



Quarterly Retail Energy Market Monitoring Report

Quarter 1: 01 January to 31 March 2022 (including pricing data for the six months to 31 December 2021).

Published: 31st May 2022

Abstract

The Quarterly Retail Energy Market Monitoring report (QREMM) is the latest of a series of Utility Regulator (UR) reports (previously known as the Quarterly Transparency Reports (QTRs)) that provide a range of information about the retail energy market in Northern Ireland (NI).

The data relates mainly to market shares, market activity and domestic prices in the electricity and gas retail markets. The data also includes information on non-domestic, or industrial and commercial (I&C), electricity prices.

We collect and monitor market information through the Retail Energy Market Monitoring (REMM) framework.

The information shown in this report comes from network companies, suppliers, BEIS (Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy) and Eurostat. Some figures have been calculated internally.

Audience

Electricity and gas industry, associations of consumers, regulators, statistical bodies, suppliers, potential new market entrants, consultants, researchers and journalists.

Consumer impact

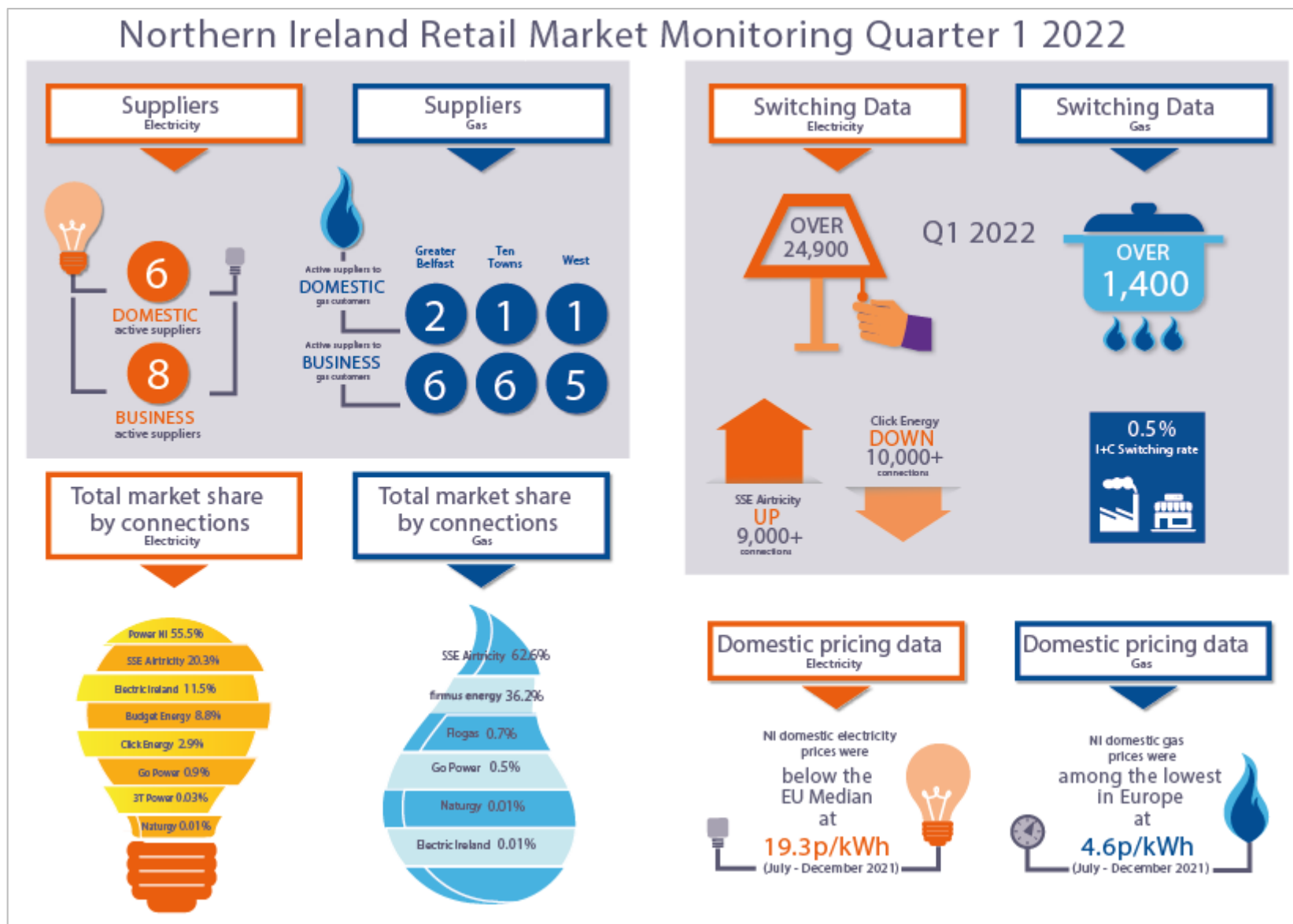
The information used to produce these reports allows us to monitor the retail market, flag potential concerns and to inform regulatory decisions. All of this directly impacts on consumers.

This set of reports increases transparency for consumers on matters of their direct interest, such as the active suppliers in each energy market sector and NI prices compared against other jurisdictions.

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1. Summary of key market indicators



Key developments during Q1 2022

1. The semester 2 (July - December) 2021 electricity pricing data is sourced from Eurostat and individual supplier's submissions under the REMM framework. The pricing data for the period illustrates the following:

- NI domestic electricity prices (19.3 p/kWh) continued to rank below the EU median (20.1 p/kWh), UK (20.1 p/kWh) and were lower than the Republic of Ireland (25.3 p/kWh).
- The NI I&C electricity price for the Very Small connections (which represent c71% of I&C connections) was 23.0 p/kWh, which was higher than the EU median (18.0 p/kWh), higher than the UK (18.5 p/kWh) and just above the Republic of Ireland (22.5 p/kWh).
- For Large and Very Large I&C customers (c0.02% of connections) NI prices (16.1p/kWh) were higher than the EU median (10.2 p/kWh), Rol (13.4p/kWh) and the UK (15.0p/kWh).

2. The semester 2 (July - December) 2021 domestic gas prices in NI were among the lowest in Europe at 4.6 p/kWh. This was less than Rol (6.7 p/kWh) and EU median (6.7 p/kWh) and marginally higher than UK (4.5 p/kWh).

3. Overall electricity switching activity in Q1 2022 decreased from the previous quarter. Domestic customers continue to engage in the market with over 24,300 domestic switches completed during Q1 2022 and a switching rate of 2.9% (a decrease from 4.8% in the previous quarter). In the I&C sector, electricity switching also saw a decrease during the period with a switching rate of 0.8% (down from 4.6% in the previous quarter).

4. In the gas sector, I&C switching activity saw a decrease in the switching rate, down from 0.8% in Q4 2021 to 0.5% in Q1 2022. Domestic switching in the Greater Belfast area saw an increase with over 1,300 switches completed in Q1 2022, up from 702 switches in Q4 2021.

2. Introduction

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to deliver transparency for stakeholders and consumers, providing readers with readily accessible information on the evolution and performance of Northern Ireland (NI) electricity and natural gas retail sectors.
- 2.2 This report (previously known as the Quarterly Transparency Reports (QTRs)) is one of the tools we use to communicate some of the main indicators we monitor in the retail energy markets. We protect consumers by promoting effective competition wherever appropriate, and by monitoring the markets. Therefore, monitoring the retail markets is key when complying with our statutory duties¹.

Energy suppliers in NI market

	Network Operator							
	NIE Networks		PNGL		FeDL		SGN NG	
	Electricity		Gas Greater Belfast		Gas Ten Towns		Gas West	
	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C
Budget Energy	💡	💡						
Click Energy	💡	💡						
Electric Ireland	💡	💡		💧		💧		💧
firmus energy			💧	💧	💧	💧		💧
Flogas				💧		💧		💧
Go Power	💡	💡		💧		💧		💧
Power NI	💡	💡						
SSE Airtricity	💡	💡	💧	💧		💧	💧	💧
Naturgy		💡		💧		💧		
3T Power		💡						
Suppliers	6	8	2	6	1	6	1	5

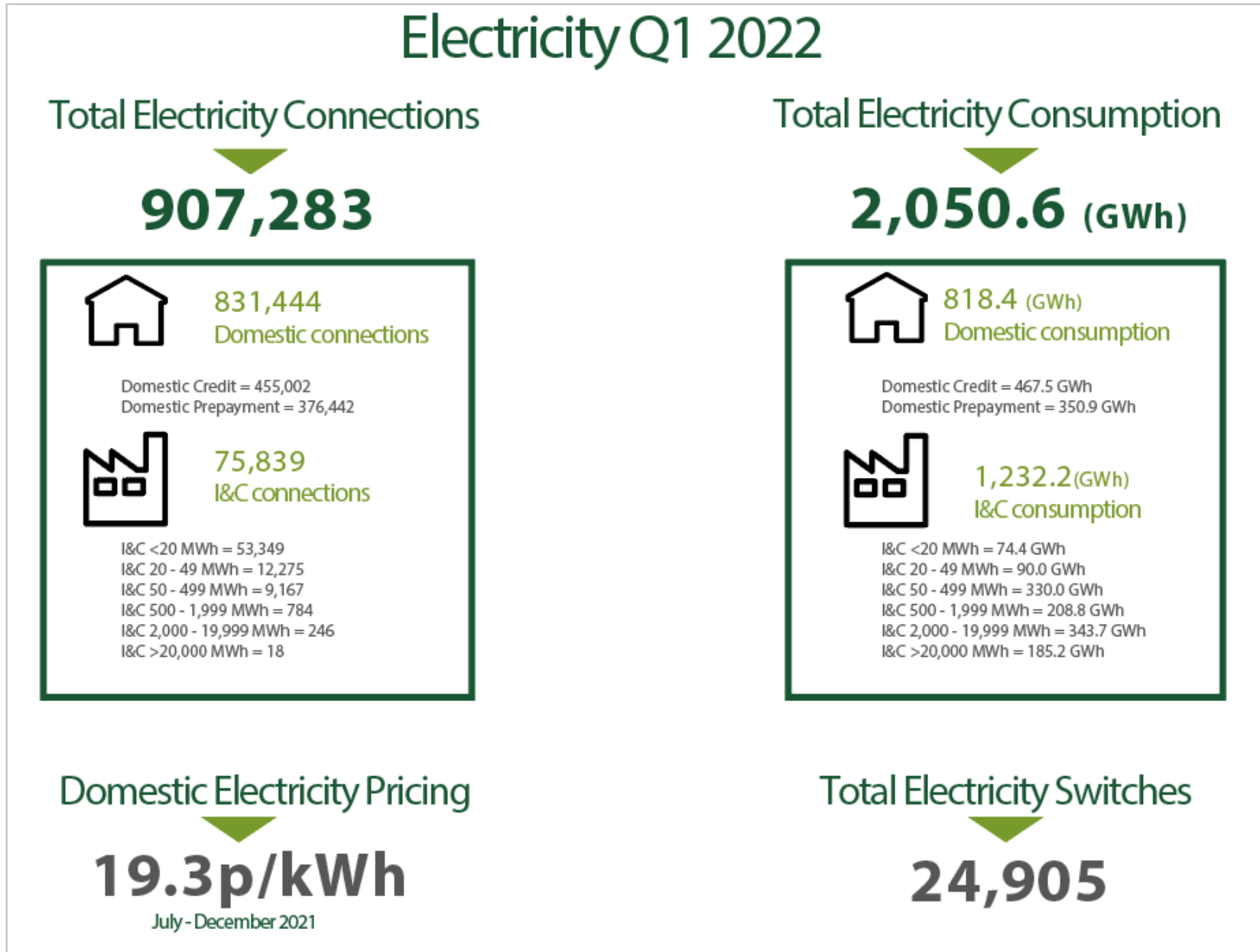
Source: UR

¹ Detail on the background to this report, information sources and methodology is contained in Annex A.

- 2.3 The electricity and gas (in the Greater Belfast area) markets have been open to competition to domestic customers since 2007. However, there were no competing suppliers in the domestic market until 2010.
- 2.4 The Ten Towns area opened to gas competition for large I&C customers (those consuming over 732,000 kWh per annum) in October 2012, and to domestic and small I&C customers in April 2015. The first gas connection to the new West² gas distribution area was a large I&C user during Q1 2017.
- 2.5 During the first quarter of 2022 there were **eight** suppliers in the electricity market and **six** suppliers in the gas market although not all of these suppliers are certified to operate in all sectors (or in all gas distribution areas).
- 2.6 The detail of the dates of entry for the suppliers in each of the retail market segments is available in Annex B of this report. For more information about the retail energy market in NI, please visit: <https://www.uregni.gov.uk/supply>.

² It is anticipated that gas in the West distribution area will be developed as per Annex 2, Part 3 of the Scotia Gas Networks Northern Ireland licence.

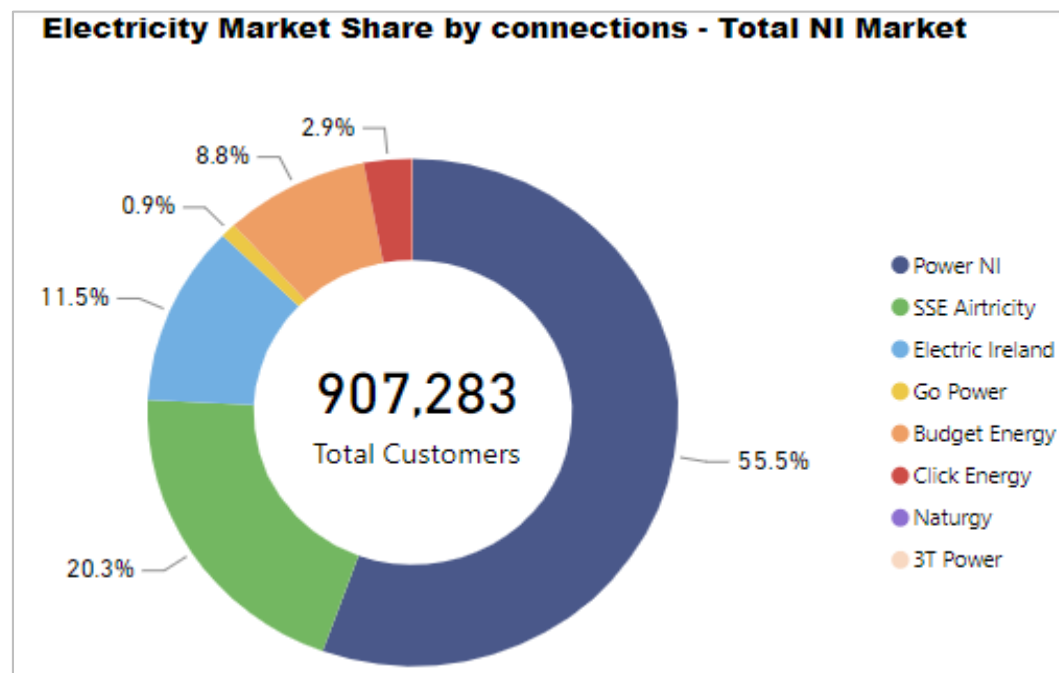
3. Electricity



Total NI market shares (by connections)

3.1 The chart³ to the right shows the percentage market share by connections⁴ for each electricity supplier⁵ at the **end of March 2022**.

