers were relatively high across all locations of institutions; 87.5% of those from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 92.2% of those from English HEIs and 88.5% of those from Scottish HEIs.

1.1.2 Destinations by subject area studied (Tables 3a and 3b, Chart 2)

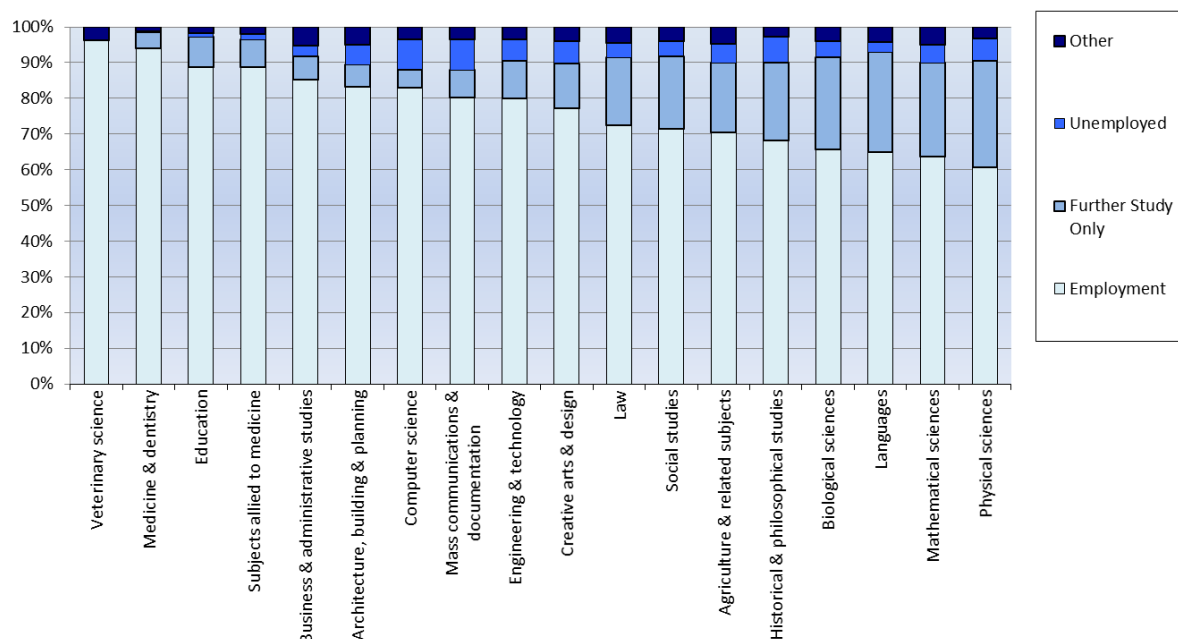
Full-time leavers

- Chart 2 displays how the destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers, approximately six months after leaving Higher Education, vary depending on the subject area studied³. The proportions in employment were highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (94.0%), Education (88.8%) or Subjects Allied to Medicine (88.6%).

² The number of NI domiciled part-time leavers from Welsh HEIs was too small to allow reliable comparison of employment and unemployment rate.

³ The number of NI domiciled full-time leavers from ‘Veterinary Sciences’ and ‘Combined Studies’ were too small to allow reliable comparison of employment or unemployment.

CHART 2: Destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by subject area - 2016/17



- The subject areas with the lowest proportion of NI domiciled full-time leavers in employment include Physical Sciences (60.7%), Mathematical Sciences (63.6%), Languages (64.9%) and Biological Sciences (65.6%). However, it is worth noting that these subjects had some of the highest proportions of students going into further study only; for example, 29.9% of Physical Sciences leavers were in this category.
- The unemployment rates were highest for NI domiciled full-time leavers who studied Mass Communications and Documentation (8.1%), Computer Science (7.3%) or Historical and Philosophical Studies (6.6%). In contrast, an unemployment rate of 0.5% was recorded for Medicine & Dentistry leavers.
- The employment rate for NI domiciled full-time leavers who studied a Broad STEM related subject was 80.0%, whereas the employment rate for those who studied a Narrow STEM related subject was 73.3%. However, Narrow STEM students were more likely to be in full-time study (16.1%) than Broad STEM students (12.1%).

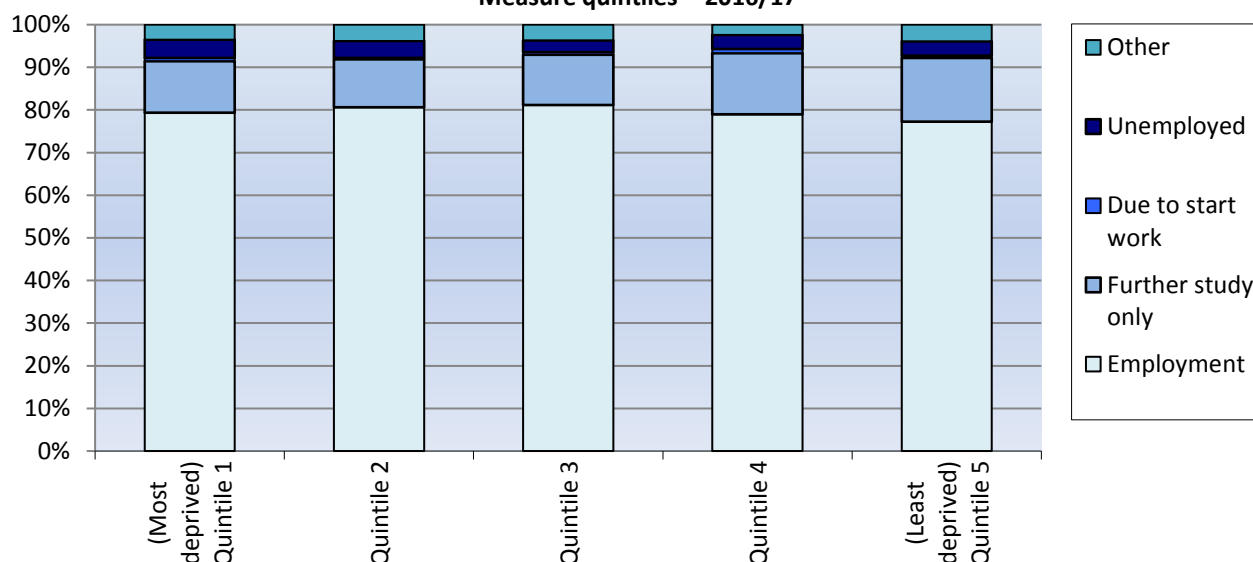
1.1.3 Destinations by multiple deprivation measure (Tables 4a and 4b, Chart 3)

Full-time leavers

- Employment rates were relatively similar across multiple deprivation quintiles. Of all NI domiciled full-time leavers from the least deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 5) who studied at UK HEIs, 77.3% were in some form of employment, compared with 79.3% of leavers from quintile 1 (most deprived) and 80.6% of leavers from quintile 2.

- The unemployment rate was highest (4.2%) for NI domiciled full-time students from the most deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 1) and lowest for those in quintile 3 (2.8%).
- NI domiciled full-time leavers from the least deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 5) who studied at UK HEIs were most likely to be in further study only (14.9%), compared with 12.1% of those from the most deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 1).

CHART 3: Destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by Multiple Deprivation Measure quintiles - 2016/17



1.2 Employment

Employment includes all those leavers in full-time work, part-time work, primarily in work and also studying, and primarily studying and also in work.

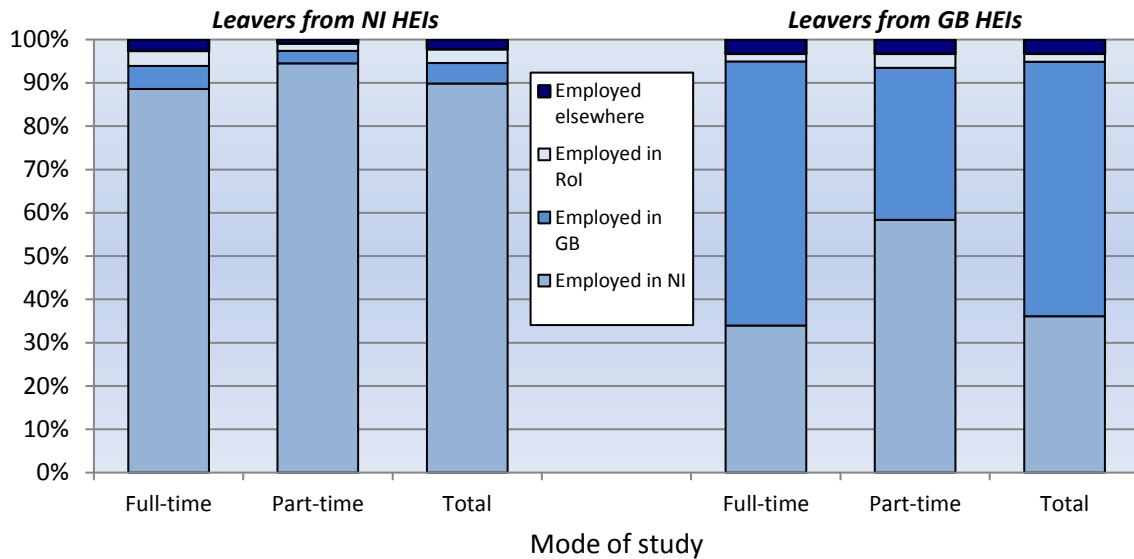
1.2.1 Location of Employment (Tables 5a-g, Chart 4)

Full-time leavers

- Of those NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in employment approximately six months after leaving, 72.4% were employed in NI, 21.8% in Great Britain (GB), 3.0% in Republic of Ireland (RoI) and 2.8% elsewhere.
- Location of institution⁴ – Large differences were observed between those who studied in NI and those who studied in GB. Most NI domiciled leavers in employment who studied in GB did not return to NI to work. Just over a third (34.0%) of NI domiciled full-time leavers from GB HEIs in employment were employed in NI (with 61.0% employed in GB, 1.8% in RoI and 3.3% elsewhere). The comparable figures for NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were 88.6% employed in NI, 5.3% in GB, 3.5% in RoI and 2.6% elsewhere.

⁴ Excludes Open University (OU) as they are all part-time for NI domiciled leavers.

CHART 4: Location of employment of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and location of institution - 2016/17



- Gender – 72.9% of NI domiciled full-time female leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 71.6% of males.
- Level of study – 74.0% of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 78.1% of other undergraduates and 64.1% of postgraduates.

Part-time leavers

- The majority (89.7%) of NI domiciled part-time leavers from UK HEIs in employment after approximately six months were employed in NI, 7.2% in GB, 1.9% in ROI and 1.2% elsewhere.
- Location of institution – 94.5% of NI domiciled part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 58.4% of NI domiciled part-time leavers from GB HEIs.
- Gender – 91.1% of NI domiciled part-time female leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 87.8% of males.
- Level of study – 89.5% of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 95.1% of other undergraduates and 87.9% of postgraduates.

1.2.2 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) (Tables 6a and 6b)

Full-time leavers

- Of those in employment approximately six months after leaving UK HEIs, 77.2% of NI domiciled full-time leavers had taken up positions in SOC groups 1-3 (Managers & Senior Officials, Professional Occupations or in Associate Professional & Technical Occupations).
- Gender – Among NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in employment, males (77.3%) were as likely as females (77.2%) to be employed in SOC groups 1-3.
- Level of study – 75.1% of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 39.5% of other undergraduates and 91.7% of postgraduates.

Part-time leavers

- Of those in employment approximately six months after leaving UK HEIs, 89.7% of NI domiciled part-time leavers had taken up positions in SOC groups 1-3.
- Gender – NI domiciled part-time males (91.2%) in employment were slightly more likely to be employed in SOC groups 1-3 than their female counterparts (88.7%).
- Level of study – 76.7% of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 87.2% of other undergraduates and 96.3% of postgraduates.

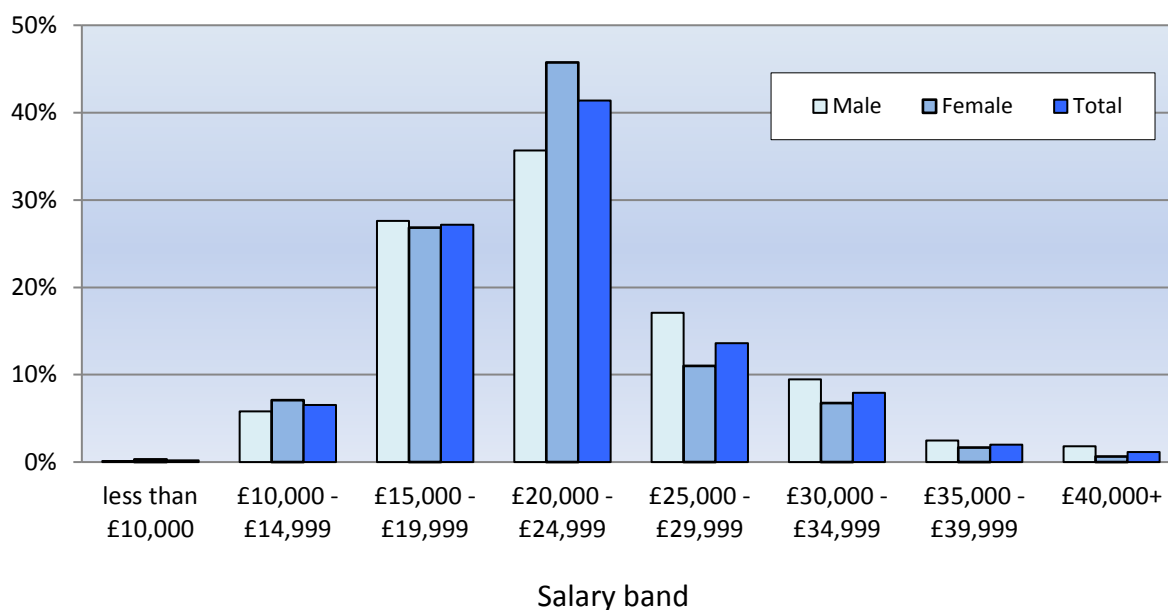
1.2.3 Salary of those in Full-time employment (Tables 7 - 10, Chart 5)

Salary is not a mandatory question in the DLHE survey, resulting in a high non-response rate. Leavers in full-time employment whose salary was unknown have been excluded from the analysis; this represents 38.4% of those NI domiciled respondents in full-time employment. **Caution should therefore be taken when using these figures.**

Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £21,935, with a median of £22,000.
- Gender – NI domiciled full-time male leavers in full-time employment had a mean salary of £22,555 (median - £22,000). The equivalent figure for females was £21,470 (median - £21,000).

CHART 5: Salary band of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment by gender - 2016/17



- Level of study** – The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers in full-time employment was £21,580 (median - £21,000), compared with £19,145 for other undergraduates (median - £17,500) and £23,855 for postgraduates (median - £23,000).
- Location of institution** - NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £21,520 (median - £21,000). The equivalent figure for NI domiciled full-time leavers from GB HEIs was £22,780 (median - £22,000).
- Location of employment** – The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers in full-time employment in NI was £21,045 (median - £21,000). NI domiciled full-time leavers in full-time employment in GB had a mean salary of £24,190 (median £23,000). This difference is consistent with findings from NISRA’s NI Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE). This survey reports that, in April 2017, full-time employees in NI had the third lowest median gross weekly earnings across the twelve UK regions, at approximately 91.0% of the UK figure.
- Standard Occupational Classification** – The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers in full-time employment was lowest for those in the Elementary occupations classification (mean - £15,395, median - £15,000) and Sales and customer service occupations classification (mean - £15,665, median - £16,000) and highest for those in Professional occupations (mean - £23,420, median - £22,000) and Skilled trades occupations (mean - £20,525, median - £18,000) classifications.

Part-time leavers

- It is worth noting that many part-time leavers would have been in employment prior to and during their studies, which may give an inflated mean and median salary for such leavers.
- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of NI domiciled part-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £33,715 (median - £30,000).
- Gender – NI domiciled part-time male leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £37,530 (median - £30,000). The equivalent figure for females was £30,830 (median - £29,000).
- Level of study – The mean salary of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £25,935 (median - £23,000), compared with £27,290 for other undergraduates (median - £26,000) and £38,465 for postgraduates (median - £32,000).

1.3 Further Study (Tables 11a – 12b)

Further study includes all those leavers primarily in work and also studying, primarily in study and also in work, full-time study and part-time study.

Full-time Leavers

- Just under a fifth (17.9%) of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in further study approximately six months after leaving. Of these, 80.6% were studying for a postgraduate qualification, 9.6% for a first degree, 1.8% for other diplomas or certificates, 5.2% for a professional qualification and 2.4% for other qualifications, while 0.5% were not aiming for a qualification.
- Level of study – 19.2% of NI domiciled full-time first-degree leavers from UK HEIs were in further study, compared with 38.2% of other undergraduates and 7.4% of postgraduates. Of those in further study, first degree leavers were most likely to be studying for a postgraduate qualification (85.8%); other undergraduates were most likely to be studying for a first degree (81.3%) and postgraduates were most likely to be studying for another postgraduate qualification (83.8%).

SECTION 2: Destinations of leavers from Northern Ireland Higher Education Institutions in 2016/17 (Tables 13a to 25b)

This section presents the findings for students who qualified from NI HEIs in 2016/17. Tables relating to this section can be found in [Annex 1](#).

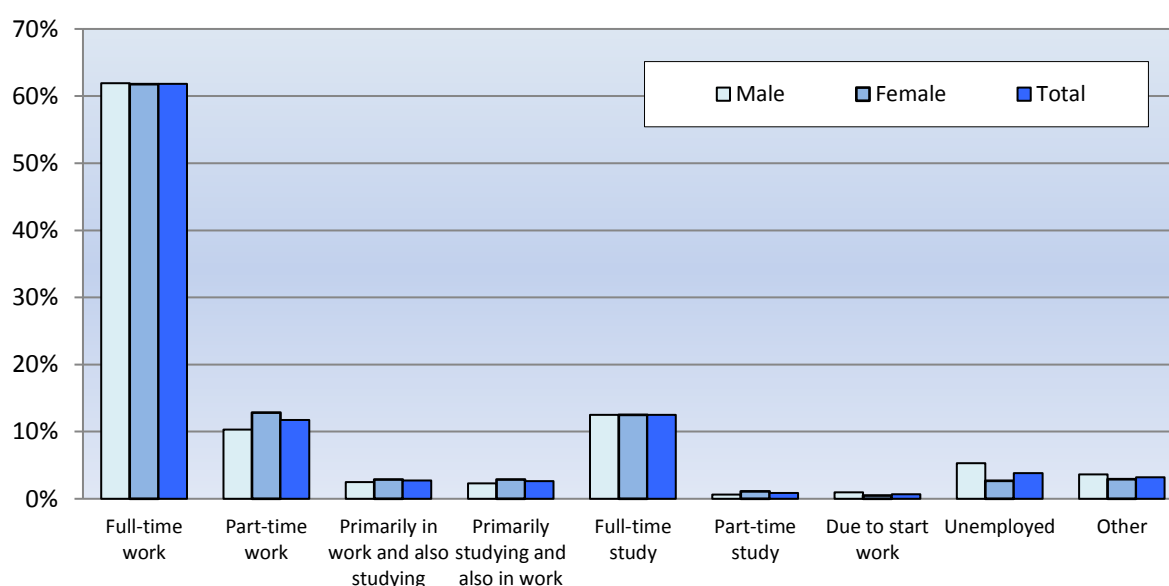
2.1 Destinations approximately six months after leaving

2.1.1 Destinations by mode, level, gender, domicile and institution (Tables 13a-15b, Chart 6)

Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, 61.8% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were in full-time work, 11.7% were in part-time work, 2.7% primarily in work and also studying and 2.6% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 78.9% in some sort of employment.
- An additional 12.5% of leavers were in full-time study, 0.9% in part-time study, 3.8% unemployed, 0.7% due to start work and 3.2% of leavers were engaged in other activities.
- Gender – approximately six months after leaving, 77.0% of full-time male leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 80.4% of females. Males (5.3%) were more likely to be unemployed than females (2.7%).
- Level of study – approximately six months after leaving, 78.1% of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 62.5% of other undergraduates and 86.3% of postgraduates. First degree leavers (13.4%) and other undergraduates (23.7%) were more likely than postgraduates (5.8%) to be in full-time study.