3.2 When looking at the electricity retail market as a whole by connections (domestic and I&C customers), Power NI, the incumbent supplier, has the leading position with 55.5% share of the market.



Market Segment	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Electric Ireland	Budget Energy	Click Energy	Go Power	Naturgy	3T Power	Total Customers
Domestic credit	293,199	106,683	41,365	9,286	3,795	674	0	0	455,002
Domestic prepayment	173,282	61,101	49,704	70,242	22,113	0	0	0	376,442
I&C < 20 MWh	29,119	10,982	7,305	342	492	4,961	21	127	53,349
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	4,874	3,105	2,562	111	114	1,490	3	16	12,275
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	3,092	1,714	2,865	56	58	1,244	8	130	9,167
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	210	158	319	1	4	73	8	11	784
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	57	48	110	0	3	21	4	3	246
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	0	4	11	0	0	3	0	0	18
Total	503,833	183,795	104,241	80,038	26,579	8,466	44	287	907,283

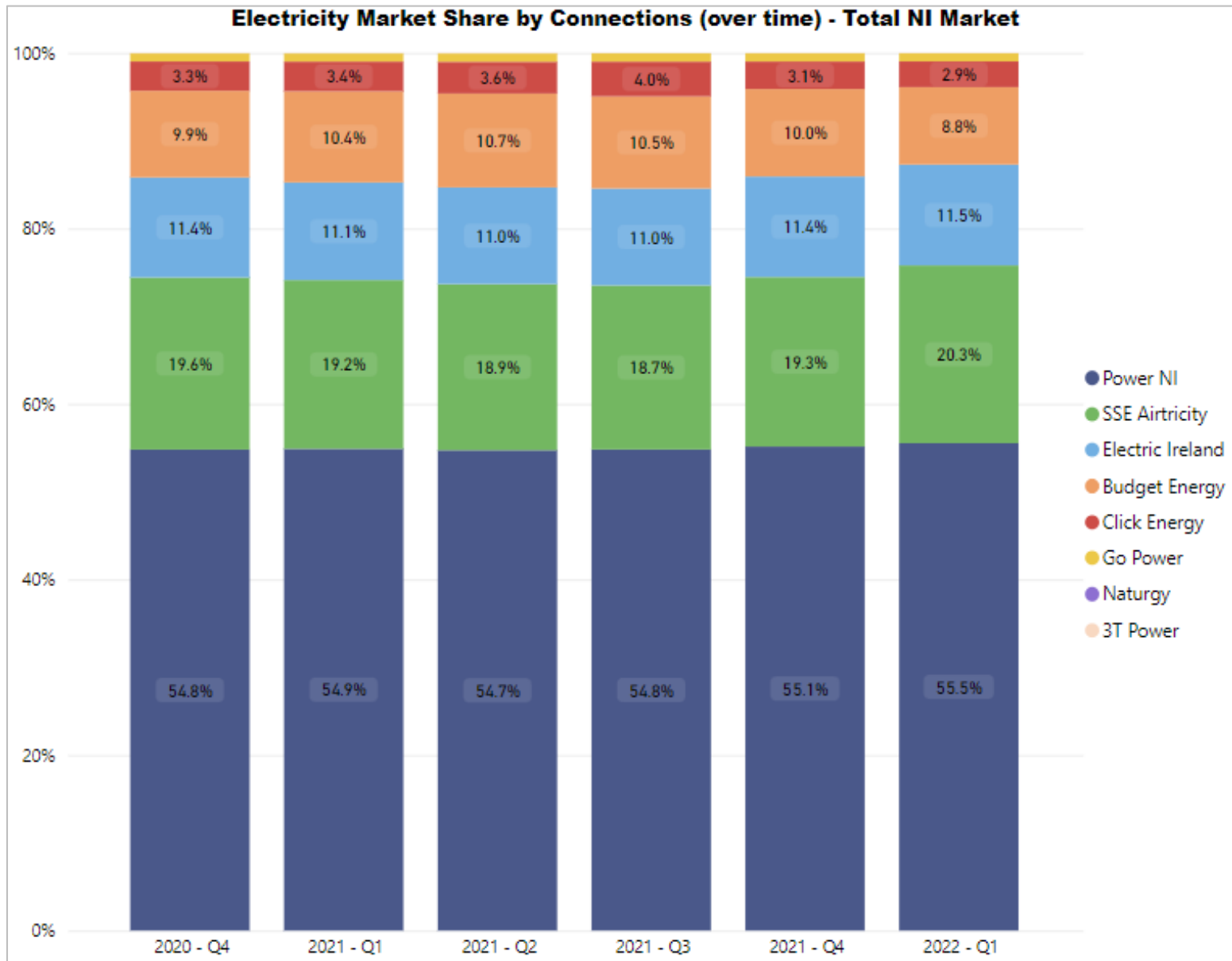
Data source: NIEN

³ Please note the percentages in the chart may not tally to 100% as the data labels for some suppliers are not labelled due to the size of their market share.

⁴ Note that long-term vacant sites are not included in connection numbers, and that combined premises are included in the <20MWh category.

⁵ Please note that bright exited the market in Q1 2022 - <https://www.uregni.gov.uk/publications/bright-energy-notice-licence-revocation>

3.3 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by customer numbers) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

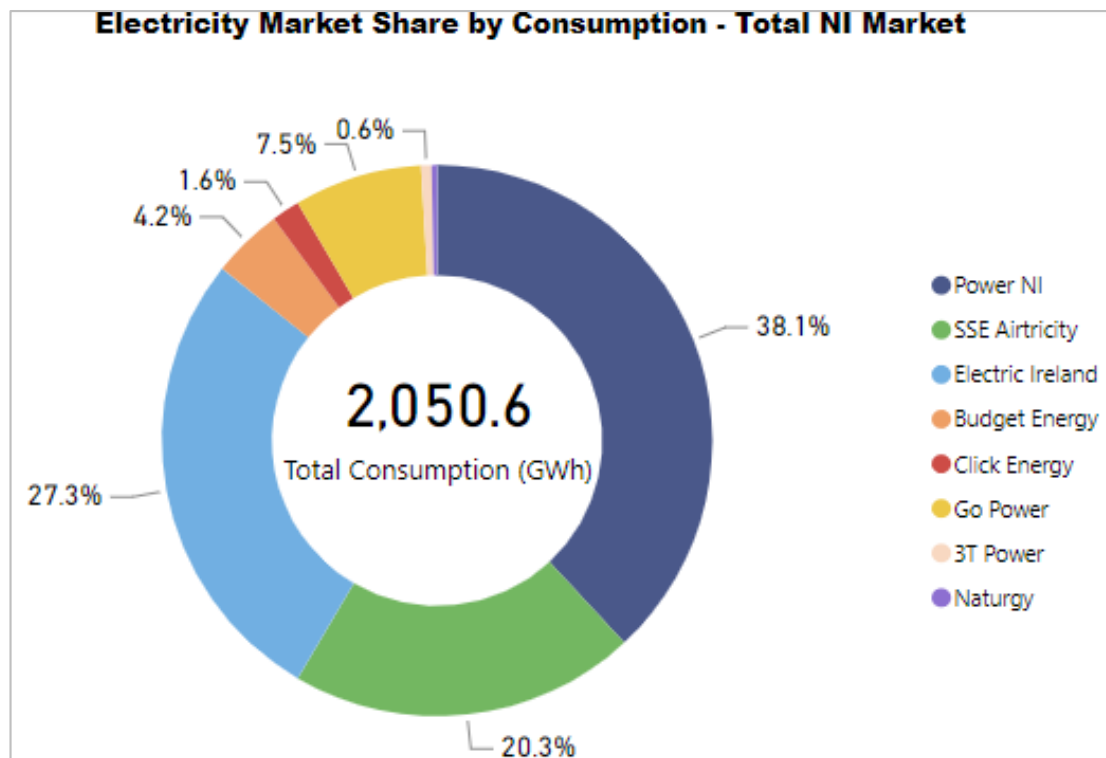


Data source: NIEN

Total NI market shares (by consumption)

3.4 The chart to the right shows the percentage market share by consumption for each electricity supplier for the period **January to March 2021**.

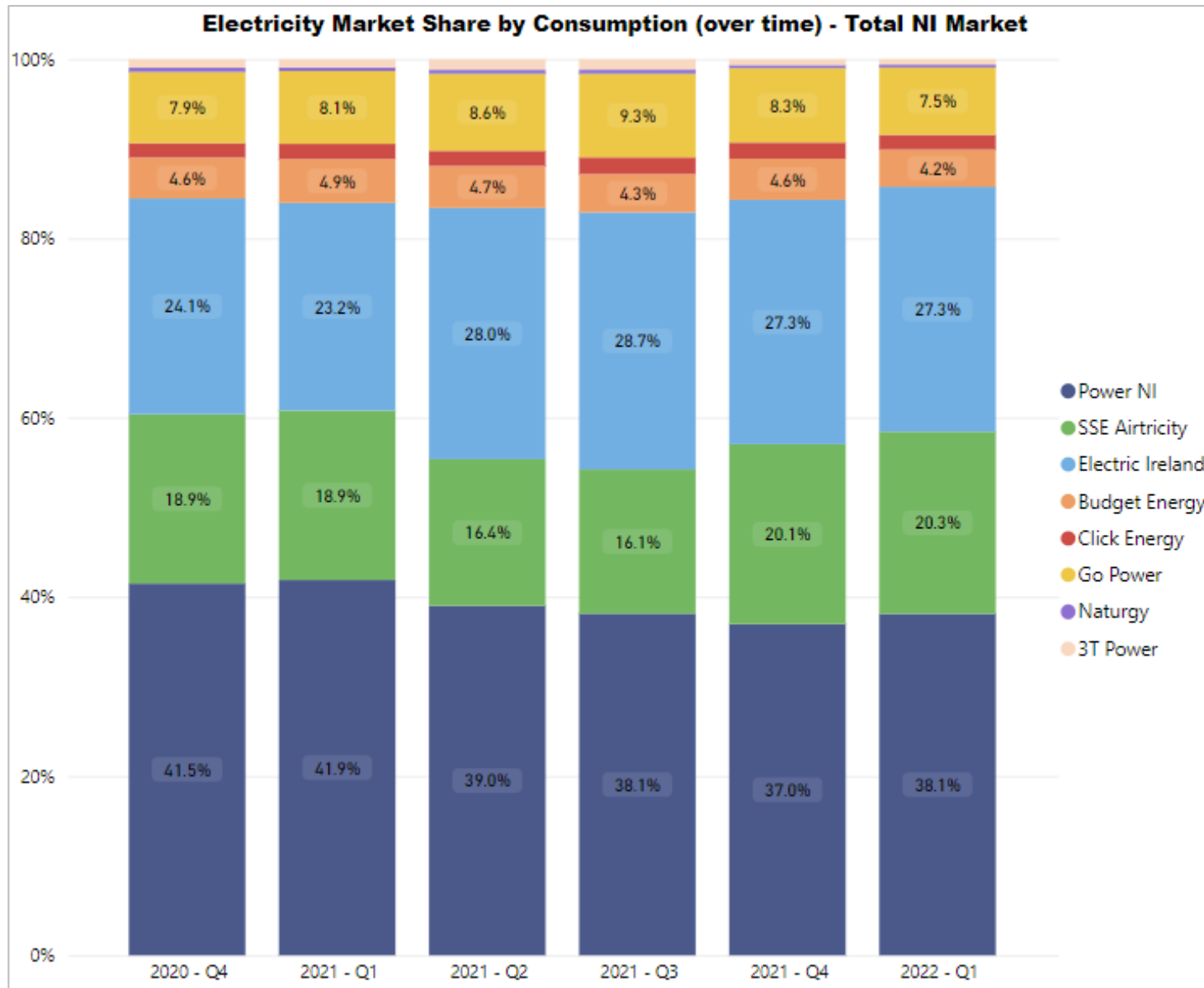
3.5 Electricity consumption in the NI retail market for Q1 2022 was 2,051 GWh.