CHART 6: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2016/17



- Country of domicile⁵ - NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving (79.2%) than GB domiciled leavers (69.7%), but less likely to be in employment than RoI domiciled leavers (80.2%). Differences are partly related to further study.
- Institution – Full-time leavers from Ulster University (UU) (82.4%) were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving than those from Queen’s University, Belfast (QUB) (76.3%), St Mary’s University College (72.6%) and Stranmillis University College (69.1%).

Stranmillis (22.3%) and St Mary’s (17.9%) full-time leavers were more likely to undertake full-time study than those from QUB (15.7%) and UU (8.6%). The unemployment rates for full-time leavers were highest at UU (4.7%) and QUB (3.3%), while Stranmillis (0.7%) and St Mary’s (0.5%) experienced the lowest rates.

Part-time leavers

- Of all part-time leavers from NI HEIs approximately six months after leaving, 71.7% were in full-time work, 9.5% in part-time work, 5.8% primarily in work and also studying and 1.1% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 88.2% in employment.
- The rest of the part-time leavers from NI HEIs were in full-time study (3.3%), in part-time study (2.7%), unemployed (2.2%) or due to start work (0.3%), with 3.3% of leavers engaged in other activities.
- Gender – approximately six months after leaving, 88.9% of part-time male leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 87.7% of females. Males (76.2%) were more likely to be in full-time work only than females (68.8%), with females more likely to be in part-time work only (12.0%) than males (5.7%).
- Level of study – approximately six months after leaving, 82.6% of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 84.2% of other undergraduates and 92.4% of postgraduates. First degree leavers (3.6%) were more likely to be unemployed than other undergraduates (1.7%) and postgraduates (1.8%).
- Country of domicile - GB domiciled (94.2%) and RoI domiciled (90.8%) part-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment, approximately six months after leaving, than NI domiciled (87.5%) part-time leavers from NI HEIs.
- Institution⁶ – Part-time leavers from UU (91.4%), QUB (86.9%) and Open University (OU)⁷ (75.8%) were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving than those from Stranmillis (70.4%); Stranmillis part-time leavers were more likely to undertake full-time study (9.3%) than those from QUB (6.9%), OU (2.1%) and UU (2.1%).

⁵ The number of leavers from ‘Other EU’ countries was too small to allow reliable comparison of employment or unemployment.

⁶ The number of part-time leavers from St Mary’s University College was too small to allow reliable comparison of employment or full-time study.

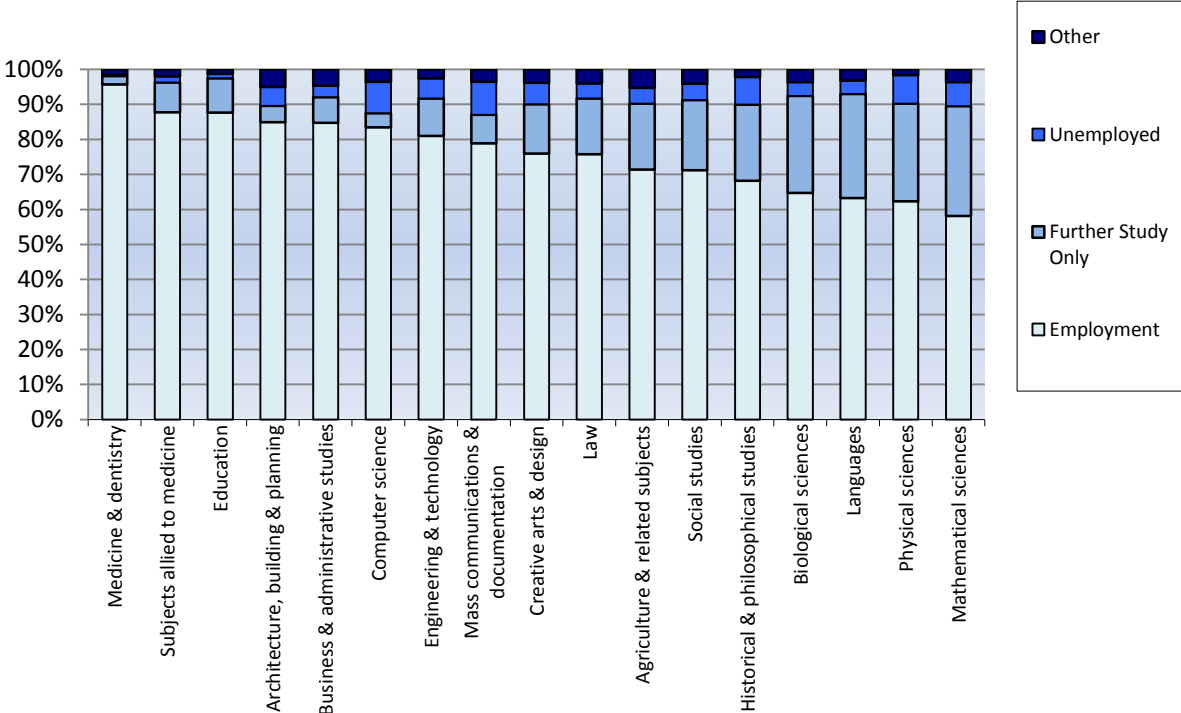
⁷ OU leavers here include all those who graduated from OU where the national centre is located in NI.

2.1.2 Destinations by subject area studied (Tables 16a and 16b, Chart 7)

Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, the subject areas with the highest proportion of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were Medicine & Dentistry (95.7%), Subjects Allied to Medicine (87.8%) and Education (87.6%).
- The subject areas with the lowest proportion of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were Mathematical Sciences (58.1%), Physical Sciences (62.3%) and Languages (63.3%). However, these subjects had the highest proportions of leavers going into further study only. For example, 31.4% of Mathematical Sciences students were recorded in this category.
- Unemployment rates were highest for full-time leavers from NI HEIs who studied Mass communications and documentation (8.8%), Computer Science (7.6%), Historical and philosophical studies (6.8%) or Physical Sciences (6.8%). In contrast, an unemployment rate of 0.4% was recorded for Medicine & Dentistry leavers.

CHART 7: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by subject area - 2016/17



- The employment rate for full-time leavers from NI HEIs who had studied a Broad STEM related subject was 80.1%, whereas the employment rate for those from NI HEIs who studied a Narrow STEM subject was 74.2%. However, Narrow STEM students (16.1%) were more likely than Broad STEM students (12.3%) to be in further study only.

2.1.3 Destinations - UK comparison (Tables 17a and 17b)

Full-time leavers

- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving (78.9%) than leavers from English (74.2%), Scottish (73.2%) or Welsh (70.5%) HEIs. A total of 3.8% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were unemployed, compared with 4.2% from English HEIs, 3.9% from Scottish HEIs and 3.5% from Welsh HEIs.
- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs (12.5%) were less likely to be in full-time study than those from Welsh (20.1%), Scottish (17.7%) or English (15.6%) HEIs.

Part-time leavers

- A total of 88.2% of part-time leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 87.5% from Welsh HEIs, 85.5% from Scottish HEIs and 85.2% from English HEIs.
- Unemployment levels among part-time leavers from NI HEIs (2.2%) were similar to those from English (2.2%), Scottish (2.1%) and Welsh (1.5%) HEIs.

2.2 Employment

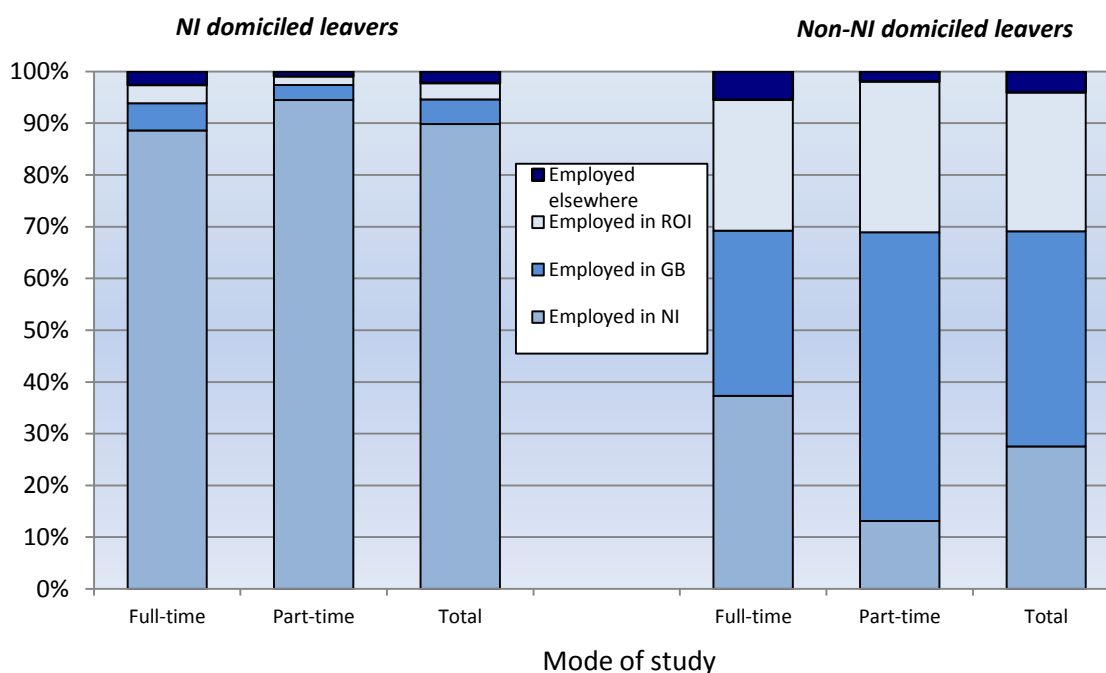
Employment includes all those leavers in full-time work, part-time work, primarily in work and also studying, primarily studying and also in work.

2.2.1 Location of Employment (Tables 18a-g, Chart 8)

Full-time leavers

- Of those full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment approximately six months after leaving, 85.0% were employed in NI, 7.2% in GB, 5.0% in RoI and 2.8% elsewhere.
- Country of domicile – A total of 88.6% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, 5.3% in GB, 3.5% in RoI and 2.6% elsewhere. The comparable figures for non-NI domiciled leavers from NI HEIs are 37.3% employed in NI, 31.9% in GB, 25.3% in RoI and 5.5% elsewhere.
- Gender – 86.5% of full-time female leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 83.0% of males.
- Level of study – 86.4% of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 95.0% of other undergraduates and 77.2% of postgraduates.

CHART 8: Location of employment of leavers from NI HEIs by mode and domicile - 2016/17



Part-time leavers

- Around four-fifths (81.3%) of part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment after approximately six months were employed in NI, 11.5% were employed in GB, 6.1% in ROI and 1.1% elsewhere.
- Country of domicile – 94.5% of NI domiciled part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 13.1% of non-NI domiciled part-time leavers from NI HEIs.
- Gender – 81.6% of part-time male leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 81.1% of females.
- Level of study – 86.6% of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 82.4% of other undergraduates and 78.7% of postgraduates.

2.2.2 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) (Tables 19a-19d, Chart 9)

Full-time leavers

- Of those in employment approximately six months after leaving, 76.3% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs had taken up positions in SOC groups 1-3 (Managers & Senior Officials, Professional Occupations or in Associate Professional & Technical Occupations).

- Gender – 76.7% of full-time male and 76.1% of full-time female leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3.
- Level of study – 74.8% of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 32.1% of other undergraduates and 89.0% of postgraduates.

Part-time leavers

- Of those in employment, 89.8% of part-time leavers from NI HEIs took up positions in SOC groups 1-3.
- Gender – Among part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment, 90.7% of males and 89.2% of females were employed in SOC groups 1-3.
- Level of study – 76.8% of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 87.3% of other undergraduates and 95.9% of postgraduates.

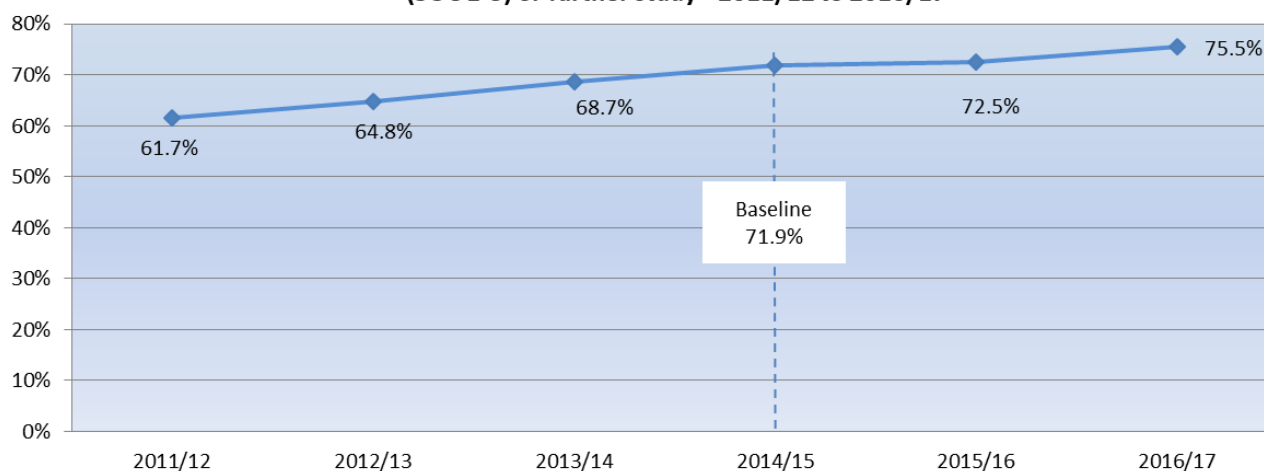
Draft PfG Indicator

Indicator 41 of the draft Programme for Government (PfG) framework and NICS Outcomes Delivery Plan 2018/19 measures the proportion of local graduates from local institutions in professional or managerial occupations (SOC groups 1-3) or in further study six months after graduation. The baseline year is 2014/15. For comparison purposes, data from 2011/12 onwards have been included in Chart 9 and Tables 19c and 19d.

In 2016/17, 75.5% of NI domiciled students leaving NI HEIs were in such destinations, an increase compared with the baseline year (71.9% in 2014/15).

Since 2011/12, there has been a year on year increase in the proportion of NI domiciled students leaving NI HEIs who were working in such destinations six months after graduating, from 61.7% in 2011/12 to 75.5% in 2016/17.

CHART 9: % of NI domiciled students from NI HEIs in professional or managerial occupations (SOC 1-3) or further study - 2011/12 to 2016/17



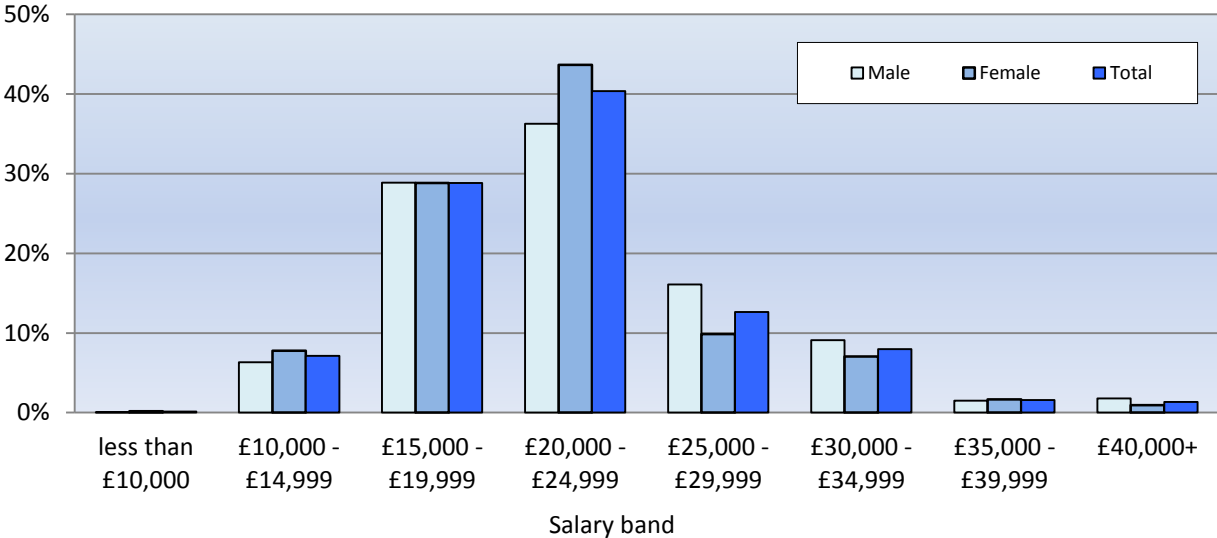
2.2.3 Salary of those in Full-time employment (Tables 20-23, Chart 10)

Salary is not a mandatory question in the DLHE survey, resulting in a high non-response rate. Leavers in full-time employment whose salary was unknown have been excluded from the analysis; this represents 41.5% of those respondents from NI HEIs in full-time employment. **Caution should therefore be taken when using these figures.**

Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £21,835 (median - £21,000).
- Gender – Full-time male leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £22,145 (median - £21,000). The equivalent figure for females was £21,585 (median - £21,000).

CHART 10: Salary band of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by gender - 2016/17



- Level of study – The mean salary of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £21,340 (median - £21,000), compared with £17,770 for other undergraduates (median - £16,000) and £24,665 for postgraduates (median - £22,000).
- Country of domicile - NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £21,520 (median - £21,000). The equivalent figure for GB domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs was £30,440 (median - £26,000), although the GB domiciled figures are based on small numbers.
- Location of employment – The mean salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment in NI was £21,175 (median - £21,000). Full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment in GB had a mean salary of £27,795 (median - £25,000). This difference is consistent with findings from NISRA’s NI annual

survey of hours and earnings (ASHE). This survey reports that, in April 2017, full-time employees in NI had the third lowest median gross weekly earnings across the twelve UK regions, at approximately 91.0% of the UK figure.

- Standard Occupational Classification – The mean salary of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was lowest for those in the Elementary occupations classification (mean - £14,795, median - £14,500) and highest for those in the Professional occupations classification (mean - £23,075, median - £22,000).

Part-time leavers

- It is worth noting that many part-time leavers would have been in employment prior to and during their studies, which may give an inflated mean and median salary for part-time leavers.
- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of part-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £32,910 (median - £29,000).
- Gender – Part-time male leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £36,245 (median - £30,000). The equivalent figure for females was £30,540 (median - £29,000).
- Level of study – The mean salary of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £24,730 (median - £22,000), compared with £27,180 for other undergraduates (median- £26,000) and £37,640 for postgraduates (median - £32,000).

2.3 Further Study (Tables 24a – 25b)

Further study includes all those leavers primarily in work and also studying, primarily in study and also in work, full-time study and part-time study.

Full-time leavers

- Around a sixth (18.7%) of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were in further study approximately six months after leaving. Of these, 82.0% were studying for a postgraduate qualification, 8.2% for a first degree, 1.9% for other diplomas or certificates, 4.8% for a professional qualification and 2.8% for other qualifications, while 0.3% were not aiming for a qualification.
- Level of study – 20.1% of full-time first-degree leavers from NI HEIs were in further study, compared with 39.7% of other undergraduates and 8.1% of postgraduates. Of those in further study, first degree leavers were most likely to be studying for a postgraduate qualification (87.1%), while other undergraduates were most likely to be studying for a first degree qualification (82.0%) and postgraduates were most likely to be studying for another postgraduate qualification (81.0%).