Market Segment	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Electric Ireland	Budget Energy	Click Energy	Go Power	3T Power	Naturgy	Total Consumption (GWh)
Domestic credit	285.9	117.3	44.8	12.9	4.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	467.5
Domestic prepayment	159.5	54.2	47.3	68.9	20.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	350.9
I&C < 20 MWh	38.2	17.2	10.9	0.6	0.5	6.8	0.2	0.0	74.4
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	35.1	23.0	20.8	0.9	0.6	9.5	0.1	0.0	90.0
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	105.8	60.5	111.6	1.8	1.4	40.0	8.5	0.4	330.0
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	63.8	39.4	78.7	0.0	1.2	21.4	1.9	2.3	208.8
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	92.9	59.8	159.5	0.0	4.5	21.3	2.0	3.8	343.7
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	0.0	45.4	86.5	0.0	0.0	53.3	0.0	0.0	185.2
Total	781.1	416.9	560.0	85.1	33.7	154.1	12.7	6.5	2,050.6

Data source: NIEN

3.6 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by consumption) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

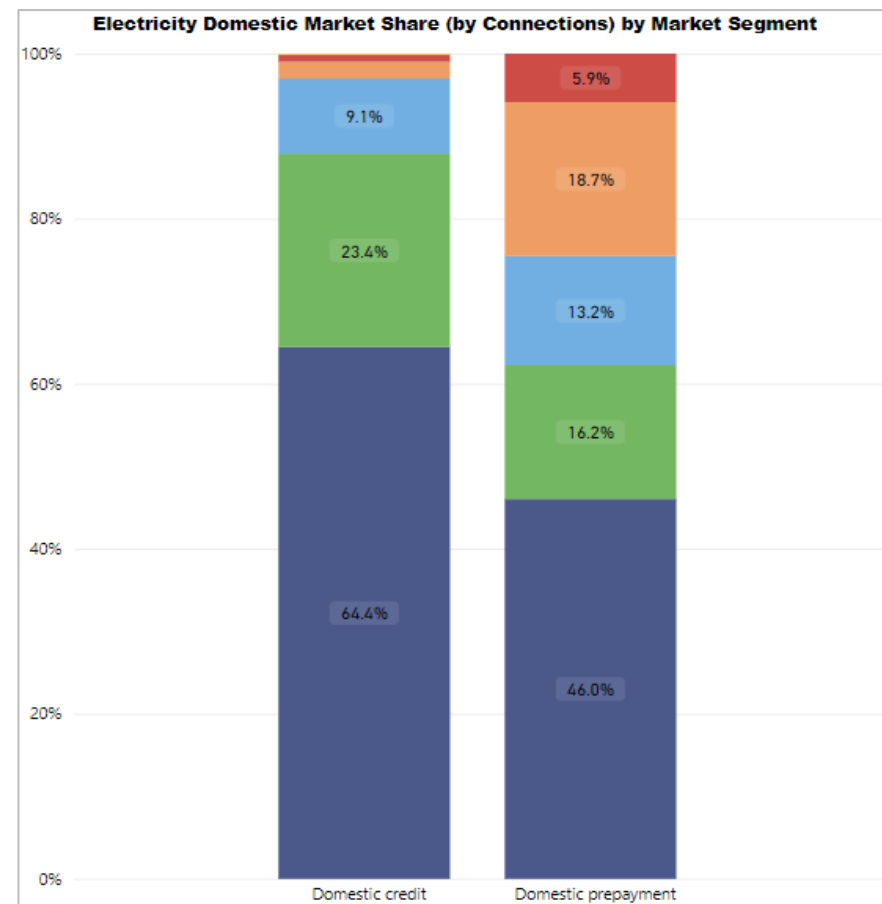
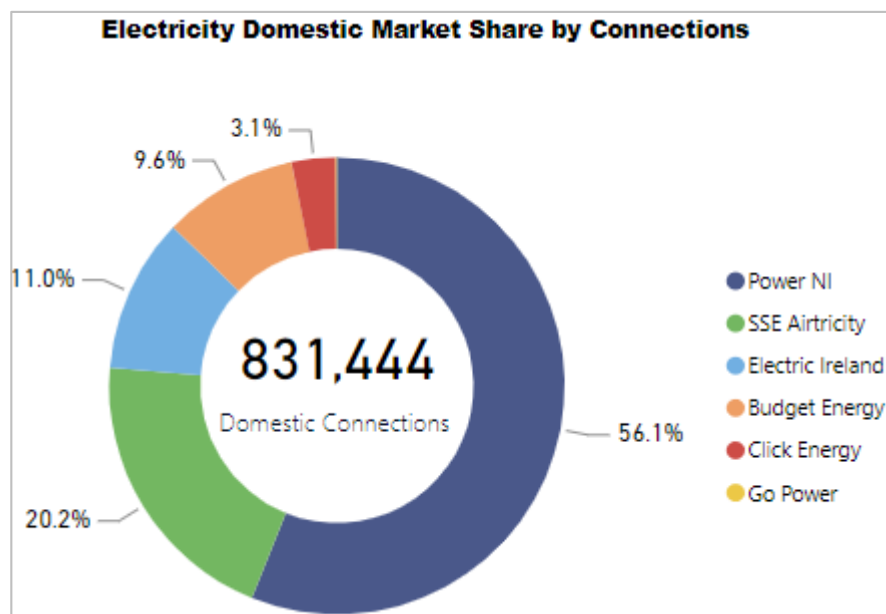


Data source: NIEN

Domestic Market Analysis (by connections)

3.7 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the electricity domestic market, by connections.

3.8 The non-incumbents now represent 43.9% of total domestic connections in NI.

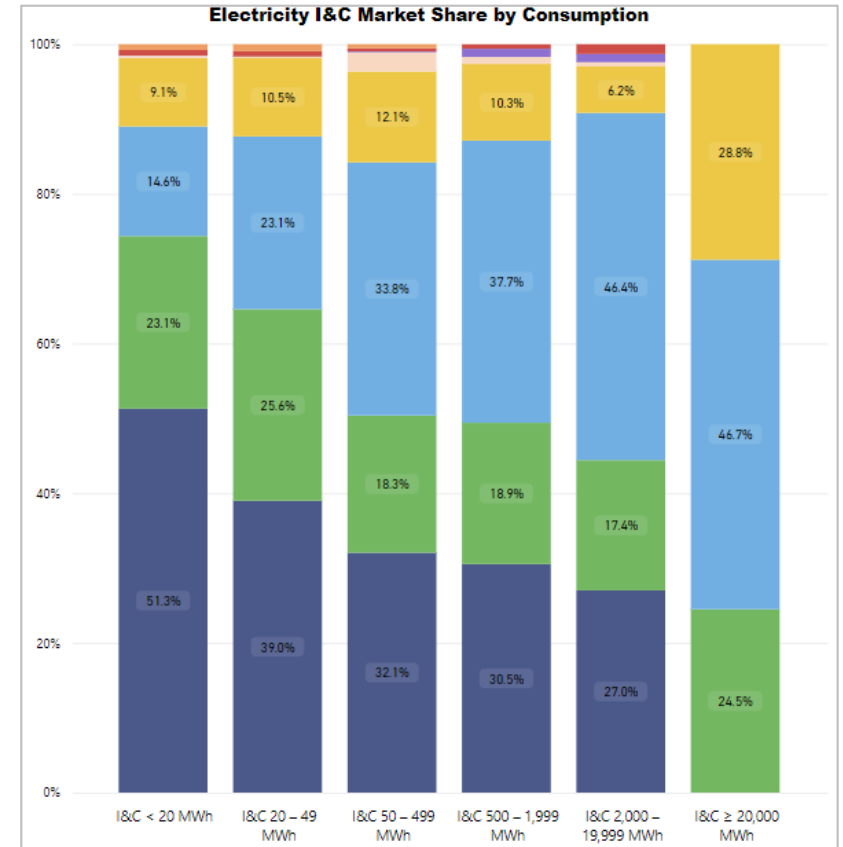
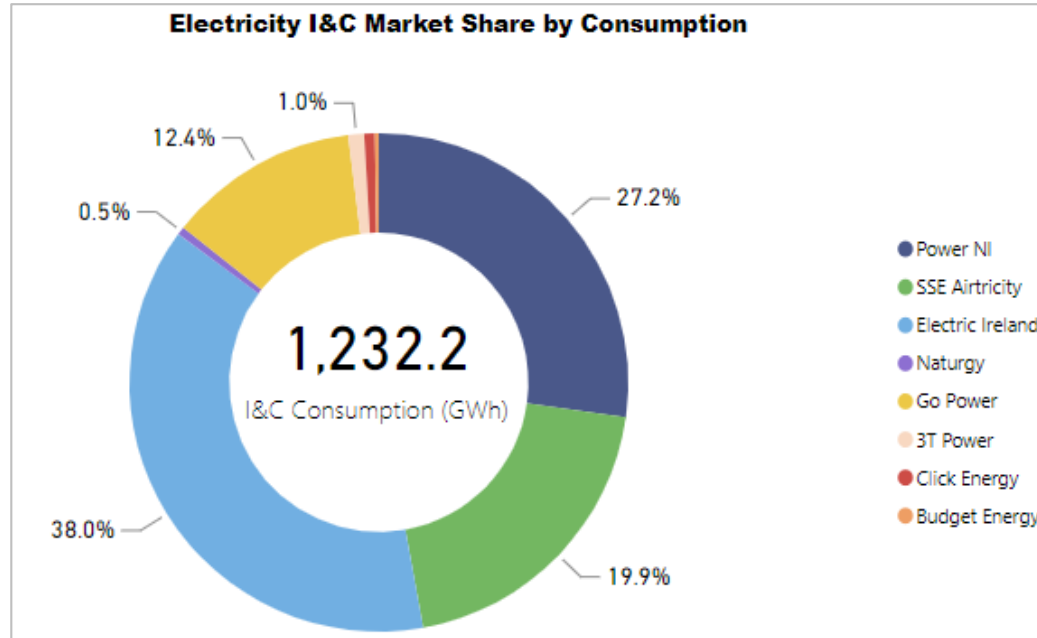


Market Segment	Power NI	Power NI %	SSE Airtricity	SSE Airtricity %	Electric Ireland	Electric Ireland %	Budget Energy	Budget Energy %	Click Energy	Click Energy %	Go Power	Go Power %	Total Customers	Total Customers %
Domestic prepayment	173,282	37%	61,101	36%	49,704	55%	70,242	88%	22,113	85%	0	0%	376,442	45%
Domestic credit	293,199	63%	106,683	64%	41,365	45%	9,286	12%	3,795	15%	674	100%	455,002	55%
Total	466,481		167,784		91,069		79,528		25,908		674		831,444	

Data source: NIEN

I&C Market Analysis (by consumption)

3.9 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the electricity I&C market, by consumption. I&C consumption for the period was 1,232 GWh.



Market Segment	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Electric Ireland	Go Power	3T Power	Naturgy	Click Energy	Budget Energy	Total Consumption (GWh)
I&C < 20 MWh	38.2	17.2	10.9	6.8	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.6	74.4
I&C 20 - 49 MWh	35.1	23.0	20.8	9.5	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.9	90.0
I&C 50 - 499 MWh	105.8	60.5	111.6	40.0	8.5	0.4	1.4	1.8	330.0
I&C 500 - 1,999 MWh	63.8	39.4	78.7	21.4	1.9	2.3	1.2	0.0	208.8
I&C 2,000 - 19,999 MWh	92.9	59.8	159.5	21.3	2.0	3.8	4.5	0.0	343.7
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	0.0	45.4	86.5	53.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	185.2
Total	335.7	245.4	468.0	152.3	12.7	6.5	8.3	3.3	1,232.2

Data source: NIEN

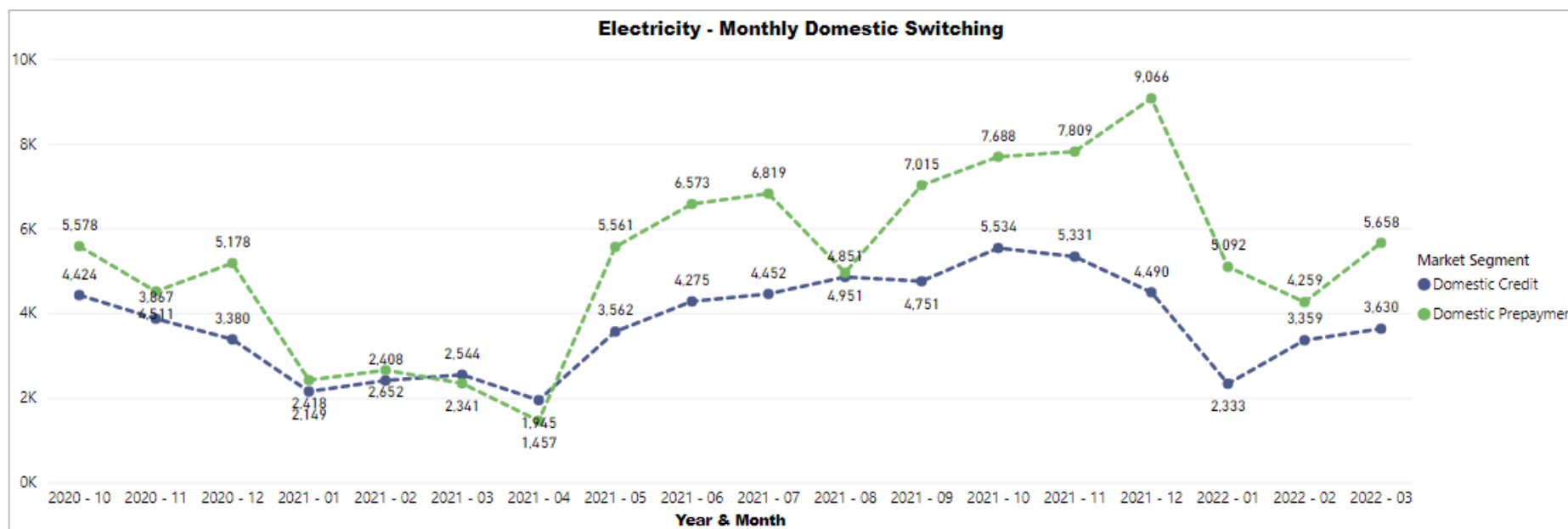
Market activity (Switching)

- 3.10 The table below shows the total market activity through changes of supplier (CoSs) on a quarterly basis for the domestic and I&C sectors including the quarterly switching rate⁶.

Switching rate – Total NI market						
Quarter	2020 – Q4	2021 – Q1	2021 – Q2	2021 – Q3	2021 – Q4	2022 – Q1
No. of switches	28,105	15,284	24,763	33,998	43,403	24,905
Switching rate (%)	3.1%	1.7%	2.8%	3.8%	4.8%	2.8%

Data source: NIEN

- 3.11 The graph below shows the number of domestic switches, split by domestic credit and domestic prepayment on a monthly basis followed by a table with the total domestic switches and domestic switching rate for the quarter.