General

1. This statistical bulletin has been produced by the Department for the Economy (DfE), Northern Ireland (NI), using data collected by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) through the annual Destination of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. The DLHE survey is carried out approximately six months after students leave Higher Education (HE).
2. The bulletin is divided into two sections. Section 1 focuses on destinations of NI domiciled students who gained qualifications at Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in NI, England, Scotland and Wales (UK) and Section 2 concentrates on destinations of all students who gained qualifications at NI HEIs. NI domiciled students at NI HEIs are included in both sections, accounting for 72.4% of the Section 1 population and 88.7% of the Section 2 population.
3. The statistics presented in this bulletin are based on data supplied by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). HESA is the official agency for the collection of information on publicly funded UK HEIs. It was set up in 1993 following the white paper *'Higher Education: a new framework'*, which called for more coherence in HE statistics. HEIs include all publicly funded universities. HESA data do not include enrolments at Further Education (FE) colleges in NI or GB, or enrolments at institutions in the Republic of Ireland (RoI).
4. HESA changed the allocation of Open University (OU) students to England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland in 2013/14. Previously all OU enrolments and qualifications were counted as being within England, where the OU has its administrative centre. HESA has decided from its 2013/14 release onwards that enrolments and qualifications registered at one of the OU's national centres in Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland will contribute to the totals of those countries where statistics are shown by country of provider. The tables in the report use the new allocation method for OU, and any historical statistics affected by this new methodology have now been updated to reflect this change.
5. HESA releases a separate publication providing information on the destinations of leavers from Higher Education Providers for the whole of the UK. A notable difference in the HESA publication and that released by DfE is that DfE uses the initial student record data returns, whereas HESA may use revised data returns. Consequently, figures for the destinations of leavers at UK HEIs published by DfE may differ from those in HESA's publication.
6. Salary question – One change in the DLHE survey since 2013/14 relates to the questions asked to ascertain salary information from leavers. Whereas previously leavers were asked for their annual salary, from 2014/15 they were able to report their salary in one of a variety of time frames (for example, annually, monthly, weekly, hourly). HESA uses this information (alongside reported number of hours worked) to calculate an annual salary for each leaver. Although this is a positive change to the survey, allowing for greater accuracy for leavers who only know their hourly or weekly salary, data quality issues have been noticed. Investigations into the data reveal that some leavers have quite likely reported a salary against an incorrect time-frame.

Instances of these types of inaccuracies are very low, and data investigations reveal the overall impact on average salary is low. The decision was therefore taken by HESA to include all responses within average salary calculations.

7. Target population – The HESA DLHE report’s target population includes all UK and European Union (EU) domiciled leavers from UK HEIs who obtained relevant qualifications (see note 8) reported to HESA for the reporting period 1st August 2016 to 31st July 2017. The coverage of the survey was expanded to include additional HE qualifications and now includes non-EU domiciled leavers as part of a pilot. Surveying these leavers was undertaken with a clear distinction that the information collected should not be published until carefully reviewed.
8. Exclusions - The population for this DLHE bulletin does not represent the full cohort of leavers during the reporting period; examples of those excluded from the target population are listed below:
 - Leavers qualifying with professional qualifications (for example, associate membership or membership of a body such as the Institute of Bankers) or certain undergraduate diplomas and certificates (other than foundation degrees, HND, DipHE, HNC and CertHE)
 - Non-EU domiciled leavers
 - Leavers whose mode of study was recorded as dormant during the reporting period (for example, students submitting a thesis and students retaking exams during the reporting period).
9. Response rate - Of all NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs for whom DLHE information was expected, 80.1% responded (81.5% of full-time and 73.9% of part-time leavers); and for all leavers from NI HEIs for whom DLHE information was expected, 78.8% responded (81.2% of full-time and 71.0% of part-time leavers).
10. Not Known – Responses of ‘not known’ have been included in the tables, but have been excluded for calculating percentages in the analysis.
11. The survey dates for the 2016/17 DLHE return were 12 April 2017 (if the leaver obtained the qualification between 1 August 2016 and 31 December 2016) and 10 January 2018 (if the leaver obtained the qualification between 1 January 2017 and 31 July 2017).
12. Leavers’ Activities - In the DLHE survey, leavers are able to report what they are doing in relation to both employment and study. Eligible respondents are able to report up to eight individual activities, of which one must be indicated to be the 'most important'. These activities are used to derive a category for publication that reflects the range of activities undertaken.

Leavers identified as ineligible, or who have explicitly refused to provide information, are grouped for publication as 'Ineligibility or explicit refusal'. All other respondents are categorised according to their range of activities as follows:

Derived Activity Categories for DLHE Publication 2016/17

Most important activity (Only one category indicated here by the student)	If any other activity includes (Student also indicates other activities they are involved in)	Derived activity Category (Student's most important activity is combined with other activities and used to derive these categories for publication purposes).
Working full-time (including self-employed/freelance, voluntary or other unpaid work, developing a professional portfolio/creative practice or on an internship)	Engaged in full-time study, training or research OR Engaged in part-time further study, training or research	Primarily in work and also studying
	Otherwise	Full-time work
Working part-time (including self-employed/freelance, voluntary or other unpaid work, developing a professional portfolio/creative practice or on an internship)	Engaged in full-time study, training or research OR Engaged in part-time further study, training or research	Primarily in work and also studying
	Otherwise	Part-time work
Unemployed and looking for work		Unemployed
Due to start a job in the next month	Working full-time	Full-time work
	Engaged in full-time further study, training or research, provided that Working full-time has not been selected.	Full-time study
	Working part-time, provided that Working full-time AND Engaged in full-time further study, training or research have not been selected.	Part-time work
	Otherwise	Due to start work
Engaged in full-time further study, training or research	Working full-time OR Working part-time	Primarily studying and also in work
	Otherwise	Full-time study
Engaged in part-time further study, training or research	Working full-time OR Working part-time	Primarily studying and also in work
	Otherwise	Part-time study
Taking time out in order to travel		Other
Something else		

13. Further statistics on the NI higher education sector, including enrolments, qualifications gained and various higher education fact sheets can be downloaded from the Department's website: <https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/topics/statistics-and-economic-research/higher-education-statistics>

14. Quality of HE statistics - Information on the collection, validation and quality assurance of HE data and statistics, and the quality guidance used in managing the production of HE statistics can be accessed from the following link - <https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/articles/quality-higher-education-statistics>

15. Uses made of HE statistics

This bulletin is disseminated direct to approximately 50 users. In addition, it is published on the Department's website and can be accessed through a link on the UK National Statistics [GOV.UK](https://www.gov.uk) publication hub, using a filter of 'higher education' as the policy area and 'Department for the Economy' as the department. Users include policy colleagues in DfE, academics, researchers, members of the public, the NI Assembly, other government departments and other interested parties and individuals.

The bulletin and further analysis of the data provide an evidence base that is used in a number of DfE policies, strategies and reviews. Some examples are:

- Performance for Government (PfG)
- DfE's Higher Education Strategy
- DfE's Widening Participation Strategy

Further details on these strategies are available from the DfE website:

<https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/articles/higher-education-strategies-northern-ireland>

In addition, HE data are used within other NI departments and their agencies. Some examples are:

- DoF - as a key indicator in the Education Domain of the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure (NI MDM).
- Invest NI - to quantify the supply of graduates for potential inward investment to NI

Approximately 200 HE statistical enquiries per year are received by the Department from various sources. These include requests for further breakdowns of enrolments, qualifications and destinations data.

16. **Rounding Strategy** - DfE conforms to HESA rounding strategy in published and released tabulations. Designed to prevent the disclosure of personal information about any individual, this strategy involves rounding all numbers to the nearest multiple of 5 and suppressing percentages and averages based on small populations.

A full list of the HESA rounding strategy is as follows:

- 0, 1 and 2 are rounded to 0
- All other numbers are rounded to the nearest multiple of 5
- Percentages based on fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed
- Averages based on fewer individuals are also suppressed
- Percentages and averages are based on unrounded figures
- Percentages are rounded to one decimal point
- Full-time equivalent (FTE) data are not rounded
- Financial data are not rounded

Total figures are also subject to this rounding methodology; so the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

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Definitions

18. HE students for the purpose of HESA's data collection are those students on courses for which the level of instruction is above that of level 3 of the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority (QCA) National Qualifications Framework (NQF) (for example, courses at the level of Certificate of HE and above).

19. Qualifiers in employment include those in full-time work, part-time work, primarily in work and also studying, and primarily studying and also in work.

20. Relevant qualifications for inclusion in the 2016/17 DLHE return are listed below:

Postgraduate

Doctorate degrees; Postgraduate Certificates in Education; Other Postgraduate qualifications (including masters degrees); other postgraduate qualifications obtained primarily through advanced supervised research; Masters of Business Administration (MBA); pre-registration masters degrees and other taught qualifications at level M leading towards obtaining eligibility to register to practice with a health or social care or veterinary statutory regulatory body; postgraduate bachelor's degrees at level M; and other taught qualifications at level M including those leading towards registration with the Architects Registration Board (Part 2 qualification).

First degree

Integrated undergraduate/postgraduate taught masters degrees on the enhanced/extended pattern, and first degrees with honours on the enhanced/extended pattern at level H; first degrees with honours/ordinary first degrees (including those leading to qualified teacher status (QTS)/registration with a General Teaching Council (GTC), but excluding those from the intercalated pattern); first degrees with honours leading towards registration with the Architects Registration Board (Part 1 qualification); pre-registration first degrees with honours/ordinary first degrees leading towards obtaining eligibility to register to practice with a health or social care or veterinary statutory regulatory body; first degrees with honours and diploma; and postgraduate bachelor's degrees at level H.

Other undergraduate

Foundation degrees; graduate diplomas/certificates at level H; other qualifications at level H, including those leading towards registration with the Architects Registration Board (Part 2 qualification); graduate diplomas/certificates at level I; Diplomas of Higher Education (DipHE), including those leading towards obtaining eligibility to register to practice with a health or social care or veterinary statutory regulatory body; Higher National Diplomas (HND); Certificates of Higher Education (CertHE); and Higher National Certificates (HNC).

21. Domicile refers to a student's permanent place of residence prior to enrolment on an HE course.

22. For the purposes of the DLHE, GB includes England, Scotland, Wales, Guernsey, Jersey and the Isle of Man.

23. Occupation

In 2011, HESA adopted the SOC2010 Standard Occupational Classification (which replaced SOC2000) for comparability of sector data with other areas of the economy. A variant of the SOC2010 was created for the coding of occupational information collected in the DLHE survey. The classification is termed SOC2010 (DLHE) and details are available from the HESA website:

<https://www.hesa.ac.uk/support/documentation/occupational/soc2010>

24. Mode of study distinguishes students studying full-time or part-time:

- I. *Full-time* includes full-time and sandwich modes, plus those writing-up where the mode of study was previously full-time, and students changing to dormant status where the mode of study was previously full-time.
- II. *Part-time* includes those studying part-time, full-time for fewer than 24 weeks in the academic year, block release or studying during the evenings, plus those writing-up theses where the mode of study was previously part-time.

25. 'Further study' relates to those *primarily in work and also studying, primarily studying and also in work*, in *full-time study* or in *part-time study*.
26. 'Further study only' relates to those in either *full-time study* or *part-time study*.
27. Broad STEM includes the following subject areas: Medicine & Dentistry; Subjects allied to Medicine; Biological Sciences; Veterinary Sciences; Agriculture & related subjects; Physical Sciences; Mathematical Sciences; Computer Science; Engineering & Technology; and Architecture, Building & Planning.

Narrow STEM is a subset of Broad STEM and includes the following subject areas: Biological Sciences; Physical Sciences; Mathematical Sciences; Computer Science; and Engineering & Technology.

28. Multiple Deprivation Measure (MDM)

The analysis presented in section 1.1.3 utilises five groups (quintiles) of Super Output Areas (SOAs) across Northern Ireland. These five groups are determined based on level of deprivation using the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure (NIMDM). SOA is determined using the postcode provided on the enrolment record.

SOAs ranked 1 to 178 are the most deprived quintile relative to all other SOAs. Those ranked 713 to 890 are the most affluent relative to all other SOAs. SOA is determined using the postcode provided on the enrolment record.

NIMDM (2017) is a weighted combination of the seven domains of deprivation. The Income and Employment Deprivation domains combined account for nearly 50% of the multiple deprivation measure. The Health and Disability Domain, and Education Domain combined account for a further 30%, and the remainder is made up of the Access to Services, Living Environment and Crime and Disorder Domains.

For further details on deprivation measurement in Northern Ireland, please follow this link: <https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/deprivation/northern-ireland-multiple-deprivation-measure-2017-nimdm2017#toc-2>

29. The draft PfG indicator, covered in section 2.2.2 (Chart 9 and tables 19c and d), measures the proportion of local graduates from local HEIs working in professional or management occupations or in further study six months after graduation. This relates to NI domiciled graduates from NI HEIs (both full-time and part-time) with a pre-study address in NI, obtaining a qualification at first degree, other undergraduate or postgraduate level. It includes the derived DLHE activity categories: *full-time work*, *part-time work*, *primarily in work and also studying*, and *primarily studying and also in work* (for SOC 1 to 3 only); plus the activity categories *full-time study* and *part-time study*. The statistics, and any resulting percentage calculations, exclude non-respondents, those who refuse to provide information and those whose activity destination is not known.

Media enquiries should be made to the Department's Press Office in Netherleigh, Massey Avenue, Belfast BT4 2JP; telephone (028) 9052 9604

Section 1 - Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in 2016/17

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ANNEX 1: TABLES

Table 1a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17

Mode	Level	Gender	Destinations										Total respondents	Non-respondents	Target population	Employment	
			Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known					
Full-time	First Degree	Male	2,350	380	90	95	505	25	25	200	145	120	3,935	790	4,720	2,910	
		Female	3,160	575	130	140	665	50	25	110	160	160	5,180	1,145	6,325	4,005	
		Total	5,510	950	215	235	1,170	70	55	310	310	285	9,115	1,935	11,050	6,915	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	65	30	5	5	40	0	0	5	10	15	180	110	290	105	
		Female	60	30	10	5	45	10	0	5	5	10	185	80	265	105	
		Total	120	55	20	15	85	10	0	15	15	30	365	190	550	210	
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,415	405	95	100	545	25	30	205	155	140	4,110	900	5,010	3,015	
		Female	3,220	605	140	150	710	60	25	120	165	175	5,365	1,225	6,590	4,110	
		Total	5,635	1,010	235	250	1,255	85	55	325	320	310	9,475	2,125	11,600	7,125	
	Postgraduate	Male	Male	525	75	10	5	45	0	10	25	20	40	755	190	945	615
			Female	745	155	20	5	45	5	5	25	30	45	1,085	255	1,335	925
			Total	1,275	230	25	10	90	5	15	50	55	85	1,840	445	2,285	1,540
		Total	Male	2,940	480	105	105	590	25	35	230	175	180	4,865	1,090	5,955	3,630
		Female	3,965	760	160	155	755	60	30	145	200	220	6,450	1,480	7,925	5,040	
	Total	6,910	1,240	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	395	11,315	2,565	13,885	8,670		
Part-time	First Degree	Male	180	20	5	5	15	5	0	5	10	10	260	95	355	210	
		Female	180	55	10	5	10	10	0	10	20	25	325	110	435	245	
		Total	360	75	15	5	25	15	0	20	35	35	585	205	790	455	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	120	10	25	5	5	10	0	5	5	5	195	60	255	165	
		Female	135	35	30	5	10	15	0	5	10	10	260	75	330	205	
		Total	255	45	55	10	15	30	0	10	15	15	455	135	590	365	
	All Undergraduate	Male	300	30	35	10	20	20	0	10	15	15	455	155	610	370	
		Female	315	90	40	10	20	25	0	15	35	35	585	185	765	450	
		Total	615	120	70	20	40	45	5	25	50	50	1,040	335	1,375	820	
	Postgraduate	Male	360	25	20	5	15	0	0	5	5	30	465	150	615	410	
		Female	520	65	30	5	20	10	0	15	20	35	720	300	1,025	625	
		Total	885	90	55	10	30	10	0	20	25	60	1,185	450	1,640	1,035	
	Total	Male	Male	660	50	55	15	35	20	5	15	20	45	920	305	1,225	780
			Female	835	160	70	15	40	35	0	30	55	70	1,305	485	1,790	1,080
		Total	1,495	210	125	30	75	55	5	45	75	115	2,225	790	3,015	1,860	
Total		First Degree	Male	2,530	395	95	100	520	30	25	205	160	130	4,190	880	5,075	3,120
	Female		3,345	630	135	145	675	60	25	120	185	190	5,505	1,255	6,765	4,250	
		Total	5,870	1,025	230	245	1,195	90	55	325	340	320	9,700	2,140	11,835	7,370	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	185	40	30	15	45	15	0	10	10	25	375	170	545	265	
		Female	190	65	40	10	55	30	0	10	15	20	445	150	595	310	
		Total	375	105	75	25	100	40	5	20	30	45	820	320	1,140	575	
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,715	435	130	110	565	45	30	215	170	155	4,565	1,055	5,620	3,385	
		Female	3,535	695	180	155	730	85	30	135	200	210	5,950	1,405	7,355	4,560	
		Total	6,245	1,130	305	270	1,300	130	55	350	370	365	10,515	2,460	12,975	7,950	
	Postgraduate	Male	890	95	30	10	60	0	10	30	25	70	1,220	340	1,560	1,025	
		Female	1,270	225	50	10	65	10	5	40	55	80	1,805	555	2,360	1,555	
		Total	2,155	320	80	20	120	10	15	70	80	145	3,025	895	3,920	2,580	
	Total	Male	Male	3,600	530	160	120	625	45	40	245	195	225	5,790	1,390	7,180	4,410
			Female	4,805	915	230	165	795	95	35	170	255	290	7,755	1,965	9,720	6,115
		Total	8,405	1,450	385	290	1,420	140	75	420	450	510	13,545	3,355	16,900	10,530	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 1b: Destinations of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Male	2,940	480	105	105	590	25	35	230	175	3,630
Female	3,965	760	160	155	755	60	30	145	200	5,040
Total	6,910	1,240	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	8,670
Male	62.7%	10.2%	2.2%	2.3%	12.6%	0.5%	0.8%	4.9%	3.8%	77.5%
Female	63.7%	12.2%	2.6%	2.5%	12.1%	1.0%	0.5%	2.3%	3.2%	80.9%
Total	63.3%	11.3%	2.4%	2.4%	12.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	79.4%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 1c: Destinations of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
First Degree	5,510	950	215	235	1,170	70	55	310	310	6,915
Other Undergraduate	120	55	20	15	85	10	0	15	15	210
All Undergraduate	5,635	1,010	235	250	1,255	85	55	325	320	7,125
Postgraduate	1,275	230	25	10	90	5	15	50	55	1,540
Total	6,910	1,240	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	8,670
First Degree	62.4%	10.8%	2.5%	2.7%	13.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.5%	3.5%	78.3%
Other Undergraduate	36.4%	17.0%	5.4%	3.9%	25.4%	3.6%	0.3%	4.2%	3.9%	62.7%
All Undergraduate	61.5%	11.0%	2.6%	2.7%	13.7%	0.9%	0.6%	3.5%	3.5%	77.8%
Postgraduate	72.6%	13.1%	1.5%	0.6%	5.1%	0.2%	0.9%	3.0%	3.1%	87.9%
Total	63.3%	11.3%	2.4%	2.4%	12.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	79.4%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 1d: Destinations of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Male	660	50	55	15	35	20	5	15	20	780
Female	835	160	70	15	40	35	0	30	55	1,080
Total	1,495	210	125	30	75	55	5	45	75	1,860
Male	75.3%	5.8%	6.3%	1.7%	4.1%	2.3%	0.3%	1.9%	2.3%	89.1%
Female	67.6%	12.8%	5.7%	1.1%	3.1%	2.8%	0.2%	2.3%	4.4%	87.2%
Total	70.8%	9.9%	5.9%	1.4%	3.5%	2.6%	0.2%	2.1%	3.5%	88.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 1e: Destinations of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
First Degree	360	75	15	5	25	15	0	20	35	455
Other Undergraduate	255	45	55	10	15	30	0	10	15	365
All Undergraduate	615	120	70	20	40	45	5	25	50	820
Postgraduate	885	90	55	10	30	10	0	20	25	1,035
Total	1,495	210	125	30	75	55	5	45	75	1,860
First Degree	65.5%	13.3%	2.7%	1.3%	4.7%	3.1%	0.2%	3.3%	6.0%	82.7%
Other Undergraduate	57.8%	10.5%	12.8%	2.7%	3.7%	6.6%	0.5%	1.8%	3.7%	83.8%
All Undergraduate	62.0%	12.0%	7.2%	1.9%	4.3%	4.7%	0.3%	2.6%	5.0%	83.2%
Postgraduate	78.5%	8.0%	4.8%	0.9%	2.8%	0.8%	0.2%	1.7%	2.3%	92.2%
Total	70.8%	9.9%	5.9%	1.4%	3.5%	2.6%	0.2%	2.1%	3.5%	88.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 2a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode	Country of institution	Destinations										Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known				
Full-time	NI	4,770	920	210	195	935	70	50	285	255	240	7,935	1,655	9,590	6,100
	England	1,555	260	35	50	305	10	15	70	95	110	2,510	700	3,210	1,900
	Scotland	515	50	10	10	90	5	0	15	25	40	765	180	945	585
	Wales	70	10	5	0	15	0	0	0	5	5	105	30	140	85
	UK Total	6,910	1,240	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	395	11,315	2,565	13,885	8,670
Part-time	NI	1,290	185	115	20	65	55	5	40	65	95	1,940	700	2,640	1,615
	England	160	15	10	5	5	0	0	5	5	15	220	65	285	190
	Scotland	40	5	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	5	55	20	75	45
	Wales	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	15	10
	UK Total	1,495	210	125	30	75	55	5	45	75	115	2,225	790	3,015	1,860
Total	NI	6,060	1,105	325	220	1,000	125	55	330	320	335	9,875	2,360	12,230	7,710
	England	1,715	275	45	60	310	10	15	75	100	125	2,730	765	3,495	2,090
	Scotland	555	55	10	10	90	5	0	15	25	45	820	200	1,020	635
	Wales	75	10	5	0	15	0	0	0	5	5	120	35	150	95
	UK Total	8,405	1,450	385	290	1,420	140	75	420	450	510	13,545	3,355	16,900	10,530