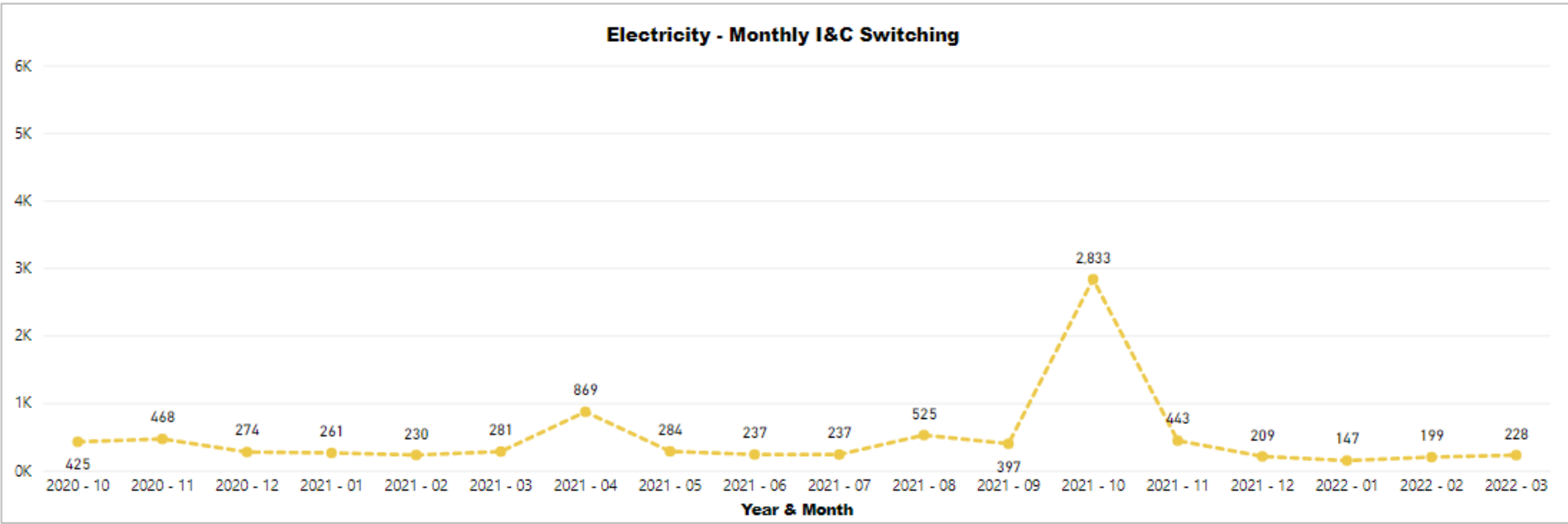
Data source: NIEN

⁶ The switching rate percentages are calculated using the number of quarterly switches divided by the number of customers at the end of the quarter in the relevant market.

Switching rate – Domestic market						
Quarter	2020 – Q4	2021 – Q1	2021 – Q2	2021 – Q3	2021 – Q4	2022 – Q1
No. of switches	26,938	14,512	23,373	32,839	39,918	24,331
Switching rate (%)	3.3%	1.8%	2.8%	4.0%	4.8%	2.9%

Data source: NIEN

3.12 The graph below shows the number of I&C switches on a monthly basis and the table details the total switches and switching rate for the quarter.



Switching rate – I&C market						
Quarter	2020 – Q4	2021 – Q1	2021 – Q2	2021 – Q3	2021 – Q4	2022 – Q1
No. of switches	1,167	772	1,390	1,159	3,485	574
Switching rate (%)	1.6%	1.0%	1.9%	1.5%	4.6%	0.8%

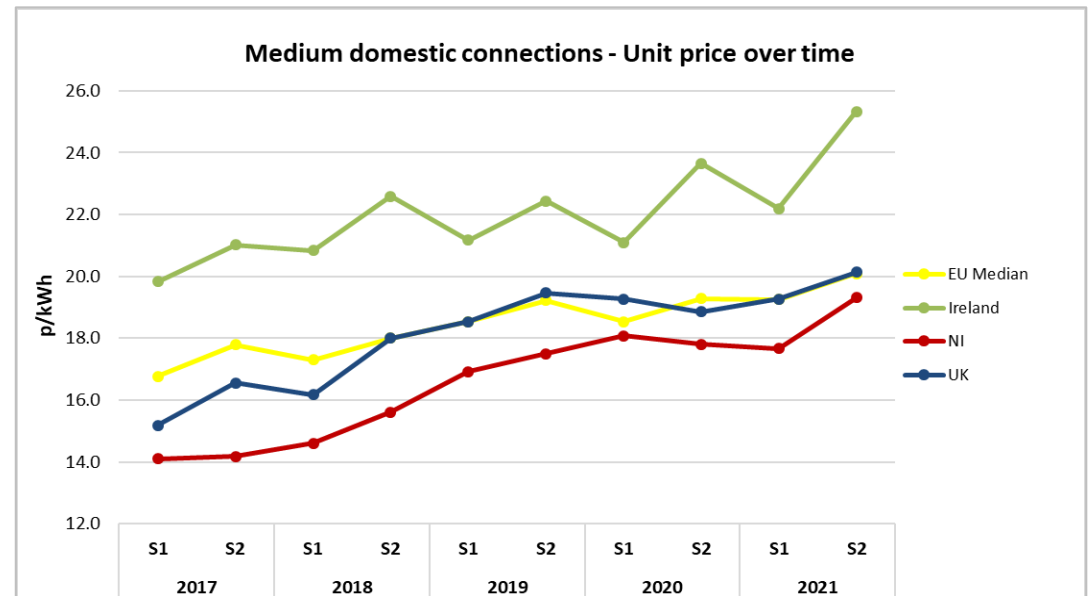
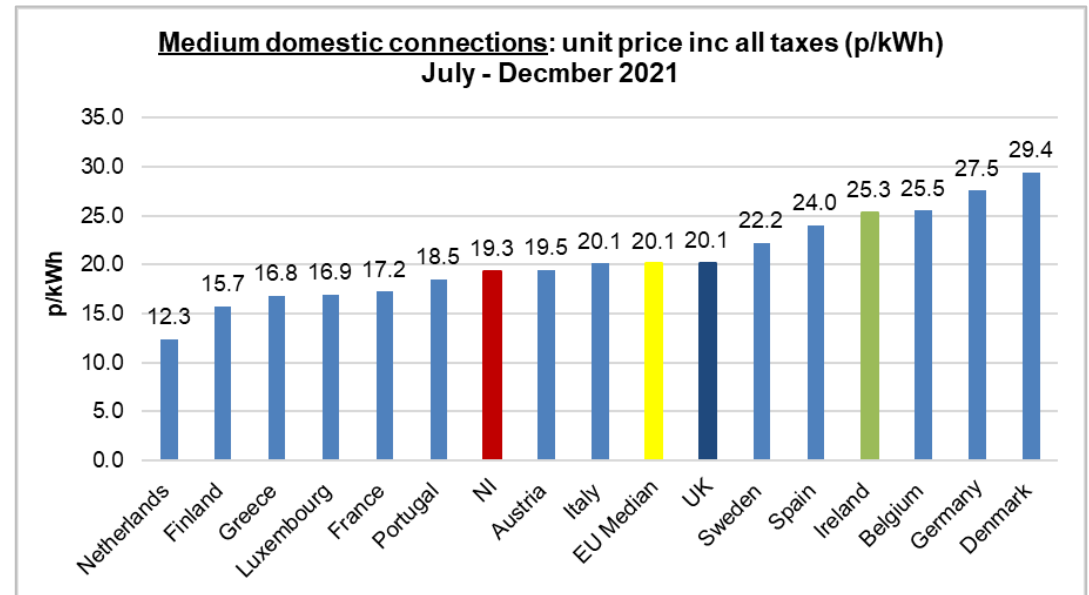
Data source: NIEN

4. Electricity Pricing – Semester 2 2021

4.1 **Domestic price comparison with EU:** In the domestic graphs shown, we use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) and include VAT as this reflects the final prices paid by domestic customers. The medium sized domestic customers (annual consumption of between 2,500 and 4,999 kWh) have been selected for the purpose of analysis, as this consumption category reflects the majority of domestic customers in NI.

4.2 In semester 2 2021 (July - December 2021) the NI price was below the EU median, UK and considerably less than RoI.

4.3 The second graph shows the Medium domestic connections unit price (inc all taxes) over the last five years compared to the EU median, UK and RoI.



Source: NI electricity suppliers, BEIS, Eurostat and UR internal calculations

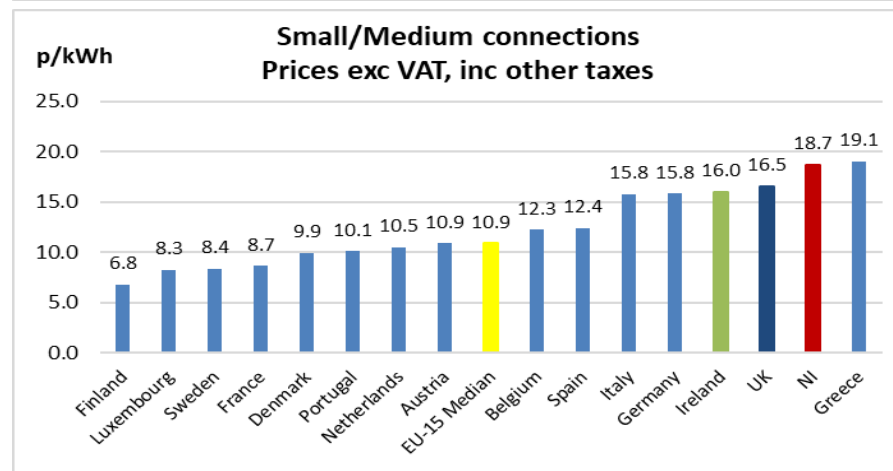
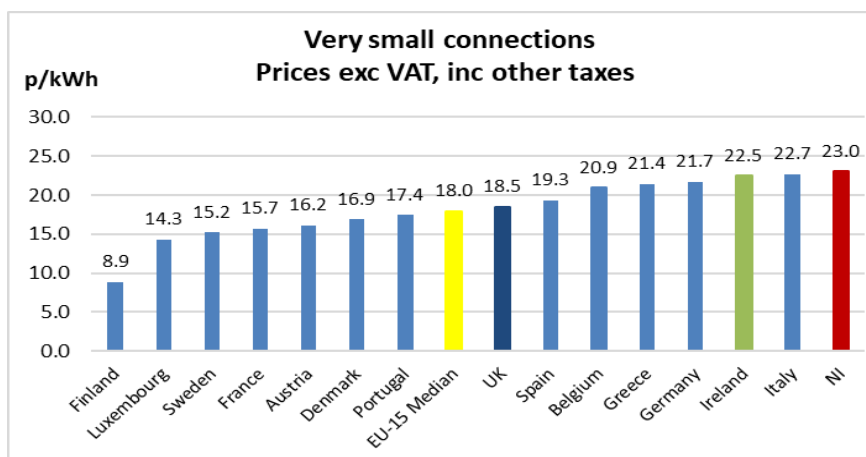
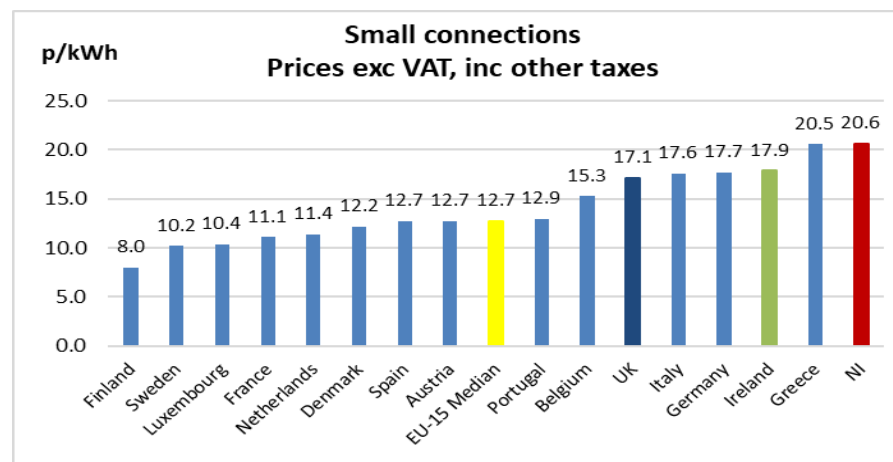
4.4 **I&C price comparison with EU:** The graphs below show I&C electricity prices in the 15 EU⁷ countries (converted to GBP) and in NI, per consumption size bands (following standard EU categorisation). The I&C graphs use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) but exclude VAT, as VAT is a refundable expense for many businesses. This reflects the final prices paid by I&C customers. We amalgamate the two largest categories of annual consumption (large and very large connections) to avoid any confidentiality issues in sectors where there are a small number of customers and suppliers involved.

4.5 During semester 2 2021 (July - December), the NI prices in the Very Small I&C Category were higher than the EU Median, UK and just above Rol (c71% of I&C connections in NI are in this size category). During the same period, for the large and very large I&C customers (c0.02% of connections), NI prices were above Rol and the UK.

End of Q4 2021⁸

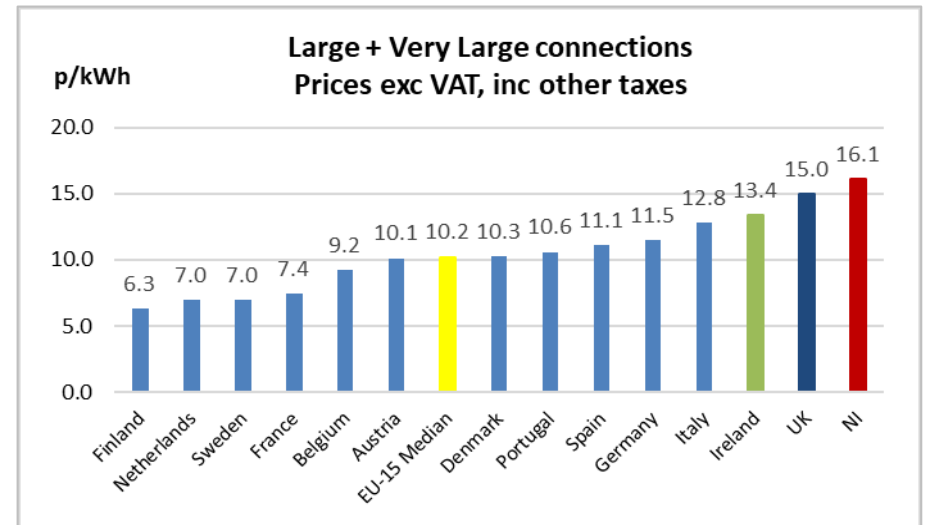
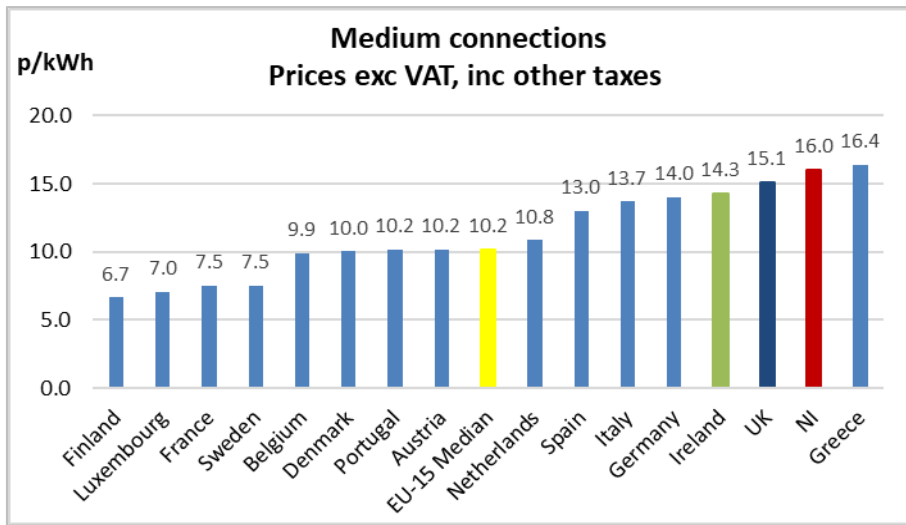
Size of Customer	Annual Consumption bands (MWh)	% of I&C connections	% of I&C consumption	I&C connection numbers
Very small	< 20	70.7%	7.7%	53,643
Small	20 – 499	28.0%	36.4%	21,226
Small / Medium	500 – 1,999	1.0%	15.4%	764
Medium	2,000 – 19,999	0.3%	25.6%	243
Large & Very Large	>20,000	0.02%	15.1%	18

Source: NIEN

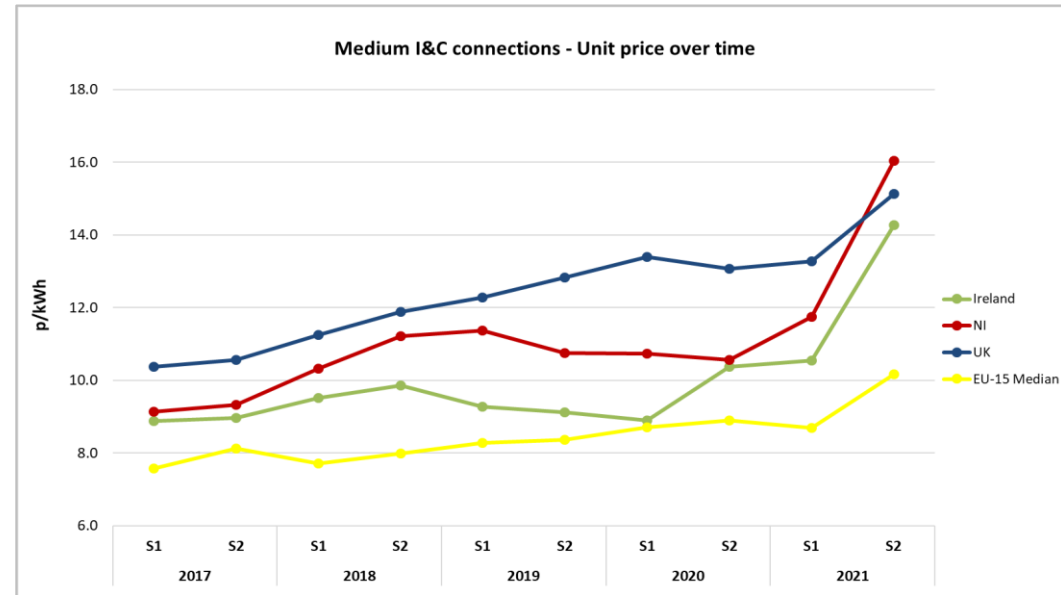
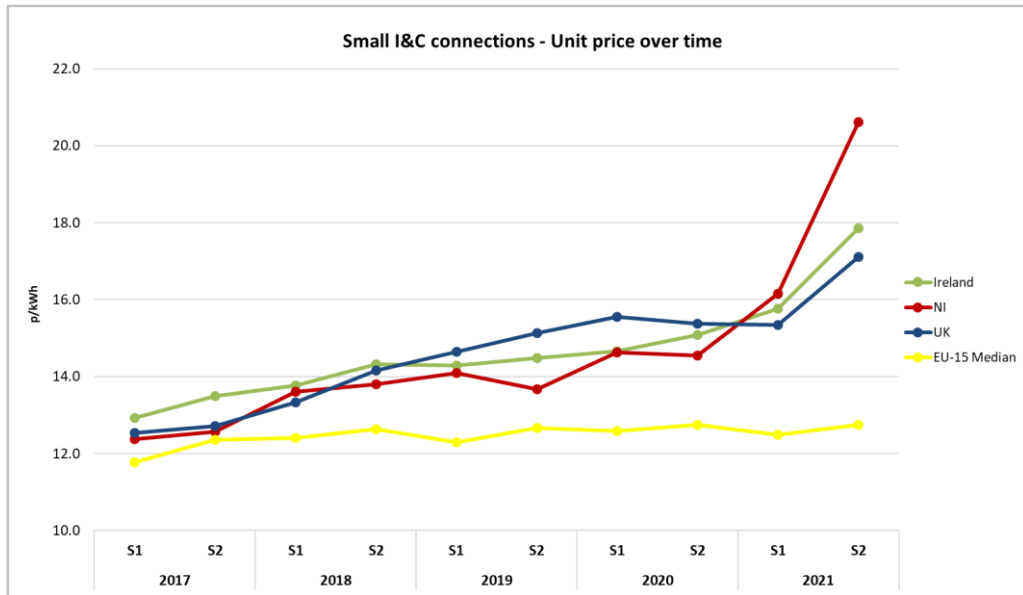


⁷ Some graphs do not include all 15 EU countries due to availability of data from Eurostat or BEIS.

⁸ The pricing data relates to the period end Q4 2021 (S2 July - December 2021) as opposed to Q1 2021. This is due to the availability of pricing data from Eurostat and suppliers.

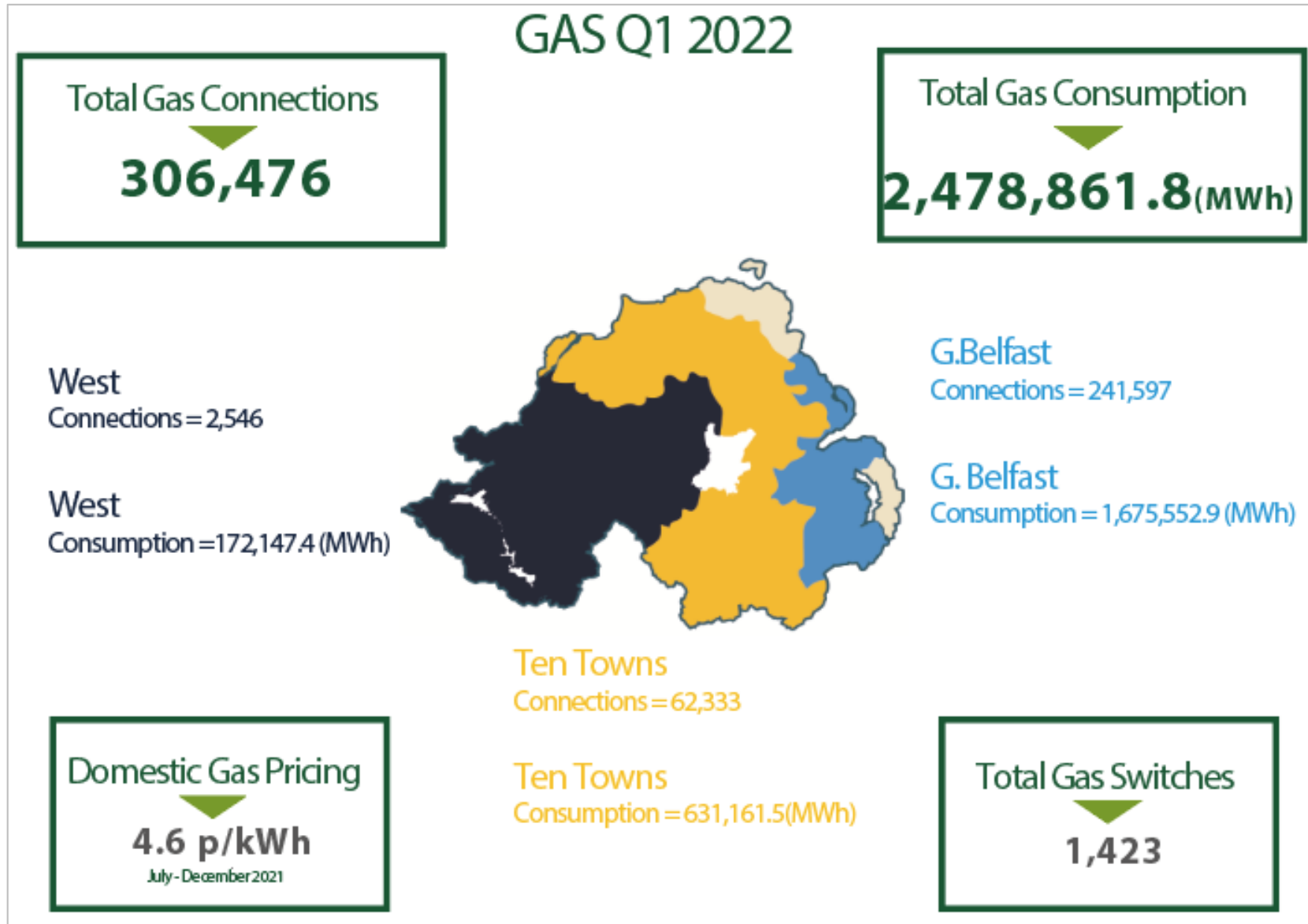


4.6 The graphs below show the unit price over time for the two I&C groups (Small and Medium) which have the majority percentage share of I&C sector, by consumption.



Source: NI electricity suppliers, BEIS, Eurostat and UR internal calculations

5. Gas⁹

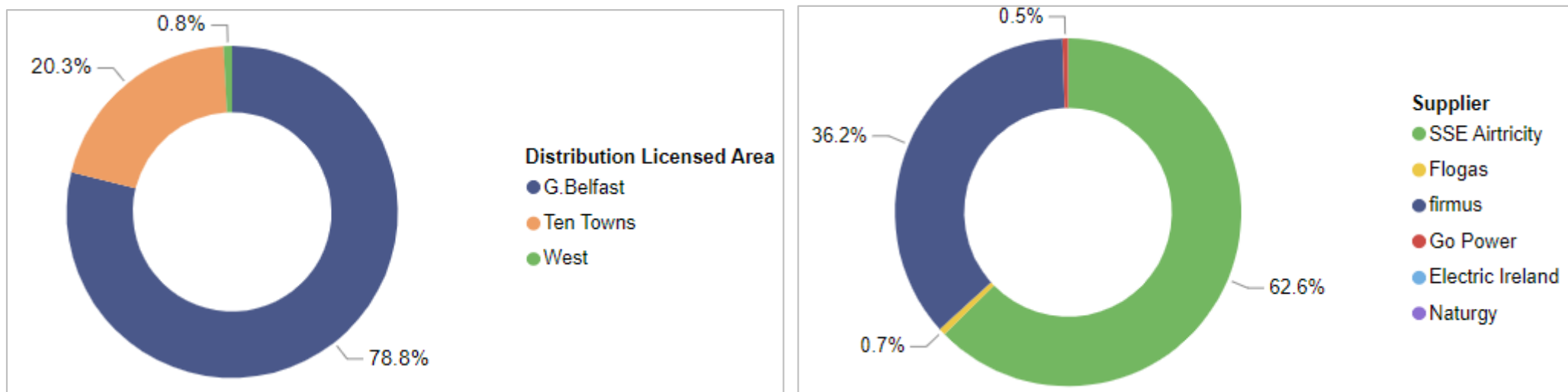


⁹ Section 5 consolidates the gas connection, consumption and switching data from the three gas distribution areas (where applicable).

Total NI market share (by connections)

5.1 This section provides information on the total connection numbers in NI, by supplier, in all three-distribution areas. The market shares in terms of connections¹⁰ are as at the **end of March 2022**.