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 2b: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Mode	Country of institution	Destinations									Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Full-time	NI	62.0%	11.9%	2.8%	2.5%	12.2%	0.9%	0.7%	3.7%	3.3%	79.2%
	England	64.8%	10.8%	1.5%	2.1%	12.7%	0.5%	0.7%	3.0%	3.9%	79.2%
	Scotland	71.1%	7.1%	1.5%	1.5%	12.3%	0.7%	0.1%	2.4%	3.3%	81.2%
	Wales	67.0%	9.7%	2.9%	1.9%	15.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	81.6%
	UK Total	63.3%	11.3%	2.4%	2.4%	12.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	79.4%
Part-time	NI	70.0%	10.1%	6.2%	1.2%	3.5%	2.9%	0.3%	2.3%	3.5%	87.5%
	England	77.2%	7.3%	4.4%	3.4%	2.4%	0.5%	0.0%	1.5%	3.4%	92.2%
	Scotland	78.8%	9.6%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%	88.5%
	Wales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	UK Total	70.8%	9.9%	5.9%	1.4%	3.5%	2.6%	0.2%	2.1%	3.5%	88.0%
Total	NI	63.5%	11.6%	3.4%	2.3%	10.5%	1.3%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	80.8%
	England	65.8%	10.5%	1.7%	2.2%	11.9%	0.5%	0.7%	2.9%	3.9%	80.2%
	Scotland	71.6%	7.2%	1.4%	1.4%	11.9%	0.6%	0.1%	2.2%	3.5%	81.7%
	Wales	65.8%	10.5%	3.5%	1.8%	14.9%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	81.6%
	UK Total	64.5%	11.1%	3.0%	2.2%	10.9%	1.1%	0.6%	3.2%	3.5%	80.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Note:

Percentages are not subject to rounding, but those calculated on populations fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 3a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by subject area - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Subject area	Destinations											Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment	Further Study only
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known						
Medicine & dentistry	405	5	5	0	20	0	0	0	5	15	455	40	495	410	20	
Subjects allied to medicine	1,245	125	20	20	120	5	5	20	30	50	1,640	310	1,950	1,410	125	
Biological sciences	350	135	20	45	205	10	10	30	35	45	885	240	1,125	550	220	
Veterinary science	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	5	30	25	0	
Agriculture & related subjects	100	10	5	5	35	0	0	5	10	0	170	25	195	120	35	
Physical sciences	185	40	10	10	115	5	5	20	15	10	410	80	485	240	120	
Mathematical sciences	70	5	5	5	35	0	5	5	5	10	135	25	160	80	35	
Computer science	635	60	15	5	40	5	10	65	30	30	895	170	1,065	715	45	
Engineering & technology	470	40	15	5	70	0	5	35	25	25	690	140	825	530	70	
Architecture, building & planning	210	15	10	5	15	0	0	15	15	5	300	70	370	245	20	
Social studies	490	105	15	25	160	20	5	30	35	40	925	315	1,235	630	180	
Law	290	45	15	25	95	5	5	15	25	30	545	145	690	375	100	
Business & administrative studies	945	125	70	15	85	5	5	35	70	30	1,385	285	1,665	1,155	90	
Mass communications & documentation	140	40	10	10	15	0	0	20	10	10	250	75	325	195	20	
Languages	155	75	10	30	110	5	0	10	15	15	425	130	555	265	115	
Historical & philosophical studies	135	60	5	30	70	5	0	25	10	20	365	100	465	235	75	
Creative arts & design	300	185	10	20	75	10	0	40	25	20	690	215	905	515	85	
Education	760	175	25	15	75	15	5	5	20	40	1,135	190	1,325	975	90	
Combined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	10	0	0	
Total	6,910	1,240	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	395	11,315	2,565	13,885	8,670	1,430	
Broad STEM	3,700	425	105	100	655	25	40	195	165	190	5,600	1,105	6,705	4,330	680	
Narrow STEM	1,710	275	60	70	465	20	30	150	105	115	3,010	655	3,665	2,120	485	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. Broad STEM subjects include Medicine & dentistry, Subjects allied to medicine, Biological sciences, Veterinary sciences, Agriculture & related subjects, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science, Engineering & technology and Architecture, building & planning.
4. Narrow STEM subjects include Biological sciences, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science and Engineering & technology.

Table 3b: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by subject area - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Subject area	Destinations									Employment	Further Study only
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other		
Medicine & dentistry	92.3%	0.6%	0.9%	0.2%	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	1.1%	94.0%	4.4%
Subjects allied to medicine	78.3%	7.7%	1.3%	1.2%	7.6%	0.2%	0.3%	1.4%	1.9%	88.6%	7.8%
Biological sciences	41.9%	16.2%	2.5%	5.1%	24.7%	1.3%	1.0%	3.5%	4.1%	65.6%	25.9%
Veterinary science	96.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%	96.2%	0.0%
Agriculture & related subjects	59.9%	5.0%	3.0%	2.4%	19.6%	0.0%	1.2%	4.2%	4.7%	70.3%	19.6%
Physical sciences	46.1%	9.7%	1.9%	2.9%	29.1%	0.8%	1.1%	5.0%	3.3%	60.7%	29.9%
Mathematical sciences	54.5%	3.6%	2.3%	3.1%	25.5%	0.8%	2.7%	2.3%	5.1%	63.6%	26.2%
Computer science	73.5%	6.9%	1.7%	0.8%	4.7%	0.4%	1.2%	7.3%	3.4%	82.9%	5.1%
Engineering & technology	71.0%	5.8%	2.4%	0.8%	10.7%	0.0%	0.8%	5.0%	3.6%	79.8%	10.7%
Architecture, building & planning	72.4%	5.8%	3.8%	1.4%	5.5%	0.7%	0.3%	5.1%	5.1%	83.3%	6.1%
Social studies	55.2%	11.6%	1.9%	2.7%	18.0%	2.3%	0.7%	3.5%	4.0%	71.5%	20.3%
Law	56.2%	9.2%	2.6%	4.4%	18.3%	0.7%	1.4%	2.8%	4.4%	72.4%	19.1%
Business & administrative studies	70.0%	9.3%	5.0%	1.0%	6.1%	0.4%	0.3%	2.7%	5.1%	85.3%	6.5%
Mass communications and documentation	57.0%	16.5%	3.4%	3.2%	6.8%	1.0%	0.4%	8.1%	3.6%	80.1%	7.8%
Languages	37.3%	18.4%	2.5%	6.7%	26.9%	1.1%	0.5%	2.4%	4.2%	64.9%	28.0%
Historical and philosophical studies	38.7%	18.1%	2.1%	9.3%	21.0%	0.9%	0.6%	6.6%	2.8%	68.2%	21.8%
Creative arts & design	45.3%	27.8%	1.3%	2.8%	11.4%	1.2%	0.4%	5.8%	4.0%	77.2%	12.6%
Education	69.1%	15.9%	2.5%	1.3%	7.0%	1.4%	0.4%	0.7%	1.7%	88.8%	8.4%
Combined	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	63.3%	11.3%	2.4%	2.4%	12.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	79.4%	13.1%
Broad STEM	68.4%	7.9%	1.9%	1.8%	12.1%	0.4%	0.7%	3.6%	3.1%	80.0%	12.6%
Narrow STEM	59.1%	9.6%	2.1%	2.4%	16.1%	0.6%	1.1%	5.1%	3.7%	73.3%	16.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Note:

Percentages are not subject to rounding, but those calculated on populations fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 4a: Destinations of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and MDM quintiles- 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode of study	Multiple Deprivation Measure Quintile (2017)	Employment activity										Employment	Further study only	
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not Known			Total
Full-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	795	190	25	35	145	15	10	55	45	55	1,375	1,045	160
	Quintile 2	1,260	210	45	40	200	15	5	75	75	75	2,000	1,555	215
	Quintile 3	1,605	250	70	50	265	25	15	70	90	70	2,505	1,975	285
	Quintile 4	1,610	290	60	55	350	20	25	85	60	85	2,640	2,020	370
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	1,630	295	60	80	385	15	15	90	105	110	2,780	2,060	400
	Total	6,900	1,235	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	395	11,300	8,660	1,430
Part-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	205	20	20	0	10	5	0	10	10	15	295	245	15
	Quintile 2	270	50	25	5	15	10	0	5	10	25	420	350	30
	Quintile 3	310	40	25	5	15	15	0	10	20	25	465	380	30
	Quintile 4	325	40	30	5	15	5	0	15	20	20	475	405	20
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	380	55	30	10	15	15	0	10	15	30	565	475	30
	Total	1,490	210	125	30	75	55	5	45	75	110	2,220	1,855	130
Total	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	1,000	210	45	35	155	20	10	65	60	70	1,670	1,290	175
	Quintile 2	1,530	260	70	45	220	25	5	80	85	95	2,415	1,905	245
	Quintile 3	1,920	290	95	55	280	40	15	75	110	95	2,970	2,360	320
	Quintile 4	1,940	330	90	65	365	25	25	100	80	100	3,115	2,420	390
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	2,010	350	90	85	400	30	15	100	120	145	3,345	2,535	430
	Total	8,390	1,445	385	290	1,415	140	75	420	450	505	13,520	10,510	1,555

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. In 25 cases the postcode was unknown and therefore no MDM quintile could be assigned.

Table 4b: Destinations of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and MDM quintile - 2016/17

Mode of study		Multiple Deprivation Measure Quintile (2017)	Employment activity								Employment	Further study only
			Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed		
Full-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	60.2%	14.5%	2.0%	2.6%	11.0%	1.1%	0.8%	4.2%	3.6%	79.3%	12.1%
	Quintile 2	65.4%	10.9%	2.4%	2.0%	10.5%	0.8%	0.3%	3.9%	3.8%	80.6%	11.3%
	Quintile 3	66.0%	10.2%	2.9%	2.1%	10.8%	0.9%	0.6%	2.8%	3.7%	81.2%	11.7%
	Quintile 4	63.0%	11.4%	2.3%	2.2%	13.6%	0.7%	0.9%	3.3%	2.4%	79.0%	14.4%
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	61.1%	11.0%	2.3%	2.9%	14.4%	0.5%	0.5%	3.4%	3.9%	77.3%	14.9%
	Total	63.3%	11.3%	2.4%	2.4%	12.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	79.4%	13.1%
Part-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	73.1%	6.8%	6.8%	0.7%	3.6%	2.2%	0.0%	2.9%	3.9%	87.5%	5.7%
	Quintile 2	68.3%	12.9%	5.8%	1.8%	4.3%	2.8%	0.3%	1.0%	2.8%	88.8%	7.1%
	Quintile 3	70.2%	9.5%	5.4%	1.1%	3.8%	3.4%	0.5%	1.8%	4.3%	86.2%	7.2%
	Quintile 4	71.3%	8.8%	6.8%	1.3%	3.5%	1.3%	0.2%	2.8%	3.9%	88.2%	4.8%
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	71.3%	10.7%	5.2%	1.7%	2.6%	3.0%	0.2%	2.2%	3.0%	89.0%	5.6%
	Total	70.8%	9.9%	5.9%	1.4%	3.5%	2.6%	0.2%	2.1%	3.6%	88.0%	6.1%
Total	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	62.4%	13.2%	2.9%	2.3%	9.7%	1.3%	0.6%	4.0%	3.6%	80.7%	11.0%
	Quintile 2	65.9%	11.2%	3.0%	2.0%	9.4%	1.1%	0.3%	3.4%	3.7%	82.0%	10.6%
	Quintile 3	66.6%	10.1%	3.3%	1.9%	9.7%	1.3%	0.6%	2.6%	3.8%	82.0%	11.0%
	Quintile 4	64.3%	11.0%	3.0%	2.1%	12.1%	0.8%	0.8%	3.3%	2.6%	80.4%	12.9%
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	62.8%	11.0%	2.8%	2.7%	12.4%	0.9%	0.5%	3.2%	3.7%	79.2%	13.4%
	Total	64.5%	11.1%	3.0%	2.2%	10.9%	1.1%	0.6%	3.2%	3.5%	80.8%	12.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Note:

In 25 cases the postcode was unknown and therefore no MDM quintile could be assigned.

Table 5a: Location of Employment of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17

			Location of Employment						Total respondents
			Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union	Not Known	
Mode	Level	Gender							
Full-time	First Degree	Male	2,145	580	105	40	45	0	2,910
		Female	2,975	835	95	35	65	5	4,005
		Total	5,120	1,415	200	75	110	5	6,915
	Other Undergraduate	Male	80	25	0	0	0	0	105
		Female	85	20	0	0	0	0	105
		Total	165	40	0	0	5	0	210
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,220	605	105	40	45	0	3,015
		Female	3,060	850	95	35	65	5	4,110
		Total	5,280	1,455	200	75	110	5	7,125
	Postgraduate	Male	375	175	25	10	25	0	615
		Female	610	260	35	5	15	0	925
		Total	990	435	60	15	40	0	1,540
	Total	Male	2,600	780	130	50	70	0	3,630
		Female	3,670	1,110	130	40	80	5	5,040
		Total	6,270	1,890	260	90	155	5	8,670
Part-time	First Degree	Male	185	15	5	0	5	0	210
		Female	225	20	5	0	0	0	245
		Total	405	35	10	0	5	0	455
	Other Undergraduate	Male	155	5	5	0	0	0	165
		Female	195	5	0	0	0	0	205
		Total	350	15	5	0	0	0	365
	All Undergraduate	Male	335	20	10	0	5	0	370
		Female	420	25	5	0	0	0	450
		Total	755	45	15	0	5	0	820
	Postgraduate	Male	350	45	10	0	5	0	410
		Female	560	40	15	0	10	0	625
		Total	910	85	20	5	15	0	1,035
	Total	Male	685	70	15	0	10	0	780
		Female	980	65	20	0	10	0	1,080
		Total	1,670	135	35	5	20	0	1,860
Total	First Degree	Male	2,325	595	110	40	50	0	3,120
		Female	3,200	850	100	35	65	5	4,250
		Total	5,525	1,445	210	75	115	5	7,370
	Other Undergraduate	Male	230	30	5	0	0	0	265
		Female	280	25	0	0	0	0	310
		Total	515	55	5	0	5	0	575
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,560	625	115	40	50	0	3,385
		Female	3,480	875	100	35	65	5	4,560
		Total	6,040	1,500	215	75	115	5	7,950
	Postgraduate	Male	725	225	35	10	30	0	1,025
		Female	1,175	300	45	10	25	0	1,555
		Total	1,900	525	80	20	55	0	2,580
	Total	Male	3,285	850	145	55	80	0	4,410
		Female	4,655	1,175	150	40	95	5	6,115
		Total	7,940	2,025	295	95	170	5	10,530

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 5b: Location of Employment of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Male	2,600	780	130	50	70
Female	3,670	1,110	130	40	80
Total	6,270	1,890	260	90	155
Male	71.6%	21.5%	3.6%	1.4%	2.0%
Female	72.9%	22.1%	2.6%	0.8%	1.6%
Total	72.4%	21.8%	3.0%	1.0%	1.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5c: Location of Employment of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	5,120	1,415	200	75	110
Other Undergraduate	165	40	0	0	5
All Undergraduate	5,280	1,455	200	75	110
Postgraduate	990	435	60	15	40
Total	6,270	1,890	260	90	155
First Degree	74.0%	20.4%	2.9%	1.1%	1.6%
Other Undergraduate	78.1%	19.5%	1.0%	0.0%	1.4%
All Undergraduate	74.2%	20.4%	2.8%	1.0%	1.6%
Postgraduate	64.1%	28.4%	3.8%	1.0%	2.7%
Total	72.4%	21.8%	3.0%	1.0%	1.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5d: Location of Employment of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by location of institution - 2016/17

Location of Institution	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
NI	5,395	325	215	50	105
GB	875	1,570	45	40	45
Total	6,270	1,890	260	90	155
NI	88.6%	5.3%	3.5%	0.9%	1.8%
GB	34.0%	61.0%	1.8%	1.5%	1.8%
Total	72.4%	21.8%	3.0%	1.0%	1.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5e: Location of Employment of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Male	685	70	15	0	10
Female	980	65	20	0	10
Total	1,670	135	35	5	20
Male	87.8%	8.7%	2.2%	0.3%	1.0%
Female	91.1%	6.0%	1.7%	0.2%	1.0%
Total	89.7%	7.2%	1.9%	0.2%	1.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5f: Location of Employment of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	405	35	10	0	5
Other Undergraduate	350	15	5	0	0
All Undergraduate	755	45	15	0	5
Postgraduate	910	85	20	5	15
Total	1,670	135	35	5	20
First Degree	89.5%	7.5%	2.2%	0.0%	0.9%
Other Undergraduate	95.1%	3.5%	1.1%	0.0%	0.3%
All Undergraduate	92.0%	5.7%	1.7%	0.0%	0.6%
Postgraduate	87.9%	8.3%	2.0%	0.4%	1.4%
Total	89.7%	7.2%	1.9%	0.2%	1.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5g: Location of Employment of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by location of institution - 2016/17