Gas Market Share by Connections - Total NI Market



Distribution Licensed Area	Market segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Naturgy	Electric Ireland	Total Connections
G. Belfast	Domestic Only	183,202	46,744	0	7	0	0	229,953
G. Belfast	I&C Only	6,149	2,747	1,451	1,274	15	8	11,644
Ten Towns	Domestic Only	0	59,372	0	0	0	0	59,372
Ten Towns	I&C Only	134	1,987	536	298	0	6	2,961
West	Domestic Only	2,477	0	0	0	0	0	2,477
West	I&C Only	14	31	17	5	0	2	69
Total		191,976	110,881	2,004	1,584	15	16	306,476

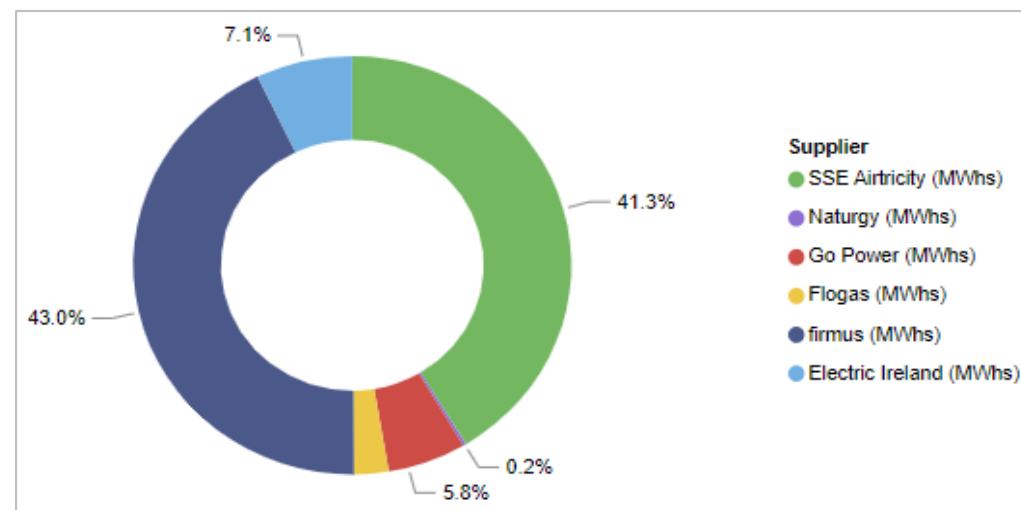
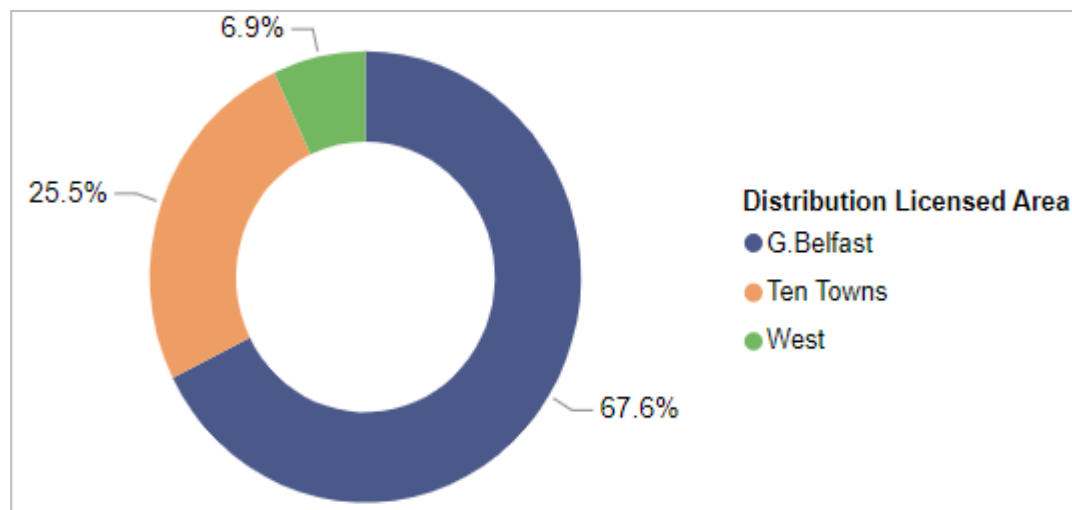
Data source: PNLG / FeDL / SGN NG

¹⁰ Please note the percentages in the chart may not tally to 100% as the data labels for some suppliers are not reflected due to the size of their market share.

Total NI market share (by consumption)

5.2 The pie chart below shows the total gas consumption¹¹ in NI for the period **January to March 2022**, with a breakdown by distribution area.

Gas Market Share by Consumption - Total NI Market

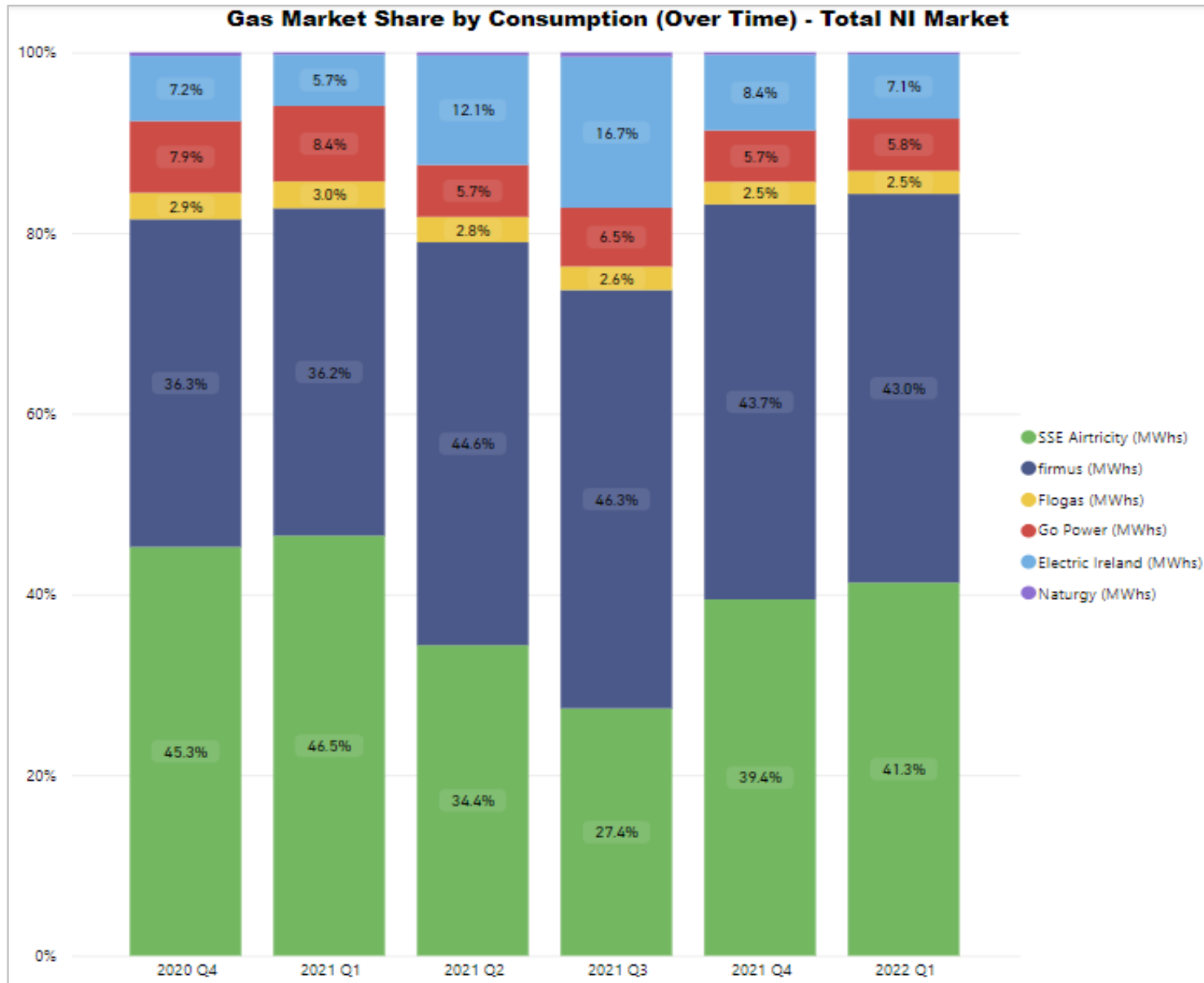


Distribution Licensed Area	SSE Airtricity (MWWhs)	firmus (MWWhs)	Electric Ireland (MWWhs)	Naturgy (MWWhs)	Go Power (MWWhs)	Flogas (MWWhs)	Total Consumption (MWWhs)
G. Belfast	954,962.0	523,483.3	35,323.2	5,737.7	112,204.7	43,842.1	1,675,552.9
Ten Towns	43,932.9	507,958.3	32,162.2	0.0	29,989.6	17,118.4	631,161.5
West	25,083.8	35,045.1	108,604.4	0.0	1,318.8	2,095.3	172,147.4
Total	1,023,978.7	1,066,486.7	176,089.8	5,737.7	143,513.1	63,055.8	2,478,861.8

Data source: PNLG / FeDL / SGN NG

¹¹ Gas consumption presented in this QREMM is in MWh (previously up to 2015 gas consumption was presented in Therms in the QTRs).

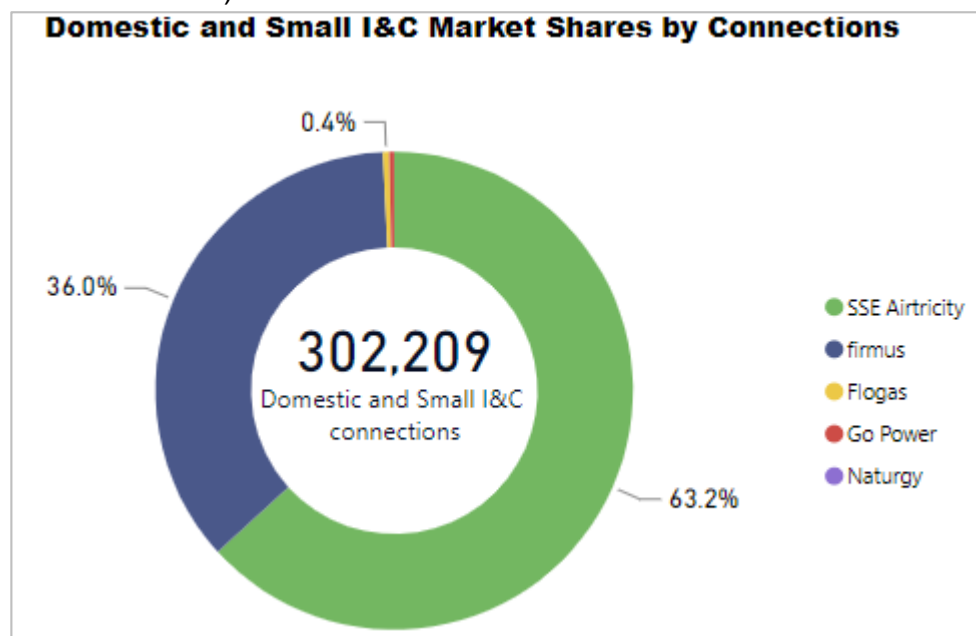
5.3 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by consumption) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.



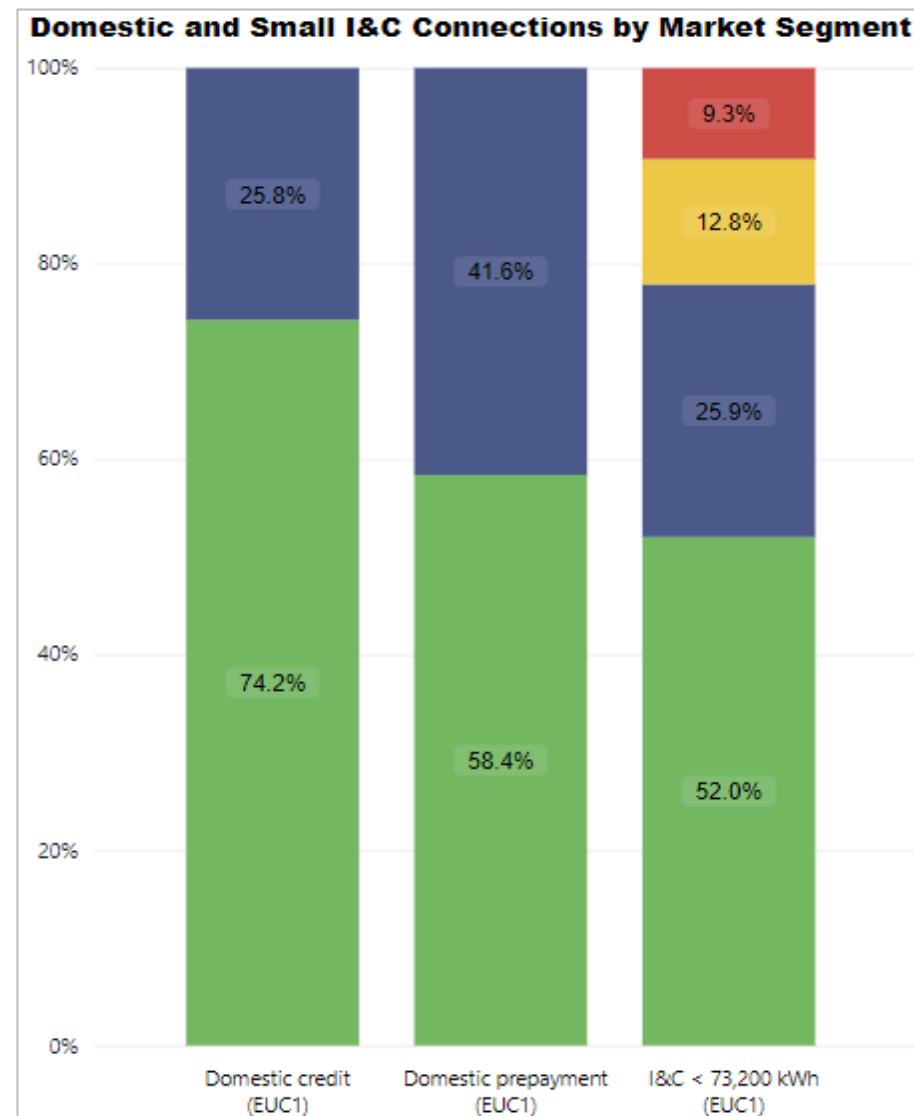
Data source: PNLG / FeDL / SGN NG

Domestic and Small I&C analysis (by connections)

5.4 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the gas **domestic and small I&C sector**¹², by connections (at the end of March 2022).