Location of Institution	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
NI	1,525	45	25	0	15
GB	145	85	10	0	5
Total	1,670	135	35	5	20
NI	94.5%	2.9%	1.7%	0.1%	0.8%
GB	58.4%	35.1%	3.3%	0.8%	2.4%
Total	89.7%	7.2%	1.9%	0.2%	1.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 6a: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs, in Employment, by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode	Level	Gender	Standard Occupational Classification										Total Respondents	SOC groups 1-3
			Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations	Not known/Not applicable		
Full-time	First Degree	Male	95	1,370	735	100	55	60	315	20	160	0	2,910	2,200
		Female	100	2,075	820	215	20	185	425	5	155	0	4,005	2,995
		Total	190	3,445	1,555	315	75	240	740	30	315	5	6,915	5,195
	Other Undergraduate	Male	5	20	15	5	10	5	30	0	15	0	105	40
		Female	5	20	20	10	0	15	25	0	10	0	105	40
		Total	10	40	35	10	10	20	55	0	30	0	210	85
	All Undergraduate	Male	100	1,390	750	105	65	60	345	25	175	0	3,015	2,240
		Female	105	2,095	840	225	20	195	455	10	165	0	4,110	3,035
		Total	200	3,485	1,590	330	85	260	795	30	345	5	7,125	5,280
	Postgraduate	Male	20	440	100	10	5	5	30	0	5	0	615	560
		Female	30	715	105	25	0	15	30	0	5	0	925	850
		Total	45	1,160	205	30	5	20	55	0	10	5	1,540	1,410
	Total	Male	120	1,835	850	110	65	70	375	25	180	5	3,630	2,800
		Female	130	2,810	945	250	20	215	480	10	175	5	5,040	3,885
		Total	250	4,645	1,795	360	90	280	855	35	355	5	8,670	6,690
Part-time	First Degree	Male	20	70	80	10	5	0	15	5	5	0	210	170
		Female	15	90	70	30	0	25	10	0	5	0	245	180
		Total	40	160	150	40	5	25	25	5	10	0	455	350
	Other Undergraduate	Male	20	70	65	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	165	150
		Female	20	70	80	15	0	15	5	0	0	0	205	170
		Total	40	140	140	20	5	15	5	0	5	0	365	320
	All Undergraduate	Male	40	140	145	15	5	5	15	5	10	0	370	320
		Female	40	160	150	45	0	40	15	0	5	0	450	345
		Total	75	295	295	60	5	40	30	5	10	0	820	665
	Postgraduate	Male	50	270	75	10	0	5	5	0	0	0	410	390
		Female	30	475	100	10	0	0	5	0	0	0	625	605
		Total	80	745	175	20	0	5	10	0	5	0	1,035	1,000
	Total	Male	90	405	215	20	10	5	20	5	10	0	780	710
		Female	70	635	250	60	0	40	20	0	5	0	1,080	955
		Total	160	1,040	465	80	10	45	40	5	15	0	1,860	1,665
Total	First Degree	Male	115	1,440	815	110	60	60	325	25	165	0	3,120	2,370
		Female	115	2,165	895	250	20	205	435	5	160	5	4,250	3,175
		Total	230	3,605	1,710	360	80	265	765	30	325	5	7,370	5,545
	Other Undergraduate	Male	25	90	75	5	10	5	35	0	20	0	265	190
		Female	25	90	100	25	0	30	30	0	10	0	310	210
		Total	50	180	175	30	15	35	65	5	30	0	575	400
	All Undergraduate	Male	140	1,530	895	115	70	65	360	25	185	0	3,385	2,560
		Female	140	2,250	990	270	20	235	465	10	170	5	4,560	3,385
		Total	280	3,780	1,885	390	95	300	825	35	355	5	7,950	5,945
	Postgraduate	Male	70	710	175	15	5	10	30	0	5	0	1,025	955
		Female	60	1,190	205	35	0	20	35	0	10	0	1,555	1,455
		Total	130	1,905	380	55	5	25	65	0	15	5	2,580	2,410
	Total	Male	205	2,240	1,065	135	75	75	390	30	190	5	4,410	3,515
		Female	200	3,445	1,195	310	20	255	500	10	180	5	6,115	4,840
		Total	405	5,685	2,265	440	95	325	890	35	370	10	10,530	8,355

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 6b: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs, in Employment, by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Mode	Level	Gender	Standard Occupational Classification										SOC groups 1-3
			Manager and Senior Officials	Professional	Associate Professional and Technical	Administrative and Secretarial	Skilled Trades	Caring, leisure and other service	Sales and Customer Service	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	Elementary		
Full-time	First Degree	Male	3.2%	47.1%	25.3%	3.4%	1.9%	2.0%	10.8%	0.8%	5.5%	75.6%	
		Female	2.5%	51.8%	20.5%	5.4%	0.5%	4.6%	10.6%	0.2%	3.9%	74.8%	
		Total	2.8%	49.8%	22.5%	4.6%	1.1%	3.5%	10.7%	0.4%	4.6%	75.1%	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	5.8%	20.2%	13.5%	2.9%	7.7%	3.8%	28.8%	1.0%	16.3%	39.4%	
		Female	3.8%	17.0%	18.9%	7.5%	1.9%	13.2%	25.5%	0.9%	11.3%	39.6%	
		Total	4.8%	18.6%	16.2%	5.2%	4.8%	8.6%	27.1%	1.0%	13.8%	39.5%	
	All Undergraduate	Male	3.3%	46.2%	24.9%	3.4%	2.1%	2.1%	11.4%	0.8%	5.9%	74.4%	
		Female	2.5%	50.9%	20.5%	5.5%	0.5%	4.8%	11.0%	0.2%	4.1%	73.9%	
		Total	2.8%	48.9%	22.3%	4.6%	1.2%	3.6%	11.2%	0.4%	4.8%	74.1%	
	Postgraduate	Male	3.1%	72.1%	16.3%	1.3%	0.5%	1.0%	4.7%	0.2%	0.8%	91.5%	
		Female	3.0%	77.3%	11.4%	2.6%	0.0%	1.7%	3.0%	0.1%	0.8%	91.8%	
		Total	3.1%	75.2%	13.4%	2.1%	0.2%	1.4%	3.7%	0.1%	0.8%	91.7%	
	Total	Male	3.3%	50.6%	23.4%	3.1%	1.8%	1.9%	10.3%	0.7%	5.0%	77.3%	
		Female	2.6%	55.8%	18.8%	4.9%	0.4%	4.2%	9.6%	0.2%	3.5%	77.2%	
Total		2.9%	53.6%	20.7%	4.2%	1.0%	3.2%	9.9%	0.4%	4.1%	77.2%		
Part-time	First Degree	Male	10.1%	33.2%	38.5%	5.3%	1.9%	1.0%	6.3%	1.4%	2.4%	81.7%	
		Female	6.9%	36.2%	29.3%	12.6%	0.0%	9.3%	4.5%	0.0%	1.2%	72.4%	
		Total	8.4%	34.8%	33.5%	9.3%	0.9%	5.5%	5.3%	0.7%	1.8%	76.7%	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	11.0%	42.3%	38.7%	1.2%	1.8%	0.6%	1.8%	0.6%	1.8%	92.0%	
		Female	10.3%	34.5%	38.4%	7.9%	0.0%	7.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	83.3%	
		Total	10.7%	38.0%	38.5%	4.9%	0.8%	4.4%	1.6%	0.3%	0.8%	87.2%	
	All Undergraduate	Male	10.5%	37.2%	38.5%	3.5%	1.9%	0.8%	4.3%	1.1%	2.2%	86.3%	
		Female	8.5%	35.4%	33.4%	10.5%	0.0%	8.5%	3.1%	0.0%	0.7%	77.3%	
		Total	9.4%	36.2%	35.7%	7.3%	0.9%	5.0%	3.7%	0.5%	1.3%	81.3%	
	Postgraduate	Male	12.2%	65.6%	17.8%	2.2%	0.2%	0.7%	0.7%	0.0%	0.5%	95.6%	
		Female	4.9%	75.9%	15.9%	1.9%	0.0%	0.3%	0.8%	0.0%	0.2%	96.8%	
		Total	7.8%	71.8%	16.7%	2.0%	0.1%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%	0.3%	96.3%	
	Total	Male	11.4%	52.1%	27.7%	2.8%	1.0%	0.8%	2.4%	0.5%	1.3%	91.2%	
		Female	6.4%	59.0%	23.2%	5.5%	0.0%	3.7%	1.8%	0.0%	0.4%	88.7%	
Total		8.5%	56.1%	25.1%	4.4%	0.4%	2.5%	2.0%	0.2%	0.8%	89.7%		
Total	First Degree	Male	3.7%	46.2%	26.2%	3.6%	1.9%	1.9%	10.5%	0.8%	5.3%	76.0%	
		Female	2.7%	50.9%	21.0%	5.8%	0.5%	4.8%	10.3%	0.2%	3.7%	74.7%	
		Total	3.1%	48.9%	23.2%	4.9%	1.1%	3.6%	10.4%	0.4%	4.4%	75.2%	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	9.0%	33.7%	28.8%	1.9%	4.1%	1.9%	12.4%	0.7%	7.5%	71.5%	
		Female	8.1%	28.5%	31.7%	7.8%	0.6%	9.4%	9.7%	0.3%	3.9%	68.3%	
		Total	8.5%	30.9%	30.4%	5.0%	2.3%	5.9%	10.9%	0.5%	5.6%	69.8%	
	All Undergraduate	Male	4.1%	45.2%	26.4%	3.4%	2.1%	1.9%	10.6%	0.8%	5.5%	75.7%	
		Female	3.1%	49.4%	21.7%	6.0%	0.5%	5.2%	10.2%	0.2%	3.7%	74.2%	
		Total	3.5%	47.6%	23.7%	4.9%	1.2%	3.8%	10.4%	0.4%	4.5%	74.8%	
	Postgraduate	Male	6.7%	69.5%	16.9%	1.7%	0.4%	0.9%	3.1%	0.1%	0.7%	93.2%	
		Female	3.8%	76.8%	13.3%	2.3%	0.0%	1.2%	2.1%	0.1%	0.5%	93.8%	
		Total	5.0%	73.9%	14.7%	2.1%	0.2%	1.0%	2.5%	0.1%	0.6%	93.6%	
	Total	Male	4.7%	50.8%	24.2%	3.0%	1.7%	1.7%	8.9%	0.6%	4.4%	79.7%	
		Female	3.3%	56.4%	19.6%	5.0%	0.4%	4.1%	8.2%	0.1%	2.9%	79.2%	
Total		3.9%	54.0%	21.5%	4.2%	0.9%	3.1%	8.5%	0.4%	3.5%	79.4%		

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 7: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from a UK HEI in full-time employment by mode of study, level of qualification and gender - 2016/17

Mode	Level	Gender	Salary band								Total Respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
			less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+					
Full-time	First Degree	Male	0	85	435	520	255	125	30	25	1,480	£22,190	£21,000	870	2,350
		Female	5	140	560	890	190	125	25	10	1,955	£21,120	£21,000	1,210	3,160
		Total	10	230	995	1,410	445	255	55	35	3,430	£21,580	£21,000	2,080	5,510
	Other Undergraduate	Male	0	5	15	10	5	0	0	0	35	£19,600	£19,000	30	65
		Female	0	10	15	5	5	0	0	0	35	£18,685	£17,000	25	60
		Total	0	15	30	15	10	0	0	0	70	£19,145	£17,500	50	120
	Postgraduate	Male	0	15	55	120	55	45	15	10	315	£24,585	£23,000	215	525
		Female	0	20	70	205	70	35	15	5	420	£23,310	£22,000	325	745
		Total	0	35	125	325	125	80	30	15	735	£23,855	£23,000	540	1,275
	Total	Male	0	105	505	650	310	175	45	35	1,825	£22,555	£22,000	1,115	2,940
Female		5	170	645	1100	265	165	40	15	2,410	£21,470	£21,000	1,555	3,965	
Total		10	275	1150	1755	575	335	85	50	4,235	£21,935	£22,000	2,670	6,910	
Part-time	First Degree	Male	0	5	20	30	20	15	10	15	115	£28,570	£25,000	65	180
		Female	0	10	35	35	25	10	10	5	125	£23,530	£22,000	55	180
		Total	0	10	55	65	45	25	20	20	240	£25,935	£23,000	120	360
	Other Undergraduate	Male	0	0	10	10	20	15	5	5	60	£28,275	£28,000	60	120
		Female	0	5	5	20	20	10	5	5	70	£26,415	£25,000	65	135
		Total	0	5	15	30	40	25	10	10	130	£27,290	£26,000	120	255
	Postgraduate	Male	0	0	15	25	35	40	25	85	230	£44,500	£33,000	130	360
		Female	0	0	10	35	70	85	50	85	340	£34,415	£32,000	180	520
		Total	0	0	25	60	105	125	75	170	570	£38,465	£32,000	315	885
	Total	Male	0	5	45	65	75	70	45	100	405	£37,530	£30,000	255	660
Female		0	10	50	90	115	105	65	95	535	£30,830	£29,000	300	835	
Total		5	15	95	155	190	175	105	200	940	£33,715	£30,000	555	1,495	
Total	First Degree	Male	5	90	455	550	275	140	40	40	1,590	£22,650	£22,000	935	2,530
		Female	5	150	595	925	215	140	35	15	2,080	£21,265	£21,000	1,265	3,345
		Total	10	240	1050	1,475	490	280	75	50	3,670	£21,865	£21,000	2,200	5,870
	Other Undergraduate	Male	0	5	20	20	25	15	5	5	95	£25,145	£25,000	85	185
		Female	0	10	20	25	25	10	5	5	105	£23,840	£23,000	85	190
		Total	0	15	45	45	50	25	10	10	200	£24,465	£24,000	175	375
	Postgraduate	Male	0	15	70	145	90	85	45	90	540	£33,000	£26,000	345	890
		Female	0	20	80	240	140	120	65	90	760	£28,280	£26,000	505	1,270
		Total	0	40	150	385	230	205	110	185	1,305	£30,240	£26,000	855	2,155
	Total	Male	5	110	545	715	390	240	90	135	2,230	£25,275	£22,000	1,370	3,600
Female		10	185	700	1190	380	270	105	110	2,945	£23,170	£22,000	1,855	4,805	
Total		10	295	1,245	1,910	765	510	190	245	5,175	£24,075	£22,000	3,225	8,405	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 8: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in full-time employment by country of institution and gender - 2016/17

Country of institution	Gender	Salary band								Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
		less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+					
NI	Male	0	80	375	465	205	105	20	20	1,270	£21,935	£21,000	815	2,085
	Female	5	125	460	695	150	100	25	15	1,570	£21,185	£21,000	1,115	2,685
	Total	5	205	835	1160	355	205	40	35	2,840	£21,520	£21,000	1,930	4,770
GB	Male	0	25	125	185	110	65	25	15	555	£23,970	£23,000	300	855
	Female	5	45	190	405	115	65	15	0	840	£21,995	£22,000	440	1,280
	Total	5	70	315	595	220	130	45	15	1,395	£22,780	£22,000	745	2,135
Total	Male	0	105	505	650	310	175	45	35	1,825	£22,555	£22,000	1,115	2,940
	Female	5	170	645	1100	265	165	40	15	2,410	£21,470	£21,000	1,555	3,965
	Total	10	275	1150	1755	575	335	85	50	4,235	£21,935	£22,000	2,670	6,910

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 9: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in full-time employment by country of employment and gender - 2016/17

Country of employment	Gender	Salary band								Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
		less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+					
NI	Male	0	95	425	500	200	100	15	10	1,345	£21,405	£21,000	685	2,030
	Female	5	145	530	755	155	80	20	15	1,705	£20,760	£21,000	1,055	2,760
	Total	5	240	955	1,260	355	180	35	25	3,050	£21,045	£21,000	1,740	4,795
GB	Male	0	10	80	145	110	70	30	20	465	£25,730	£24,000	220	690
	Female	0	25	115	340	110	80	15	0	690	£23,145	£22,000	290	980
	Total	5	35	195	485	220	150	45	25	1,155	£24,190	£23,000	515	1,670
Other	Male	0	0	5	5	0	5	0	0	15	-	-	205	220
	Female	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	10	-	-	210	220
	Total	0	0	5	10	5	5	5	0	25	£26,960	£24,500	415	440
Total	Male	0	105	505	650	310	175	45	35	1,825	£22,555	£22,000	1,115	2,940
	Female	5	170	645	1,100	265	165	40	15	2,410	£21,470	£21,000	1,555	3,965
	Total	10	275	1,150	1,755	575	335	85	50	4,235	£21,935	£22,000	2,670	6,910

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. There were 5 cases where the location of employment was not known for Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment. These cases are not separated in the table above but are included in the total.
4. Salaries collected on populations of fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 10: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment by Standard Occupational Classification - 2016/17

Standard Occupational Classification	First Degree			Not known	Total
	Respondents	Mean	Median		
Managers, directors and senior officials	110	£20,435	£19,000	70	180
Professional occupations	2060	£23,420	£22,000	1,050	3,115
Associate professional and technical occupations	755	£20,065	£19,000	535	1,290
Administrative and secretarial occupations	160	£17,390	£17,000	100	265
Skilled trades occupations	40	£20,525	£18,000	15	55
Caring, leisure and other service occupations	70	£15,755	£15,500	70	140
Sales and customer service occupations	150	£15,665	£16,000	145	295
Process, plant and machine operatives	10	-	-	10	20
Elementary occupations	75	£15,395	£15,000	85	155
Total	3430	£21,580	£21,000	2,080	5,510

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. Leavers whose Standard Occupational Classification was 'Not known/not applicable' are not shown separately in the table above, but are included in the total.
4. Salaries collected on populations of fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 11a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by level of qualification and country of institution - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Destinations										Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Further Study
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known				
NI	First Degree	3,915	715	180	185	825	55	40	240	210	170	6,540	1,265	7,805	1,245
	Other Undergraduate	70	40	15	5	50	10	0	10	5	15	230	90	320	85
	Postgraduate	785	160	15	5	60	0	10	35	35	55	1,165	300	1,465	80
	Total	4,770	920	210	195	935	70	50	285	255	240	7,935	1,655	9,590	1,415
GB	First Degree	1,595	235	35	55	345	15	15	70	100	115	2,575	670	3,245	450
	Other Undergraduate	50	15	0	5	35	0	0	5	5	15	130	100	230	40
	Postgraduate	490	70	15	5	30	0	5	15	15	30	675	140	820	50
	Total	2,135	320	50	65	410	15	20	90	120	155	3,380	910	4,295	540
All Students	First Degree	5,510	950	215	235	1,170	70	55	310	310	285	9,115	1,935	11,050	1,695
	Other Undergraduate	120	55	20	15	85	10	0	15	15	30	365	190	550	130
	Postgraduate	1,275	230	25	10	90	5	15	50	55	85	1,840	445	2,285	130
	Total	6,910	1,240	260	260	1,345	85	70	375	375	395	11,315	2,565	13,885	1,955

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 11b: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by level of qualification and country of institution - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Destinations									Further Study
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
NI	First Degree	61.5%	11.2%	2.9%	2.9%	12.9%	0.9%	0.6%	3.8%	3.3%	19.5%
	Other Undergraduate	32.6%	19.3%	7.8%	2.8%	23.4%	5.5%	0.5%	5.0%	3.2%	39.4%
	Postgraduate	70.7%	14.5%	1.2%	0.6%	5.4%	0.2%	0.9%	3.2%	3.3%	7.4%
	Total	62.0%	11.9%	2.8%	2.5%	12.2%	0.9%	0.7%	3.7%	3.3%	18.4%
GB	First Degree	64.8%	9.6%	1.4%	2.2%	14.1%	0.6%	0.5%	2.8%	4.0%	18.3%
	Other Undergraduate	43.6%	12.8%	0.9%	6.0%	29.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	5.1%	35.9%
	Postgraduate	75.9%	10.7%	2.2%	0.6%	4.5%	0.2%	0.8%	2.6%	2.6%	7.4%
	Total	66.3%	9.9%	1.6%	2.0%	12.7%	0.5%	0.6%	2.8%	3.8%	16.7%
All Students	First Degree	62.4%	10.8%	2.5%	2.7%	13.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.5%	3.5%	19.2%
	Other Undergraduate	36.4%	17.0%	5.4%	3.9%	25.4%	3.6%	0.3%	4.2%	3.9%	38.2%
	Postgraduate	72.6%	13.1%	1.5%	0.6%	5.1%	0.2%	0.9%	3.0%	3.1%	7.4%
	Total	63.3%	11.3%	2.4%	2.4%	12.3%	0.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	17.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 12a: Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in further study by level of qualification and country of institution - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Level of further study						Total Respondents
		Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification	
NI	First Degree	1,080	50	20	60	35	5	1,245
	Other Undergraduate	5	70	5	0	5	0	85
	Postgraduate	70	0	0	5	5	0	80
	Total	1,155	120	25	70	40	5	1,415
GB	First Degree	375	35	0	30	5	5	450
	Other Undergraduate	5	35	5	0	0	0	40
	Postgraduate	40	0	5	0	0	0	50
	Total	420	70	10	35	5	5	540
All Students	First Degree	1,455	80	20	90	40	10	1,695
	Other Undergraduate	10	105	10	0	5	0	130
	Postgraduate	110	0	5	10	5	0	130
	Total	1,575	185	35	100	45	10	1,955

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 12b: Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in further study by country of institution and level of qualification - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Level of further study					
		Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification
NI	First Degree	86.8%	3.9%	1.6%	4.8%	2.7%	0.2%
	Other Undergraduate	7.0%	82.6%	5.8%	1.2%	3.5%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	84.1%	0.0%	1.2%	8.5%	6.1%	0.0%
	Total	81.8%	8.4%	1.8%	4.8%	2.9%	0.2%
GB	First Degree	82.9%	7.3%	0.4%	6.9%	1.1%	1.3%
	Other Undergraduate	11.9%	78.6%	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	83.3%	4.2%	6.3%	4.2%	2.1%	0.0%
	Total	77.4%	12.6%	1.7%	6.1%	1.1%	1.1%
All Students	First Degree	85.8%	4.8%	1.3%	5.4%	2.2%	0.5%
	Other Undergraduate	8.6%	81.3%	7.0%	0.8%	2.3%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	83.8%	1.5%	3.1%	6.9%	4.6%	0.0%
	Total	80.6%	9.6%	1.8%	5.2%	2.4%	0.5%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 13a: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17

Mode	Level	Gender	Destinations										Total respondents	Non-respondents	Target population	Employment
			Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known				
Full-time	First Degree	Male	1,800	290	75	75	390	20	25	165	105	85	3,035	580	3,615	2,240
		Female	2,355	455	115	125	520	40	20	90	115	100	3,930	870	4,800	3,050
		Total	4,155	745	190	200	910	60	45	255	220	185	6,965	1,450	8,415	5,295
	Other Undergraduate	Male	45	20	5	5	25	0	0	5	5	10	120	80	200	75
		Female	30	20	10	5	30	10	0	5	0	5	120	50	170	65
		Total	75	45	15	5	55	10	0	10	5	15	240	130	370	140
	All Undergraduate	Male	1,845	310	85	75	415	20	25	170	110	95	3,150	660	3,815	2,315
		Female	2,385	480	125	130	550	50	20	100	115	105	4,050	920	4,970	3,120
		Total	4,230	790	210	205	965	70	45	265	225	200	7,205	1,580	8,785	5,435
	Postgraduate	Male	385	60	5	5	35	0	5	25	20	30	570	175	745	455
		Female	525	125	10	5	40	0	5	30	20	30	790	230	1,020	670
		Total	910	185	15	10	75	0	10	50	40	60	1,360	405	1,765	1,125
	Total	Male	2,230	370	90	80	450	20	35	190	130	125	3,725	835	4,560	2,770
		Female	2,910	605	135	135	590	50	20	125	135	135	4,845	1,145	5,990	3,785
Total		5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	260	8,565	1,985	10,550	6,555	
Part-time	First Degree	Male	175	15	5	5	15	5	0	5	10	10	250	90	340	200
		Female	175	50	10	5	10	10	0	10	20	20	310	110	420	240
		Total	350	65	15	5	25	15	0	20	30	30	565	200	765	440
	Other Undergraduate	Male	125	10	25	5	5	15	0	5	5	10	205	70	280	170
		Female	160	35	30	5	10	20	0	5	10	10	295	100	395	235
		Total	290	45	55	15	15	35	0	10	15	20	500	170	670	405
	All Undergraduate	Male	300	25	35	10	25	20	0	10	15	15	460	160	620	370
		Female	340	85	40	10	20	30	0	15	30	30	605	210	815	475
		Total	640	110	75	20	45	50	5	25	45	50	1,065	370	1,435	845
	Postgraduate	Male	360	20	15	0	10	0	0	5	5	30	455	175	630	400
		Female	565	75	35	5	20	5	0	15	20	35	775	395	1,170	680
		Total	925	95	55	5	30	10	5	20	25	65	1,235	570	1,800	1,080
	Total	Male	660	50	50	10	35	20	5	20	20	50	915	335	1,250	770
		Female	905	160	75	15	40	35	5	30	55	65	1,380	605	1,985	1,155
Total		1,565	205	125	25	75	60	5	50	75	115	2,295	940	3,235	1,925	
Total	First Degree	Male	1,975	305	85	75	405	30	25	170	115	95	3,285	670	3,955	2,445
		Female	2,530	505	125	130	530	50	20	105	135	120	4,245	980	5,225	3,290
		Total	4,510	815	210	205	935	75	45	275	250	210	7,530	1,650	9,180	5,735
	Other Undergraduate	Male	170	35	30	10	30	15	0	10	10	20	325	150	475	245
		Female	190	55	40	10	40	30	0	10	15	15	415	150	560	300
		Total	360	90	75	20	70	45	5	20	25	35	740	300	1,040	545
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,145	340	115	85	435	40	30	180	125	110	3,610	825	4,435	2,685
		Female	2,725	565	165	140	570	80	20	115	145	135	4,655	1,130	5,785	3,590
		Total	4,870	900	280	225	1,005	120	50	295	275	245	8,265	1,950	10,220	6,280
	Postgraduate	Male	745	80	25	5	45	0	10	30	25	60	1,030	350	1,375	855
		Female	1,095	200	45	10	60	10	5	40	45	60	1,570	625	2,190	1,350
		Total	1,835	280	70	15	105	10	15	70	65	125	2,595	970	3,570	2,205
	Total	Male	2,890	420	140	95	485	45	35	210	150	175	4,640	1,170	5,810	3,540
		Female	3,815	765	210	150	625	90	25	155	190	200	6,225	1,750	7,975	4,940
Total		6,705	1,185	350	245	1,110	130	60	365	340	370	10,865	2,925	13,785	8,485	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 13b: Destinations of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Male	2,230	370	90	80	450	20	35	190	130	2,770
Female	2,910	605	135	135	590	50	20	125	135	3,785
Total	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	6,555
Male	61.9%	10.3%	2.5%	2.3%	12.5%	0.6%	0.9%	5.3%	3.6%	77.0%
Female	61.8%	12.8%	2.9%	2.9%	12.5%	1.1%	0.5%	2.7%	2.9%	80.4%
Total	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	78.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 13c: Destinations of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
First Degree	4,155	745	190	200	910	60	45	255	220	5,295
Other Undergraduate	75	45	15	5	55	10	0	10	5	140
All Undergraduate	4,230	790	210	205	965	70	45	265	225	5,435
Postgraduate	910	185	15	10	75	0	10	50	40	1,125
Total	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	6,555
First Degree	61.3%	11.0%	2.8%	2.9%	13.4%	0.9%	0.6%	3.8%	3.2%	78.1%
Other Undergraduate	32.6%	19.2%	7.6%	3.1%	23.7%	5.4%	0.4%	4.9%	3.1%	62.5%
All Undergraduate	60.4%	11.3%	3.0%	2.9%	13.7%	1.0%	0.6%	3.8%	3.2%	77.6%
Postgraduate	69.8%	14.3%	1.2%	0.9%	5.8%	0.2%	0.8%	3.9%	3.1%	86.3%
Total	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	78.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 13d: Destinations of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Male	660	50	50	10	35	20	5	20	20	770
Female	905	160	75	15	40	35	5	30	55	1,155
Total	1,565	205	125	25	75	60	5	50	75	1,925
Male	76.2%	5.7%	5.8%	1.3%	3.9%	2.4%	0.3%	2.1%	2.3%	88.9%
Female	68.8%	12.0%	5.8%	1.1%	3.0%	2.8%	0.2%	2.3%	4.0%	87.7%
Total	71.7%	9.5%	5.8%	1.1%	3.3%	2.7%	0.3%	2.2%	3.3%	88.2%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 13e: Destinations of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Destinations									Employment
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
First Degree	350	65	15	5	25	15	0	20	30	440
Other Undergraduate	290	45	55	15	15	35	0	10	15	405
All Undergraduate	640	110	75	20	45	50	5	25	45	845
Postgraduate	925	95	55	5	30	10	5	20	25	1,080
Total	1,565	205	125	25	75	60	5	50	75	1,925
First Degree	65.9%	12.4%	3.0%	1.3%	4.9%	3.2%	0.2%	3.6%	5.6%	82.6%
Other Undergraduate	60.0%	9.6%	11.9%	2.7%	3.5%	6.9%	0.4%	1.7%	3.3%	84.2%
All Undergraduate	63.1%	11.0%	7.2%	2.0%	4.2%	4.9%	0.3%	2.7%	4.5%	83.3%
Postgraduate	79.2%	8.1%	4.6%	0.4%	2.6%	0.7%	0.3%	1.8%	2.3%	92.4%
Total	71.7%	9.5%	5.8%	1.1%	3.3%	2.7%	0.3%	2.2%	3.3%	88.2%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 14a: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and domicile - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode	Domicile	Destinations										Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known				
Full-time	NI	4,770	920	210	195	935	70	50	285	255	240	7,935	1,655	9,590	6,100
	GB	130	25	5	10	50	5	0	10	5	10	245	165	410	165
	ROI	215	35	10	10	45	0	5	10	5	10	340	100	445	265
	Other EU	25	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	0	0	45	65	105	25
	Total	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	260	8,565	1,985	10,550	6,555
Part-time	NI	1,290	185	115	20	65	55	5	40	65	95	1,940	700	2,640	1,615
	GB	165	10	5	0	5	5	0	0	5	15	205	140	340	180
	ROI	110	10	5	0	5	0	0	5	5	5	145	95	240	130
	Other EU	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	15	5
	Total	1,565	205	125	25	75	60	5	50	75	115	2,295	940	3,235	1,925
Total	NI	6,060	1,105	325	220	1,000	125	55	330	320	335	9,875	2,360	12,230	7,710
	GB	290	35	10	10	50	5	0	15	10	20	450	300	750	345
	ROI	325	40	15	15	50	0	5	15	10	10	485	195	680	395
	Other EU	25	0	0	5	10	0	0	10	5	0	55	70	120	30
	Total	6,705	1,185	350	245	1,110	130	60	365	340	370	10,865	2,925	13,785	8,485

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 14b: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and country of domicile - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Mode	Domicile	Destinations									Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Full-time	NI	62.0%	11.9%	2.8%	2.5%	12.2%	0.9%	0.7%	3.7%	3.3%	79.2%
	GB	54.2%	9.7%	2.1%	3.8%	20.6%	1.3%	0.8%	5.0%	2.5%	69.7%
	ROI	64.6%	9.9%	2.4%	3.3%	14.1%	0.0%	0.9%	3.6%	1.2%	80.2%
	Other EU	54.8%	2.4%	0.0%	4.8%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	4.8%	61.9%
	Total	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	78.9%
Part-time	NI	70.0%	10.1%	6.2%	1.2%	3.5%	2.9%	0.3%	2.3%	3.5%	87.5%
	GB	85.8%	5.8%	2.6%	0.0%	1.6%	1.6%	0.0%	1.1%	1.6%	94.2%
	ROI	78.7%	5.7%	5.0%	1.4%	2.8%	1.4%	0.0%	2.1%	2.8%	90.8%
	Other EU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	71.7%	9.5%	5.8%	1.1%	3.3%	2.7%	0.3%	2.2%	3.3%	88.2%
Total	NI	63.5%	11.6%	3.4%	2.3%	10.5%	1.3%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	80.8%
	GB	68.2%	7.9%	2.3%	2.1%	12.1%	1.4%	0.5%	3.3%	2.1%	80.6%
	ROI	68.8%	8.6%	3.2%	2.7%	10.8%	0.4%	0.6%	3.2%	1.7%	83.3%
	Other EU	51.0%	3.9%	0.0%	5.9%	15.7%	0.0%	2.0%	15.7%	5.9%	60.8%
	Total	63.9%	11.3%	3.4%	2.3%	10.6%	1.2%	0.6%	3.5%	3.2%	80.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Note:

Percentages are not subject to rounding, but those calculated on populations fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 15a: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and HEI - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode	Institution	Destinations											Non respondents	Target population	Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents			
Full-time	QUB ¹	2,245	410	75	135	590	15	35	125	130	175	3,930	830	4,760	2,860
	UU ²	2,645	500	135	80	350	35	20	190	125	70	4,145	1,095	5,245	3,355
	Stranmillis ³	120	50	15	5	60	15	0	0	5	10	290	10	300	190
	St Mary's ⁴	130	15	0	0	35	10	0	0	5	0	200	45	245	145
	Total	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	260	8,565	1,985	10,550	6,555
Part-time	QUB ¹	345	50	15	5	35	0	5	10	15	35	510	260	770	415
	UU ²	1,070	110	100	10	30	30	0	30	30	55	1,470	540	2,010	1,290
	Stranmillis ³	30	5	0	5	5	10	0	0	0	5	60	5	65	40
	St Mary's ⁴	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	5
	NI OU ⁵	120	40	15	5	5	15	0	10	25	15	255	135	390	180
Total	1,565	205	125	25	75	60	5	50	75	115	2,295	940	3,235	1,925	
Total	QUB ¹	2,590	455	90	140	620	15	40	135	140	210	4,440	1,090	5,530	3,275
	UU ²	3,715	610	235	90	380	65	20	220	160	125	5,615	1,635	7,250	4,645
	Stranmillis ³	150	55	15	10	65	25	0	0	10	15	350	15	365	230
	St Mary's ⁴	130	20	0	0	35	10	0	0	5	0	205	45	250	150
	NI OU ⁵	120	40	15	5	5	15	0	10	25	15	255	135	390	180
Total	6,705	1,185	350	245	1,110	130	60	365	340	370	10,865	2,925	13,785	8,485	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. Institutions: ¹Queen's University, Belfast; ²Ulster University; ³Stranmillis University College; ⁴St Mary's University College; ⁵Open University (where the national centre is located in NI)
4. All students from Open University (where the national centre is located in NI) graduated from a part-time course and therefore do not appear in the full-time section of the table above.

Table 15b: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and HEI - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Mode	Institution	Destinations									Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Full-time	QUB ¹	59.8%	10.9%	2.0%	3.6%	15.7%	0.4%	1.0%	3.3%	3.4%	76.3%
	UU ²	64.8%	12.3%	3.3%	1.9%	8.6%	0.8%	0.4%	4.7%	3.1%	82.4%
	Stranmillis ³	43.9%	18.3%	5.0%	1.8%	22.3%	5.0%	0.4%	0.7%	2.5%	69.1%
	St Marys ⁴	64.2%	8.5%	0.0%	0.0%	17.9%	6.0%	0.5%	0.5%	2.5%	72.6%
	Total	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	78.9%
Part-time	QUB ¹	73.1%	10.1%	2.9%	0.8%	6.9%	0.4%	0.6%	2.3%	2.7%	86.9%
	UU ²	75.8%	7.9%	7.0%	0.7%	2.1%	2.2%	0.1%	2.0%	2.3%	91.4%
	Stranmillis ³	51.9%	9.3%	1.9%	7.4%	9.3%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	70.4%
	St Marys ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	NI OU ⁵	50.4%	17.1%	5.4%	2.9%	2.1%	6.7%	0.8%	3.8%	10.8%	75.8%
Total	71.7%	9.5%	5.8%	1.1%	3.3%	2.7%	0.3%	2.2%	3.3%	88.2%	
Total	QUB ¹	61.3%	10.8%	2.1%	3.3%	14.7%	0.4%	0.9%	3.2%	3.4%	77.5%
	UU ²	67.7%	11.1%	4.3%	1.6%	6.9%	1.2%	0.3%	4.0%	2.9%	84.7%
	Stranmillis ³	45.2%	16.9%	4.5%	2.7%	20.2%	6.9%	0.3%	0.6%	2.7%	69.3%
	St Marys ⁴	63.7%	9.3%	0.0%	0.0%	17.6%	5.9%	0.5%	0.5%	2.5%	73.0%
	NI OU ⁵	50.4%	17.1%	5.4%	2.9%	2.1%	6.7%	0.8%	3.8%	10.8%	75.8%
Total	63.9%	11.3%	3.4%	2.3%	10.6%	1.2%	0.6%	3.5%	3.2%	80.9%	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. Institutions: ¹Queen's University, Belfast; ²Ulster University; ³Stranmillis University College; ⁴St Mary's University College; ⁵Open University (where the national centre is located in NI)
4. All students from Open University (where the national centre is located in NI) graduated from a part-time course and therefore do not appear in the full-time section of the table above.
5. Percentages are not subject to rounding, but those calculated on populations fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 16a: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by subject area - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Subject area	Destinations											Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment	Further study only
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known						
Medicine & dentistry	245	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	10	270	30	300	245	5	
Subjects allied to medicine	955	100	15	15	100	5	5	20	25	35	1,270	270	1540	1,085	105	
Biological sciences	260	105	15	40	170	10	5	20	25	20	670	145	815	420	180	
Agriculture & related subjects	80	10	5	5	25	0	0	5	5	0	135	15	150	95	25	
Physical sciences	135	30	5	10	80	0	5	20	5	5	295	60	355	180	80	
Mathematical sciences	40	5	0	5	25	0	5	0	5	5	85	20	105	45	25	
Computer science	570	55	15	5	25	5	10	60	25	25	795	150	940	640	30	
Engineering & technology	390	30	15	5	60	0	5	25	15	20	560	135	695	435	60	
Architecture, building & planning	205	20	10	5	10	5	0	15	15	5	285	60	340	235	15	
Social studies	405	90	15	20	130	20	5	30	30	25	765	235	1005	530	150	
Law	250	40	15	20	65	0	5	10	15	20	450	115	565	325	70	
Business & administrative studies	750	110	65	10	75	5	5	35	50	25	1,125	300	1425	930	80	
Mass communications & documentation	90	30	10	5	10	0	0	15	5	0	165	45	210	130	15	
Languages	110	60	10	25	95	5	0	10	10	10	330	95	425	205	95	
Historical & philosophical studies	100	55	10	30	60	0	5	20	5	15	295	70	365	190	60	
Creative arts & design	200	120	10	20	55	5	0	25	15	10	465	140	605	345	65	
Education	370	120	15	10	45	15	0	5	10	20	610	95	705	515	60	
Total	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	260	8,565	1,985	10,550	6,555	1,110	
Broad STEM	2,870	350	80	85	500	20	35	165	120	130	4,360	880	5,240	3,390	520	
Narrow STEM	1,390	225	55	60	360	15	30	125	70	80	2,405	505	2,910	1,725	375	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

- Notes:**
1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
 2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
 3. Broad STEM subjects include Medicine & dentistry, Subjects allied to medicine, Biological sciences, Veterinary sciences, Agriculture & related subjects, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science, Engineering & technology and Architecture, building & planning.
 4. Narrow STEM subjects include Biological sciences, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science and Engineering & technology.