Distribution Licensed Area	Market segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Naturgy	Total Connections
G.Belfast	Domestic credit (EUC1)	71,147	12,804	0	7	0	83,958
G.Belfast	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	112,055	33,940	0	0	0	145,995
G.Belfast	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	5,366	1,482	973	803	2	8,626
Ten Towns	Domestic credit (EUC1)	0	12,198	0	0	0	12,198
Ten Towns	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	0	47,174	0	0	0	47,174
Ten Towns	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	41	1,200	348	166	0	1,755
West	Domestic credit (EUC1)	872	0	0	0	0	872
West	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	1,605	0	0	0	0	1,605
West	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	6	9	11	0	0	26
Total		191,092	108,807	1,332	976	2	302,209

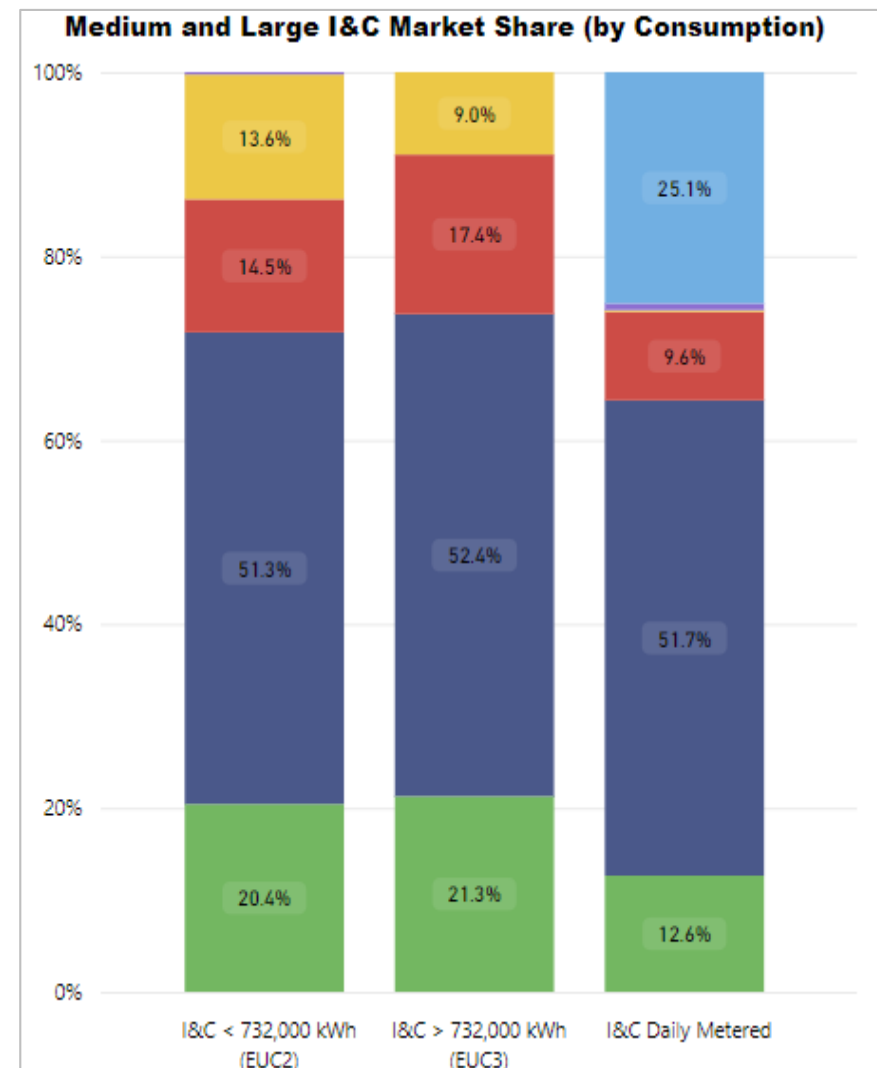
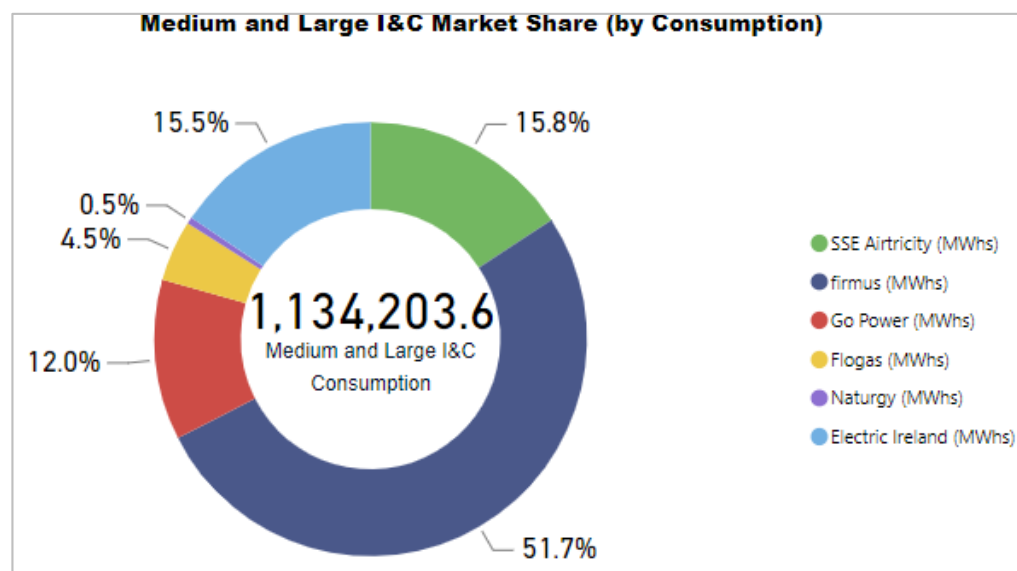


Data sources: PNGL / FeDL / SGN NG

¹² The domestic and small I&C sector relates to any customers using less than 73,200 kWh per annum.

Medium and Large I&C analysis (by consumption)

5.5 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the gas **medium and large I&C sector**¹³, by consumption.

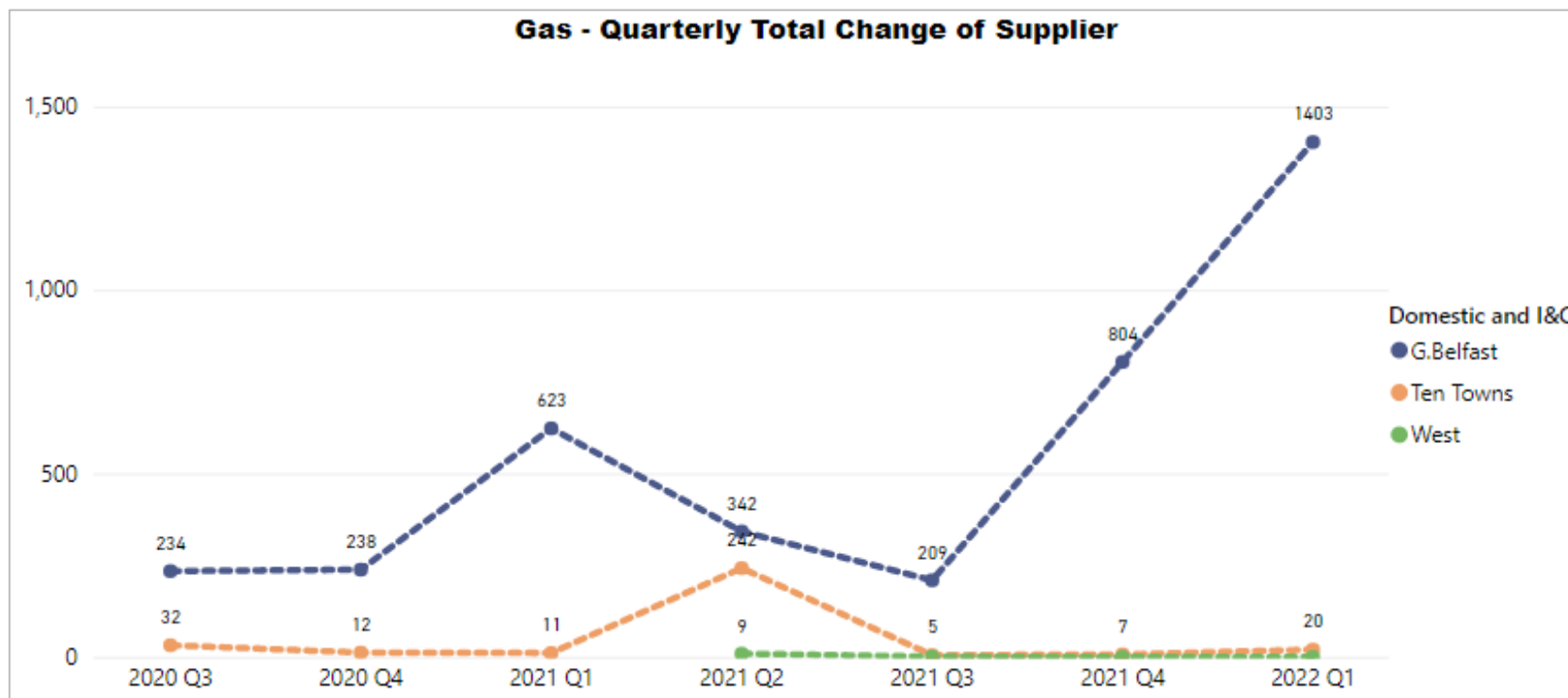


Data sources: PNLG / FeDL / SGN NG

¹³ The medium and large I&C sector relates to any customers with annual consumption that is greater than or equal to 73,200 kWh per annum. The I&C Daily Metered sector relates to any customer with annual consumption that is greater than 2,196,000 kWh per annum.

Market activity (Switching)

5.6 The graph below shows the market activity through changes of supplier (CoSs) on a quarterly basis in the NI gas market (domestic and I&C) across the three distribution areas. The table that follows shows the number of switches and switching rate¹⁴ per quarter.

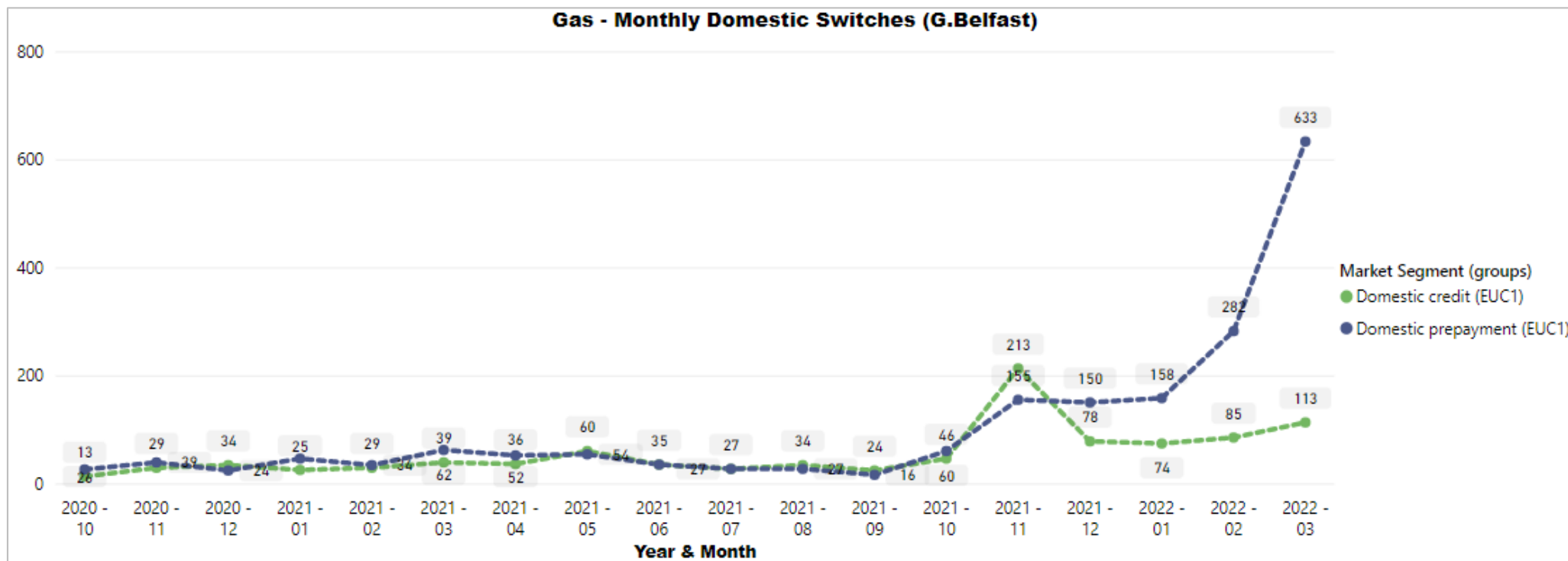


Switching rate – Total NI market						
Quarter	2020 – Q4	2021 - Q1	2021 - Q2	2021 – Q3	2021 – Q4	2022 – Q1
No. of switches	250	634	593	215	811	1,423
Switching rate (%)	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	0.5%

Data source: PNGL / FeDL / SGN NG

¹⁴ The switching rate percentages are calculated using the number of quarterly switches divided by the number of customers at the end of the quarter in the relevant market.

5.7 Greater Belfast is the only distribution area in which there is competition within the domestic credit and prepayment¹⁵ sectors. The line chart below reflects the monthly change of customer numbers (gains), per market segment within the domestic sector. The table shows the total domestic gains and switching rate per quarter.