Table 16b: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by subject area - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Subject area	Destinations									Employment	Further study only
	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other		
Medicine & dentistry	94.6%	0.4%	0.8%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	1.6%	95.7%	2.3%
Subjects allied to medicine	77.2%	8.2%	1.2%	1.2%	8.2%	0.3%	0.2%	1.5%	2.0%	87.8%	8.5%
Biological sciences	39.9%	16.4%	2.4%	6.0%	26.2%	1.4%	0.8%	3.2%	3.7%	64.7%	27.7%
Agriculture & related subjects	59.4%	6.0%	2.3%	3.8%	18.8%	0.0%	0.8%	3.8%	5.3%	71.4%	18.8%
Physical sciences	46.6%	10.7%	2.3%	2.7%	27.4%	0.5%	1.4%	6.8%	1.6%	62.3%	27.9%
Mathematical sciences	48.7%	4.5%	1.2%	3.7%	31.4%	0.0%	4.3%	2.5%	3.7%	58.1%	31.4%
Computer science	74.0%	6.9%	1.8%	0.7%	3.5%	0.5%	1.4%	7.6%	3.5%	83.5%	4.0%
Engineering & technology	71.8%	5.5%	2.9%	0.7%	10.7%	0.0%	0.8%	4.9%	2.6%	81.0%	10.7%
Architecture, building & planning	73.8%	6.5%	3.2%	1.4%	3.6%	1.1%	0.4%	5.0%	5.0%	84.9%	4.7%
Social studies	54.4%	12.1%	2.1%	2.6%	17.6%	2.4%	0.7%	4.1%	4.1%	71.2%	20.0%
Law	58.4%	9.6%	3.2%	4.6%	15.6%	0.3%	1.4%	2.9%	4.1%	75.8%	15.9%
Business & administrative studies	68.0%	9.8%	6.0%	0.9%	6.9%	0.5%	0.3%	3.0%	4.6%	84.7%	7.3%
Mass communications and documentation	53.4%	17.2%	5.0%	3.3%	6.7%	1.4%	0.6%	8.8%	3.6%	78.9%	8.1%
Languages	33.8%	19.3%	2.7%	7.4%	28.9%	0.8%	0.7%	3.2%	3.2%	63.3%	29.7%
Historical and philosophical studies	35.6%	19.8%	2.8%	10.0%	21.0%	0.7%	1.1%	6.8%	2.1%	68.2%	21.7%
Creative arts & design	43.8%	26.4%	1.8%	3.9%	12.6%	1.5%	0.3%	5.8%	3.8%	75.9%	14.1%
Education	62.9%	20.4%	2.6%	1.8%	7.5%	2.4%	0.3%	0.9%	1.3%	87.6%	9.8%
Total	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	78.9%	13.4%
Broad STEM	67.9%	8.3%	1.9%	2.0%	11.9%	0.5%	0.8%	3.9%	2.9%	80.1%	12.3%
Narrow STEM	59.7%	9.6%	2.3%	2.5%	15.5%	0.6%	1.2%	5.5%	3.1%	74.2%	16.1%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 17a: Destinations of leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode	Country of Institution	Destinations										Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known				
Full-time	Northern Ireland	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	260	8,565	1,985	10,550	6,555
	England	158,720	31,200	5,470	8,735	43,045	2,160	3,045	11,435	11,400	11,330	286,545	78,755	365,300	204,130
	Scotland	18,000	3,125	715	995	5,515	200	320	1,230	1,105	1,675	32,885	10,760	43,645	22,840
	Wales	9,100	2,280	310	640	3,515	125	160	620	735	730	18,215	5,715	23,930	12,330
	Total	190,960	37,580	6,720	10,590	53,115	2,555	3,580	13,605	13,510	14,000	346,210	97,215	443,425	245,850
Part-time	Northern Ireland	1,565	205	125	25	75	60	5	50	75	115	2,295	940	3,235	1,925
	England	36,770	7,125	2,900	1,550	2,355	1,550	260	1,265	2,975	3,810	60,565	21,430	81,995	48,345
	Scotland	3,780	650	280	120	240	90	25	120	345	385	6,035	2,460	8,495	4,830
	Wales	2,300	490	250	105	115	105	5	55	165	210	3,805	1,655	5,460	3,145
	Total	44,415	8,475	3,560	1,800	2,785	1,805	295	1,490	3,560	4,520	72,700	26,485	99,185	58,250
Total	Northern Ireland	6,705	1,185	350	245	1,110	130	60	365	340	370	10,865	2,925	13,785	8,485
	England	195,495	38,330	8,365	10,285	45,400	3,710	3,305	12,705	14,375	15,145	347,110	100,185	447,295	252,475
	Scotland	21,780	3,775	1,000	1,115	5,755	290	345	1,350	1,450	2,060	38,920	13,220	52,140	27,670
	Wales	11,395	2,765	560	750	3,630	230	165	675	900	945	22,020	7,370	29,390	15,475
	Total	235,375	46,055	10,280	12,390	55,895	4,360	3,875	15,095	17,070	18,520	418,915	123,695	542,610	304,100

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 17b: Destinations of leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Mode	Country of Institution	Destinations									Employment
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
Full-time	Northern Ireland	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	78.9%
	England	57.7%	11.3%	2.0%	3.2%	15.6%	0.8%	1.1%	4.2%	4.1%	74.2%
	Scotland	57.7%	10.0%	2.3%	3.2%	17.7%	0.6%	1.0%	3.9%	3.5%	73.2%
	Wales	52.0%	13.0%	1.8%	3.7%	20.1%	0.7%	0.9%	3.5%	4.2%	70.5%
	Total	57.5%	11.3%	2.0%	3.2%	16.0%	0.8%	1.1%	4.1%	4.1%	74.0%
Part-time	Northern Ireland	71.7%	9.5%	5.8%	1.1%	3.3%	2.7%	0.3%	2.2%	3.3%	88.2%
	England	64.8%	12.6%	5.1%	2.7%	4.1%	2.7%	0.5%	2.2%	5.2%	85.2%
	Scotland	66.9%	11.5%	5.0%	2.1%	4.2%	1.6%	0.4%	2.1%	6.1%	85.5%
	Wales	63.9%	13.6%	7.0%	3.0%	3.3%	3.0%	0.2%	1.5%	4.6%	87.5%
	Total	65.1%	12.4%	5.2%	2.6%	4.1%	2.6%	0.4%	2.2%	5.2%	85.4%
Total	Northern Ireland	63.9%	11.3%	3.4%	2.3%	10.6%	1.2%	0.6%	3.5%	3.2%	80.9%
	England	58.9%	11.5%	2.5%	3.1%	13.7%	1.1%	1.0%	3.8%	4.3%	76.1%
	Scotland	59.1%	10.2%	2.7%	3.0%	15.6%	0.8%	0.9%	3.7%	3.9%	75.1%
	Wales	54.1%	13.1%	2.7%	3.6%	17.2%	1.1%	0.8%	3.2%	4.3%	73.4%
	Total	58.8%	11.5%	2.6%	3.1%	14.0%	1.1%	1.0%	3.8%	4.3%	76.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 18a: Location of Employment of all leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17

Mode	Level	Gender	Location of Employment						Total respondents
			Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union	Not Known	
Full-time	First Degree	Male	1,895	170	110	30	35	0	2,240
		Female	2,670	195	115	20	50	5	3,050
		Total	4,570	365	220	50	85	5	5,295
	Other Undergraduate	Male	70	0	0	0	0	0	75
		Female	65	0	0	0	0	0	65
		Total	135	5	0	0	0	0	140
	All Undergraduate	Male	1,965	175	110	30	35	0	2,315
		Female	2,735	195	115	20	50	5	3,120
		Total	4,700	370	225	50	85	5	5,435
	Postgraduate	Male	330	50	45	5	25	0	455
		Female	535	50	60	5	10	0	670
		Total	865	100	105	15	35	0	1,125
	Total	Male	2,300	220	155	40	60	0	2,770
		Female	3,270	245	175	25	65	5	3,785
		Total	5,570	470	330	65	120	5	6,555
Part-time	First Degree	Male	170	15	10	0	5	0	200
		Female	210	15	10	0	0	0	240
		Total	380	35	25	0	5	0	440
	Other Undergraduate	Male	140	20	5	0	0	0	170
		Female	190	35	10	0	0	0	235
		Total	335	55	15	0	0	0	405
	All Undergraduate	Male	315	40	15	0	5	0	370
		Female	400	50	20	0	0	0	475
		Total	715	90	35	0	5	0	845
	Postgraduate	Male	315	45	30	5	5	0	400
		Female	535	85	50	0	10	0	680
		Total	850	130	80	5	15	0	1,080
	Total	Male	630	85	45	5	10	0	770
		Female	935	135	70	0	10	0	1,155
		Total	1,565	220	120	5	15	0	1,925
Total	First Degree	Male	2,070	190	120	30	35	0	2,445
		Female	2,885	210	125	20	50	5	3,290
		Total	4,950	395	245	50	90	5	5,735
	Other Undergraduate	Male	210	25	5	0	0	0	245
		Female	255	40	10	0	0	0	300
		Total	465	60	15	0	0	0	545
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,280	210	125	30	40	0	2,685
		Female	3,135	245	135	20	50	5	3,590
		Total	5,415	460	260	50	90	5	6,280
	Postgraduate	Male	650	95	75	10	25	0	855
		Female	1,070	135	115	10	20	0	1,350
		Total	1,715	230	190	15	50	0	2,205
	Total	Male	2,930	305	200	40	65	0	3,540
		Female	4,205	385	250	25	70	5	4,940
		Total	7,135	690	450	65	140	5	8,485

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 18b: Location of Employment of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Male	2,300	220	155	40	60
Female	3,270	245	175	25	65
Total	5,570	470	330	65	120
Male	83.0%	8.0%	5.6%	1.4%	2.1%
Female	86.5%	6.5%	4.7%	0.7%	1.7%
Total	85.0%	7.2%	5.0%	1.0%	1.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 18c: Location of Employment of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	4,570	365	220	50	85
Other Undergraduate	135	5	0	0	0
All Undergraduate	4,700	370	225	50	85
Postgraduate	865	100	105	15	35
Total	5,570	470	330	65	120
First Degree	86.4%	6.9%	4.2%	0.9%	1.6%
Other Undergraduate	95.0%	2.9%	1.4%	0.0%	0.7%
All Undergraduate	86.6%	6.8%	4.1%	0.9%	1.6%
Postgraduate	77.2%	9.0%	9.5%	1.2%	3.1%
Total	85.0%	7.2%	5.0%	1.0%	1.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 18d: Location of Employment of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by domicile - 2016/17

Domicile	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
NI Domiciled	5,395	325	215	50	105
Non-NI Domiciled	170	145	115	10	15
Total	5,570	470	330	65	120
NI Domiciled	88.6%	5.3%	3.5%	0.9%	1.8%
Non-NI Domiciled	37.3%	31.9%	25.3%	2.4%	3.1%
Total	85.0%	7.2%	5.0%	1.0%	1.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 18e: Location of Employment of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2016/17

Gender	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Male	630	85	45	5	10
Female	935	135	70	0	10
Total	1,565	220	120	5	15
Male	81.6%	11.0%	6.0%	0.4%	1.0%
Female	81.1%	11.8%	6.2%	0.1%	0.8%
Total	81.3%	11.5%	6.1%	0.2%	0.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 18f: Location of Employment of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2016/17

Level of Study	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	380	35	25	0	5
Other Undergraduate	335	55	15	0	0
All Undergraduate	715	90	35	0	5
Postgraduate	850	130	80	5	15
Total	1,565	220	120	5	15
First Degree	86.6%	7.5%	5.2%	0.0%	0.7%
Other Undergraduate	82.4%	14.1%	3.2%	0.0%	0.2%
All Undergraduate	84.6%	10.7%	4.3%	0.0%	0.5%
Postgraduate	78.7%	12.1%	7.6%	0.4%	1.2%
Total	81.3%	11.5%	6.1%	0.2%	0.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 18g: Location of Employment of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by domicile - 2016/17

Domicile	Location of Employment				
	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
NI Domiciled	1,525	45	25	0	15
Non NI Domiciled	40	175	90	0	5
Total	1,565	220	120	5	15
NI Domiciled	94.5%	2.9%	1.7%	0.1%	0.8%
Non NI Domiciled	13.1%	55.8%	29.2%	0.6%	1.3%
Total	81.3%	11.5%	6.1%	0.2%	0.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 19a: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of leavers from NI HEIs, in Employment by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Mode	Level	Gender	Standard Occupational Classification										Total Respondents	SOC groups 1-3	
			Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations	Not known/Not applicable			
Full-time	First Degree	Male	60	1,120	515	85	40	45	260	15	110	0	2,240	1,695	
		Female	75	1,580	610	160	5	135	360	5	120	0	3,050	2,265	
		Total	135	2,700	1,125	245	45	180	615	20	230	0	5,295	3,960	
	Other Undergraduate	Male	5	15	10	5	5	5	20	0	15	0	75	25	
		Female	5	5	10	5	0	10	20	0	5	0	65	20	
		Total	5	20	15	10	5	15	40	0	20	0	140	45	
	All Undergraduate	Male	65	1,135	520	85	45	50	280	15	125	0	2,315	1,720	
		Female	80	1,585	620	170	10	145	380	5	125	0	3,120	2,285	
		Total	145	2,720	1,140	255	50	195	660	20	250	0	5,435	4,005	
	Postgraduate	Male	15	315	75	5	0	5	30	0	5	0	455	405	
		Female	30	465	95	20	0	20	30	0	5	0	670	595	
		Total	45	780	170	25	5	25	60	0	10	0	1,125	1,000	
	Total	Male	80	1,450	595	90	45	55	310	15	130	0	2,770	2,125	
		Female	110	2,050	715	190	10	165	405	5	130	0	3,785	2,880	
		Total	190	3,500	1,315	280	55	220	715	20	260	0	6,555	5,005	
	Part-time	First Degree	Male	20	70	75	10	5	0	10	5	5	0	200	165
			Female	15	80	80	30	0	20	10	0	0	0	240	170
			Total	35	145	155	40	5	25	25	5	5	0	440	340
Other Undergraduate		Male	20	70	65	5	5	0	5	0	5	0	170	150	
		Female	20	85	90	15	0	15	5	0	0	0	235	200	
		Total	40	155	155	20	5	15	10	0	5	0	405	350	
All Undergraduate		Male	40	135	140	15	5	0	15	5	10	0	370	320	
		Female	35	165	170	45	0	35	15	0	0	0	475	370	
		Total	75	300	315	60	5	40	30	5	10	0	845	690	
Postgraduate		Male	55	260	70	10	0	0	5	0	5	0	400	380	
		Female	40	525	95	15	0	5	5	0	5	0	680	655	
		Total	90	785	160	25	0	5	5	0	5	0	1,080	1,035	
Total		Male	95	395	210	25	10	5	20	5	10	0	770	700	
		Female	75	690	265	60	0	40	20	0	5	0	1,155	1,030	
		Total	170	1,085	475	85	10	45	40	5	15	0	1,925	1,725	
Total		First Degree	Male	80	1,185	590	95	40	45	270	15	115	0	2,445	1,860
			Female	90	1,655	690	195	5	155	370	5	120	0	3,290	2,440
			Total	175	2,845	1,280	285	50	200	640	20	235	0	5,735	4,300
	Other Undergraduate	Male	20	85	75	10	10	5	25	0	15	0	245	180	
		Female	25	95	100	20	0	25	25	0	5	0	300	220	
		Total	45	175	175	30	10	30	50	0	25	0	545	395	
	All Undergraduate	Male	105	1,270	665	100	50	50	295	20	135	0	2,685	2,035	
		Female	115	1,750	790	215	10	185	395	5	125	5	3,590	2,660	
		Total	220	3,020	1,455	315	60	235	690	25	260	5	6,280	4,695	
	Postgraduate	Male	70	575	145	15	5	10	35	0	5	0	855	785	
		Female	70	990	190	35	0	25	30	0	10	0	1,350	1,250	
		Total	135	1,565	335	50	5	30	65	0	15	0	2,205	2,035	
	Total	Male	170	1,845	810	115	55	60	330	20	140	0	3,540	2,825	
		Female	185	2,740	980	250	10	205	425	5	135	5	4,940	3,905	
		Total	355	4,585	1,790	365	65	265	755	25	275	5	8,485	6,730	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 19b: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Mode	Level	Gender	Standard Occupational Classification									SOC groups 1-3
			Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional	Associate professional and technical	Administrative and secretarial	Skilled trades	Caring, leisure and other service	Sales and customer service	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary	
Full-time	First Degree	Male	2.7%	49.9%	22.9%	3.7%	1.7%	2.0%	11.5%	0.6%	5.0%	75.5%
		Female	2.5%	51.8%	20.0%	5.3%	0.2%	4.4%	11.7%	0.1%	3.9%	74.3%
		Total	2.6%	51.0%	21.3%	4.6%	0.9%	3.4%	11.6%	0.3%	4.3%	74.8%
	Other Undergraduate	Male	5.4%	18.9%	10.8%	4.1%	6.8%	5.4%	28.4%	1.4%	18.9%	35.1%
		Female	4.5%	10.6%	13.6%	10.6%	3.0%	16.7%	31.8%	0.0%	9.1%	28.8%
		Total	5.0%	15.0%	12.1%	7.1%	5.0%	10.7%	30.0%	0.7%	14.3%	32.1%
	All Undergraduate	Male	2.8%	48.9%	22.5%	3.7%	1.9%	2.1%	12.0%	0.6%	5.4%	74.2%
		Female	2.6%	50.9%	19.9%	5.4%	0.3%	4.7%	12.2%	0.1%	4.0%	73.3%
		Total	2.7%	50.0%	21.0%	4.7%	1.0%	3.6%	12.1%	0.3%	4.6%	73.7%
	Postgraduate	Male	3.3%	69.5%	16.5%	1.1%	0.4%	1.5%	6.6%	0.4%	0.7%	89.2%
		Female	4.5%	69.8%	14.5%	3.3%	0.1%	2.7%	4.2%	0.0%	0.9%	88.8%
		Total	4.0%	69.6%	15.3%	2.4%	0.3%	2.2%	5.2%	0.2%	0.8%	89.0%
	Total	Male	2.9%	52.3%	21.5%	3.3%	1.6%	2.0%	11.2%	0.6%	4.7%	76.7%
		Female	2.9%	54.2%	18.9%	5.0%	0.3%	4.3%	10.8%	0.1%	3.4%	76.1%
		Total	2.9%	53.4%	20.0%	4.3%	0.8%	3.3%	10.9%	0.3%	4.0%	76.3%
	Part-time	First Degree	Male	10.4%	33.7%	38.1%	5.4%	2.0%	0.5%	5.9%	1.5%	2.5%
Female			6.3%	32.8%	33.2%	13.0%	0.0%	9.2%	4.6%	0.0%	0.8%	72.3%
Total			8.2%	33.2%	35.5%	9.5%	0.9%	5.2%	5.2%	0.7%	1.6%	76.8%
Other Undergraduate		Male	10.7%	40.8%	38.5%	3.0%	1.8%	0.6%	2.4%	0.6%	1.8%	89.9%
		Female	9.4%	36.8%	39.3%	6.4%	0.0%	6.4%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	85.5%
		Total	9.9%	38.5%	39.0%	5.0%	0.7%	4.0%	2.0%	0.2%	0.7%	87.3%
All Undergraduate		Male	10.5%	36.9%	38.3%	4.3%	1.9%	0.5%	4.3%	1.1%	2.2%	85.7%
		Female	7.8%	34.7%	36.2%	9.7%	0.0%	7.8%	3.2%	0.0%	0.4%	78.8%
		Total	9.0%	35.7%	37.1%	7.4%	0.8%	4.6%	3.7%	0.5%	1.2%	81.9%
Postgraduate		Male	13.5%	64.5%	17.3%	2.5%	0.3%	0.5%	0.8%	0.0%	0.8%	95.3%
		Female	5.6%	77.1%	13.7%	1.9%	0.0%	0.7%	0.6%	0.0%	0.4%	96.3%
		Total	8.5%	72.4%	15.0%	2.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	0.6%	95.9%
Total		Male	12.1%	51.2%	27.4%	3.4%	1.0%	0.5%	2.5%	0.5%	1.4%	90.7%
		Female	6.5%	59.8%	22.9%	5.1%	0.0%	3.6%	1.6%	0.0%	0.4%	89.2%
		Total	8.7%	56.3%	24.7%	4.4%	0.4%	2.4%	2.0%	0.2%	0.8%	89.8%
Total		First Degree	Male	3.3%	48.6%	24.2%	3.8%	1.7%	1.8%	11.0%	0.7%	4.8%
	Female		2.8%	50.4%	21.0%	5.9%	0.2%	4.8%	11.2%	0.1%	3.6%	74.2%
	Total		3.0%	49.6%	22.3%	5.0%	0.9%	3.5%	11.1%	0.4%	4.1%	75.0%
	Other Undergraduate	Male	9.1%	34.2%	30.0%	3.3%	3.3%	2.1%	10.3%	0.8%	7.0%	73.3%
		Female	8.3%	31.0%	33.7%	7.3%	0.7%	8.7%	8.3%	0.0%	2.0%	73.0%
		Total	8.7%	32.4%	32.0%	5.5%	1.8%	5.7%	9.2%	0.4%	4.2%	73.1%
	All Undergraduate	Male	3.8%	47.3%	24.7%	3.8%	1.9%	1.9%	11.0%	0.7%	5.0%	75.8%
		Female	3.3%	48.8%	22.0%	6.0%	0.3%	5.1%	11.0%	0.1%	3.5%	74.1%
		Total	3.5%	48.1%	23.2%	5.1%	0.9%	3.7%	11.0%	0.4%	4.1%	74.8%
	Postgraduate	Male	8.1%	67.1%	16.8%	1.8%	0.4%	1.1%	3.9%	0.2%	0.7%	92.0%
		Female	5.0%	73.5%	14.1%	2.6%	0.1%	1.7%	2.4%	0.0%	0.7%	92.6%
		Total	6.2%	71.0%	15.2%	2.3%	0.2%	1.5%	2.9%	0.1%	0.7%	92.4%
	Total	Male	4.9%	52.1%	22.8%	3.3%	1.5%	1.7%	9.3%	0.6%	4.0%	79.7%
		Female	3.7%	55.5%	19.9%	5.1%	0.2%	4.2%	8.6%	0.1%	2.7%	79.1%
		Total	4.2%	54.1%	21.1%	4.3%	0.7%	3.1%	8.9%	0.3%	3.2%	79.4%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 19c: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by domicile - 2011/12 to 2016/17 (Numbers)

Domicile and Year		Destinations						Professional or Managerial occupations (SOC 1-3) or further study
		Employed in 'Professional and Managerial' level occupation anywhere in the world (SOC 1-3)	Employed in 'Non-Professional' level occupation anywhere in the world (SOC 4+ including unknown)	Further Study Only	Due to Start Work	Believed unemployed	Other destination	
NI domiciled	2011/12	4,785	2,495	930	55	655	350	5,715
	2012/13	5,010	2,300	995	70	570	320	6,005
	2013/14	5,230	1,980	1,045	75	415	385	6,270
	2014/15	5,560	1,780	1,005	65	430	295	6,570
	2015/16	5,750	1,690	960	75	405	370	6,710
	2016/17	6,080	1,630	1,125	55	330	320	7,205
Non NI domiciled	2011/12	520	165	90	15	85	35	610
	2012/13	670	175	95	5	90	50	770
	2013/14	635	115	100	10	55	35	735
	2014/15	670	95	75	10	30	30	745
	2015/16	630	110	95	5	35	20	725
	2016/17	650	120	120	5	35	20	770
Total	2011/12	5,305	2,660	1,020	70	740	385	6,325
	2012/13	5,680	2,475	1,095	75	660	370	6,775
	2013/14	5,860	2,090	1,140	85	475	420	7,005
	2014/15	6,230	1,875	1,080	75	465	325	7,315
	2015/16	6,380	1,800	1,055	80	440	390	7,435
	2016/17	6,730	1,750	1,240	60	365	340	7,975

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 19d: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by domicile - 2011/12 to 2016/17 (Percentages)

Domicile and Year		Destinations						Professional or Managerial occupations (SOC 1-3) or further study
		Employed in 'Professional and Managerial' level occupation anywhere in the world (SOC 1-3)	Employed in 'Non-Professional' level occupation anywhere in the world (SOC 4+ including unknown)	Further Study Only	Due to Start Work	Believed unemployed	Other destination	
NI domiciled	2011/12	51.6%	26.9%	10.0%	0.6%	7.1%	3.8%	61.7%
	2012/13	54.1%	24.8%	10.8%	0.7%	6.2%	3.5%	64.8%
	2013/14	57.3%	21.7%	11.4%	0.8%	4.6%	4.2%	68.7%
	2014/15	60.8%	19.5%	11.0%	0.7%	4.7%	3.2%	71.9%
	2015/16	62.2%	18.3%	10.4%	0.8%	4.4%	4.0%	72.5%
	2016/17	63.7%	17.1%	11.8%	0.6%	3.4%	3.4%	75.5%
Non NI domiciled	2011/12	57.2%	18.1%	10.0%	1.8%	9.1%	3.8%	67.2%
	2012/13	61.8%	16.3%	8.9%	0.5%	8.1%	4.4%	70.7%
	2013/14	66.8%	11.9%	10.4%	0.9%	6.0%	3.9%	77.2%
	2014/15	73.5%	10.4%	8.2%	1.0%	3.5%	3.4%	81.7%
	2015/16	70.4%	12.2%	10.7%	0.4%	3.9%	2.3%	81.1%
	2016/17	68.2%	12.7%	12.5%	0.6%	3.9%	2.1%	80.7%
Total	2011/12	52.1%	26.1%	10.0%	0.7%	7.3%	3.8%	62.2%
	2012/13	54.9%	23.9%	10.6%	0.7%	6.4%	3.6%	65.4%
	2013/14	58.2%	20.8%	11.3%	0.8%	4.7%	4.2%	69.5%
	2014/15	62.0%	18.7%	10.8%	0.7%	4.6%	3.2%	72.7%
	2015/16	62.9%	17.7%	10.4%	0.8%	4.3%	3.8%	73.3%
	2016/17	64.2%	16.7%	11.8%	0.6%	3.5%	3.2%	76.0%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 20: Salary of leavers from NI HEI in full-time employment by mode of study, level of qualification and gender - 2016/17

Mode	Level	Gender	Salary band								Total Respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
			less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+					
Full-time	First Degree	Male	0	70	335	415	180	85	15	15	1,110	£21,760	£21,000	695	1,800
		Female	5	105	415	620	120	90	15	10	1,375	£20,995	£21,000	975	2,355
		Total	5	170	750	1,035	300	175	30	25	2,485	£21,340	£21,000	1,670	4,155
	Other Undergraduate	Male	0	5	10	5	0	0	0	0	25	£17,610	£16,000	20	45
		Female	0	5	5	5	0	0	0	0	15	-	-	15	30
		Total	0	10	15	10	0	0	0	0	40	£17,770	£16,000	35	75
	Postgraduate	Male	0	10	45	65	35	40	5	5	210	£24,640	£23,000	170	385
		Female	0	20	60	110	40	30	10	5	280	£24,680	£22,000	245	525
		Total	0	35	105	175	80	65	20	15	490	£24,665	£22,000	420	910
	Total	Male	0	85	390	485	215	120	20	25	1,345	£22,145	£21,000	885	2,230
Female		5	130	480	730	165	120	30	15	1,670	£21,585	£21,000	1,240	2,910	
Total		5	215	870	1,215	380	240	50	40	3,015	£21,835	£21,000	2,125	5,140	
Part-time	First Degree	Male	0	5	20	30	20	15	10	10	105	£25,955	£24,000	70	175
		Female	0	5	30	30	20	10	10	5	115	£23,605	£22,000	65	175
		Total	0	10	50	60	40	25	15	15	220	£24,730	£22,000	135	350
	Other Undergraduate	Male	0	0	5	10	20	10	5	5	60	£28,820	£28,000	65	125
		Female	0	0	10	30	20	10	5	5	80	£25,895	£24,500	85	160
		Total	0	5	15	40	40	20	10	15	140	£27,180	£26,000	150	290
	Postgraduate	Male	0	0	15	25	35	40	20	70	210	£43,550	£32,000	150	360
		Female	0	0	10	35	70	85	50	85	335	£33,960	£32,000	230	565
		Total	0	5	25	60	105	130	70	150	545	£37,640	£32,000	380	925
	Total	Male	0	5	40	65	70	65	35	85	375	£36,245	£30,000	285	660
Female		0	10	50	95	115	105	60	95	530	£30,540	£29,000	375	905	
Total		0	15	90	160	185	170	100	180	905	£32,910	£29,000	660	1,565	
Total	First Degree	Male	0	70	355	445	195	95	20	25	1,215	£22,125	£21,000	765	1,975
		Female	5	110	445	650	145	100	25	15	1,490	£21,195	£21,000	1,040	2,530
		Total	5	180	800	1,095	340	195	45	40	2,705	£21,615	£21,000	1,805	4,510
	Other Undergraduate	Male	0	5	20	15	20	10	5	5	85	£25,750	£25,000	85	170
		Female	0	10	15	30	20	10	5	10	95	£24,555	£23,000	100	190
		Total	0	15	30	50	40	20	10	15	180	£25,120	£24,000	185	360
	Postgraduate	Male	0	15	60	95	70	80	30	75	420	£34,075	£27,000	320	745
		Female	0	25	70	140	115	115	60	90	615	£29,755	£28,000	475	1,095
		Total	0	35	130	235	185	195	90	165	1,035	£31,510	£28,000	800	1,835
	Total	Male	0	90	430	555	290	190	55	110	1,720	£25,230	£22,000	1,170	2,890
Female		5	140	530	825	280	225	90	110	2,200	£23,735	£22,000	1,615	3,815	
Total		5	230	960	1,380	565	410	145	220	3,920	£24,390	£22,000	2,785	6,705	

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 21: Salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by country of domicile and gender - 2016/17

Country of domicile	Gender	Salary band								Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
		less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+					
NI	Male	0	80	375	465	205	105	20	20	1,270	£21,935	£21,000	815	2,085
	Female	5	125	460	695	150	100	25	15	1,570	£21,185	£21,000	1,115	2,685
	Total	5	205	835	1,160	355	205	40	35	2,840	£21,520	£21,000	1,930	4,770
GB	Male	0	5	5	5	10	10	0	5	35	£27,055	£26,000	20	55
	Female	0	0	15	10	10	15	0	0	50	£32,880	£25,500	25	75
	Total	0	5	15	15	20	20	5	5	85	£30,440	£26,000	45	130
Other	Male	0	0	10	15	5	5	0	0	35	£24,610	£22,000	50	90
	Female	0	5	10	25	5	5	0	0	50	£22,705	£22,000	100	150
	Total	0	5	15	45	5	15	0	0	85	£23,495	£22,000	150	240
Total	Male	0	85	390	485	215	120	20	25	1,345	£22,145	£21,000	885	2,230
	Female	5	130	480	730	165	120	30	15	1,670	£21,585	£21,000	1,240	2,910
	Total	5	215	870	1,215	380	240	50	40	3,015	£21,835	£21,000	2,125	5,140

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 22: Salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by location of employment and gender - 2016/17

Location of employment	Gender	Salary band								Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
		less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+					
NI	Male	0	80	370	450	180	95	10	10	1,195	£21,470	£21,000	610	1,805
	Female	5	125	455	675	135	75	20	15	1,510	£20,940	£21,000	955	2,465
	Total	5	205	830	1,125	315	170	30	25	2,700	£21,175	£21,000	1,565	4,270
GB	Male	0	5	15	35	35	25	10	15	140	£27,785	£26,000	65	205
	Female	0	5	25	50	25	40	5	5	150	£27,805	£24,000	65	220
	Total	0	10	35	85	65	65	15	15	290	£27,795	£25,000	130	425
Other	Male	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	10	-	-	210	220
	Female	0	0	0	5	0	5	0	0	10	-	-	215	220
	Total	0	0	5	5	0	5	0	0	20	-	-	420	440
Total	Male	0	85	390	485	215	120	20	25	1,345	£22,145	£21,000	885	2,230
	Female	5	130	480	730	165	120	30	15	1,670	£21,585	£21,000	1,240	2,910
	Total	5	215	870	1,215	380	240	50	40	3,015	£21,835	£21,000	2,125	5,140

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. There were 5 cases where the location of employment was not known for Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment. These cases are not separated in the table above but are included in the total.
4. Salaries collected on populations of fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 23: Salary of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by Standard Occupational Classification - 2016/17

Standard Occupational Classification	First Degree			Not known	Total
	Respondents	Mean	Median		
Managers, directors and senior officials	70	£20,615	£19,000	55	125
Professional occupations	1,555	£23,075	£22,000	865	2,425
Associate professional and technical occupations	510	£19,510	£19,000	415	930
Administrative and secretarial occupations	120	£17,220	£17,000	85	205
Skilled trades occupations	20	-	-	10	35
Caring, leisure and other service occupations	45	£15,180	£14,500	50	90
Sales and customer service occupations	110	£15,700	£16,000	120	230
Process, plant and machine operatives	5	-	-	5	15
Elementary occupations	45	£14,795	£14,500	60	105
Total	2,485	£21,340	£21,000	1,670	4,155

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. Leavers whose Standard Occupational Classification was 'Not known/not applicable' are not shown separately in the table above, but are included in the total.
4. Salaries collected on populations of fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 24a: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of qualification and country of domicile - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Destinations										Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Further Study
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known				
NI	First Degree	3,915	715	180	185	825	55	40	240	210	170	6,540	1,265	7,805	1,245
	Other Undergraduate	70	40	15	5	50	10	0	10	5	15	230	90	320	85
	Postgraduate	785	160	15	5	60	0	10	35	35	55	1,165	300	1,465	80
	Total	4,770	920	210	195	935	70	50	285	255	240	7,935	1,655	9,590	1,415
GB	First Degree	95	15	5	10	45	5	0	10	5	5	190	105	295	60
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	40	0
	Postgraduate	30	10	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	55	25	80	5
	Total	130	25	5	10	50	5	0	10	5	10	245	165	410	65
Other	First Degree	145	20	5	10	45	0	0	5	5	5	235	80	315	55
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	10	0
	Postgraduate	95	15	0	5	10	0	0	15	0	5	145	75	225	15
	Total	240	35	10	15	55	0	5	20	5	10	385	165	550	75
Total	First Degree	4,155	745	190	200	910	60	45	255	220	185	6,965	1,450	8,415	1,360
	Other Undergraduate	75	45	15	5	55	10	0	10	5	15	240	130	370	90
	Postgraduate	910	185	15	10	75	0	10	50	40	60	1,360	405	1,765	105
	Total	5,140	975	225	220	1,040	75	55	315	265	260	8,565	1,985	10,550	1,555

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

Table 24b: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by country of domicile and level of qualification - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Destinations									Further Study
		Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	
NI	First Degree	61.5%	11.2%	2.9%	2.9%	12.9%	0.9%	0.6%	3.8%	3.3%	19.5%
	Other Undergraduate	32.6%	19.3%	7.8%	2.8%	23.4%	5.5%	0.5%	5.0%	3.2%	39.4%
	Postgraduate	70.7%	14.5%	1.2%	0.6%	5.4%	0.2%	0.9%	3.2%	3.3%	7.4%
	Total	62.0%	11.9%	2.8%	2.5%	12.2%	0.9%	0.7%	3.7%	3.3%	18.4%
GB	First Degree	52.5%	7.1%	2.2%	4.4%	23.5%	1.6%	1.1%	5.5%	2.2%	31.7%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Postgraduate	60.8%	17.6%	2.0%	2.0%	9.8%	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%	3.9%	13.7%
	Total	54.2%	9.7%	2.1%	3.8%	20.6%	1.3%	0.8%	5.0%	2.5%	27.7%
Other	First Degree	62.2%	7.8%	2.6%	3.5%	18.7%	0.0%	0.9%	2.2%	2.2%	24.8%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Postgraduate	66.4%	11.2%	1.4%	2.8%	7.0%	0.0%	0.7%	9.8%	0.7%	11.2%
	Total	63.5%	9.1%	2.1%	3.5%	14.4%	0.0%	0.8%	5.1%	1.6%	20.0%
Total	First Degree	61.3%	11.0%	2.8%	2.9%	13.4%	0.9%	0.6%	3.8%	3.2%	20.1%
	Other Undergraduate	32.6%	19.2%	7.6%	3.1%	23.7%	5.4%	0.4%	4.9%	3.1%	39.7%
	Postgraduate	69.8%	14.3%	1.2%	0.9%	5.8%	0.2%	0.8%	3.9%	3.1%	8.1%
	Total	61.8%	11.7%	2.7%	2.6%	12.5%	0.9%	0.7%	3.8%	3.2%	18.7%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Note:

Percentages are not subject to rounding, but those calculated on populations fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'

Table 25a: Full-time leavers from NI HEIs in further study by level of qualification and country of domicile - 2016/17 (Numbers)

Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Level of further study						Total Respondents
		Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification	
NI	First Degree	1,080	50	20	60	35	5	1,245
	Other Undergraduate	5	70	5	0	5	0	85
	Postgraduate	70	0	0	5	5	0	80
	Total	1,155	120	25	70	40	5	1,415
GB	First Degree	50	5	0	0	0	0	60
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Postgraduate	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
	Total	55	5	0	5	0	0	65
Other	First Degree	50	0	0	0	0	0	55
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Postgraduate	10	0	0	0	0	0	15
	Total	65	5	5	5	0	0	75
Total	First Degree	1,185	55	20	65	35	5	1,360
	Other Undergraduate	5	75	5	0	5	0	90
	Postgraduate	85	0	0	10	5	0	105
	Total	1,275	130	30	75	45	5	1,555

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.
2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.
3. There were 10 cases where the Level of Further Study of full-time leavers from NI HEIs was not known. These cases are not separated in the table above but are included in the total.

Table 25b: Full-time leavers from NI HEIs in further study by country of domicile and level of qualification - 2016/17 (Percentages)

Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Level of further study					
		Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification
NI	First Degree	86.8%	3.9%	1.6%	4.8%	2.7%	0.2%
	Other Undergraduate	7.0%	82.6%	5.8%	1.2%	3.5%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	84.1%	0.0%	1.2%	8.5%	6.1%	0.0%
	Total	81.8%	8.4%	1.8%	4.8%	2.9%	0.2%
GB	First Degree	89.7%	5.2%	0.0%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Postgraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	84.8%	7.6%	0.0%	4.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Other	First Degree	89.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Postgraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	84.0%	5.3%	4.0%	5.3%	1.3%	0.0%
Total	First Degree	87.1%	3.9%	1.6%	4.6%	2.5%	0.3%
	Other Undergraduate	6.7%	82.0%	5.6%	1.1%	4.5%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	81.0%	1.9%	1.9%	10.5%	4.8%	0.0%
	Total	82.0%	8.2%	1.9%	4.8%	2.8%	0.3%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Note:

Percentages are not subject to rounding, but those calculated on populations fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed and represented as '-'