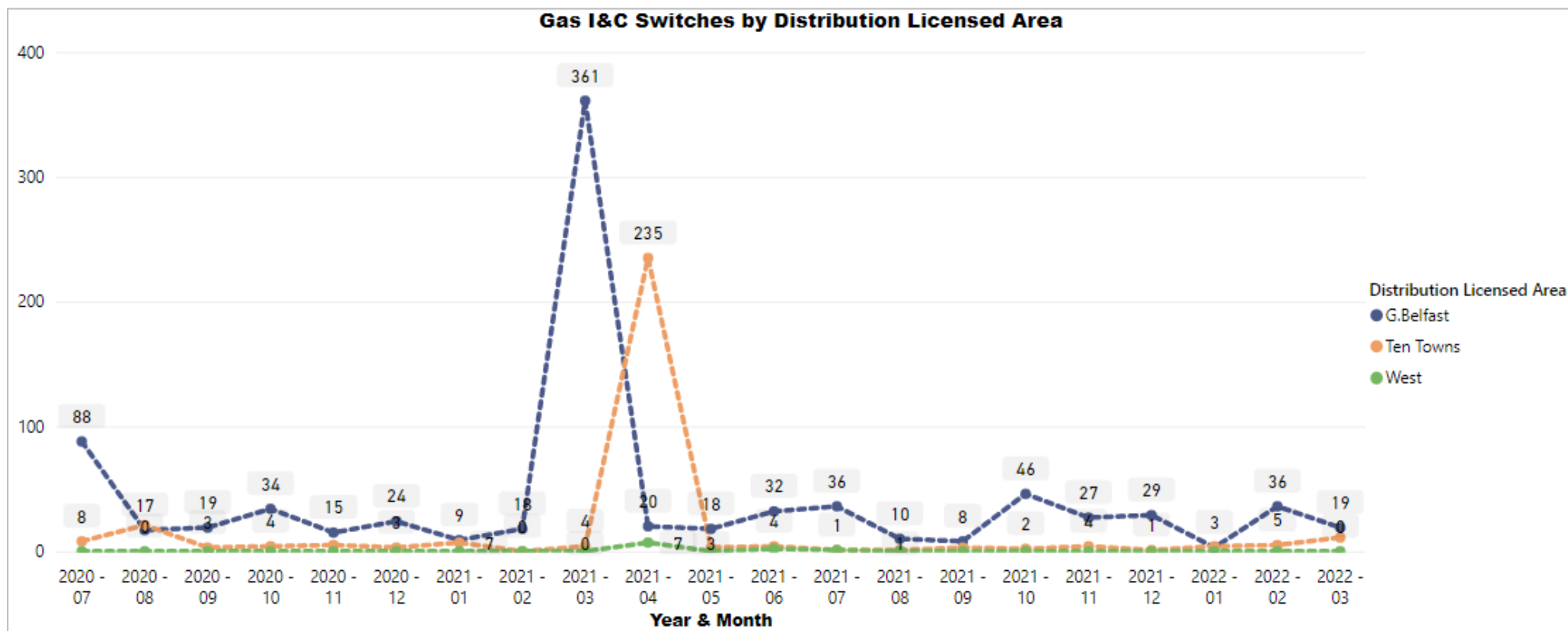


Switching rate – Domestic market (G. Belfast only)						
Quarter	2020 – Q4	2021 – Q1	2021 – Q2	2021 – Q3	2021 – Q4	2022 – Q1
No. of switches	165	235	272	155	702	1,345
Switching rate (%)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.6 %

Data source: PNGL

¹⁵ Note that prepayment switches, within the domestic sector, include switches back to the previous supplier in cases where the customer has not taken the required action to complete their switch.

5.8 The line chart below reflects the monthly change of customer numbers (gains), within the I&C sector across the three gas distribution areas. The table that follows shows the number of I&C switches and switching rate per quarter.



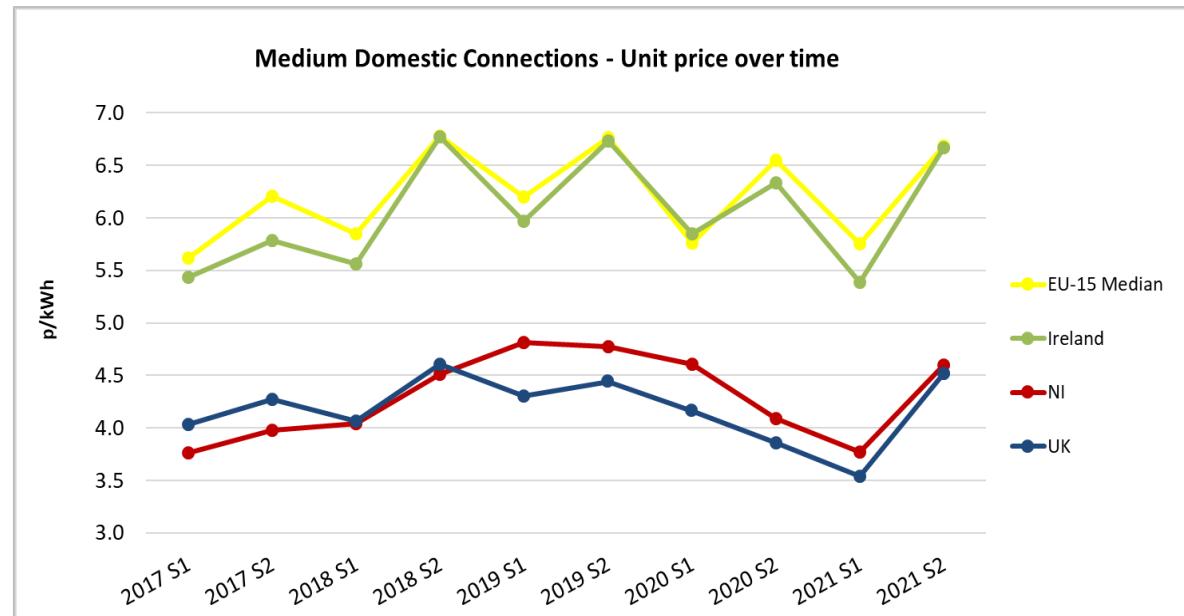
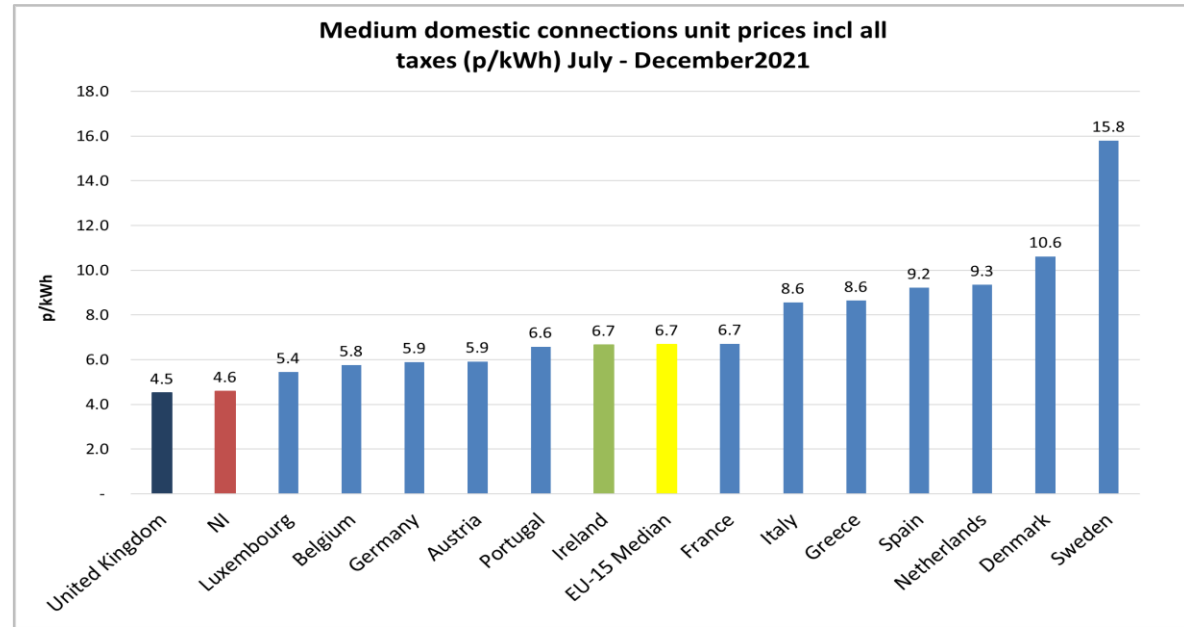
Switching rate – I&C market						
Quarter	2020 – Q4	2021 – Q1	2021 – Q2	2021 – Q3	2021 – Q4	2022 – Q1
No. of switches	85	399	321	60	109	78
Switching rate (%)	0.6%	2.8%	2.2%	0.4%	0.8%	0.5%

Data source: PNGL / FeDL / SGN NG

6. Gas Pricing – Semester 2 2021

6.1 The pricing data detailed in this report is for the semester July - December 2021 (S2). In the domestic graph to the right, we use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) and include VAT, as this reflects the final prices paid by domestic customers. The medium sized domestic customers (annual consumption between 5,557 - 55,557 kWh) have been selected for the purpose of analysis, as this consumption category reflects the majority of domestic customers in NI.

6.2 The NI unit price is the average pence per kWh for medium customers for the Greater Belfast, Ten Towns and West network areas. For semester 2 2021 (July – December), the NI domestic gas prices ranked among the lowest in the EU. The NI gas price was less than Rol and the EU median but higher than UK.



Data source: Eurostat and NI gas suppliers collated by UR

6.3 During the period illustrated in the graph on the previous page (Semester 2: July to December 2021), there has been an increase to the regulated tariff within the Ten Towns and Greater Belfast & West areas. Further detail on these regulated tariffs are available in the UR tariff review briefing notes¹⁶. The table below illustrates the regulated tariffs for S2 2021 period.

6.4 SSE Airtricity tariff unit **rates from 01 October 2021**(shown in p/kWh including VAT)

SSE Airtricity Gas Supply (NI) Tariffs	Domestic (inc. 5% VAT)	PAYG (inc. 5% VAT)	IC1 (inc. 20% VAT)
Up to 2,000 kWh	7.076	5.148	8.087
Over 2,000 kWh	4.849	5.148	5.542
Over 73,200 kWh	-	-	-
Direct Debit discount	£22.05	-	£22.05

6.5 Firmus energy tariff unit **rates from 01 October 2021** (shown in p/kWh including VAT)

FES gas supply tariffs Ten Towns	Domestic (inc. 5% VAT)	PAYG (inc. 5% VAT)	IC1 (inc. 20% VAT)
Up to 2,000 kWh	8.018	5.557	9.84
Over 2,000 kWh	5.403	-	6.53
Over 73,200 kWh	-	-	-
Direct Debit discount	£22	-	-

6.6 Firmus energy tariff unit **rates from 03 December 2021** (shown in p/kWh including VAT)

FES gas supply tariffs Ten Towns	Domestic Credit (inc. 5% VAT)	Domestic PAYG (inc. 5% VAT)	Small Business (inc. 20% VAT)
Up to 2,000 kWh	11.079	7.678	11.328
Over 2,000 kWh	7.468	-	7.523
Over 73,200 kWh	-	-	-
Direct Debit discount	£22	-	-

¹⁶ Firmus energy (Supply) Ltd October 2021 UR tariff review for the Ten Towns is available [here](#). Latest Firmus energy (Supply) Ltd December 2021 UR tariff review for the Ten Towns is available [here](#). Latest SSE Airtricity Gas Supply (NI) Ltd UR tariff review for Greater Belfast & West October 2021 is available [here](#).

Annex A: Background & Sources

Purpose, methodology and data sources

The framework in which this set of quarterly reports lies is called Retail Energy Market Monitoring (REMM) which was introduced in July 2015. The ultimate objective of introducing this enhanced framework was to develop the current monitoring of retail indicators, and to provide increased transparency in the retail energy markets in NI.

The main data sources for this report are as follows:

1. Connections and consumption, market shares and market activity information is provided by the network companies:
2. Northern Ireland Electricity Networks (NIEN) for electricity data; and
3. Phoenix Natural Gas Limited (PNGL), firmus energy (Distribution) Limited (feDL) and Scotia Gas Networks Northern Ireland (SGN NI) for gas data.

EU domestic and I&C electricity prices are from Eurostat and BEIS. NI domestic and I&C electricity prices are derived directly from REMM data submitted by suppliers. NI domestic gas prices are also derived from REMM data submitted by suppliers.

Electricity pricing

For the electricity prices section, we follow Eurostat's format and methodology. As a result the average prices for NI are comparable with prices in other EU countries (those published in the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy's (BEIS) Quarterly Energy Prices reports¹⁷ and Eurostat data base¹⁸) once these figures have been converted to GBP (Note: from 01 January 2021, BEIS no longer provide pricing data to Eurostat. Therefore, the UK figures reported in the pricing graphs have been obtained directly from BEIS publicised data).

The base figures are all submitted on a quarterly basis by suppliers, split by domestic and non-domestic (I&C). The UR performs a high level reasonableness check of the base figures, but the suppliers are responsible for the accuracy of the information that is provided to the UR. The base figures are as follows:

1. **Volume** of electricity sold to consumers.

¹⁷ <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/quarterly-energy-prices>

¹⁸ <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/w eb/energy/data/database>

2. The **value**, or revenue gained from the sale, split into three categories: excluding all taxes, excluding VAT, and including all taxes.
3. The **number** of customers supplied in that particular size category.

The volume and value are used to calculate a NI quarterly average value per size band. This value per unit (per size band) is what we refer to in this paper as “price”. For clarity we do not receive from suppliers the actual price paid by their customers. Instead we calculate the average value or revenue collected per unit in that particular size category, as per the Eurostat methodology.

As the Eurostat figures are published on a semester basis (semester 1 (S1) January to June and semester 2 (S2) July to December) we therefore average the two relevant quarters to obtain the comparable six-month period for NI.

It should be noted that the comparability of the derived NI prices to the other Member States can be greatly affected by fluctuations in the Euro GBP exchange rate. For the purposes of tariff comparisons we convert the EU tariff data from Euro to GBP using the monthly average exchange rate applicable for the semester (published by Eurostat). Therefore tariff movements and comparisons between NI and other Member States can be impacted by both an increase and decrease in a tariff and/or also by any variation in exchange rates.

Gas pricing

The gas prices section, also follows the Eurostat format and methodology (as outlined in Electricity Prices). As a result the average prices for NI are comparable with prices in other EU countries (those published in BEIS’s Quarterly Energy Prices reports¹⁹ and Eurostat data base²⁰) once these figures have been converted to GBP.

Electricity wholesale market monitoring data

Readers should also be aware of the Quarterly Market Monitoring Report which provides an overview of the SEM and sets out recent trends in the market in relation to pricing, demand, scheduling and contract prices. It focuses in particular on the wholesale element of electricity prices, which makes up roughly 60% of customers’ bills. These reports²¹ are prepared by the Market Monitoring Unit (MMU) within the UR in joint collaboration with the Commission for Regulation of Utilities (CRU).

Northern Ireland gas markets

The gas distribution network licensees are responsible for the medium and low pressure mains that convey to the licensed areas throughout Northern Ireland. There are three Distribution Network Operators²² (DNOs) who operate in separate distribution areas as follows:

¹⁹ www.gov.uk/government/collections/quarterly-energy-prices

²⁰ <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/energy/data/database>

²¹ The latest SEM market monitoring report is [here](#)

²² [Natural Gas NI – Natural Gas Network Operators and Suppliers](#)

1. firmus energy (Distribution) Ltd (feDL) from the North West through the Central region to the Southern areas of Northern Ireland;
2. Phoenix Natural Gas Ltd (PNGL) mainly Greater Belfast, Larne and a recent extension into East Down; and
3. SGN Natural Gas Ltd (SGN NG) in the West of Northern Ireland.

Each DNO owns and manages the natural gas distribution network in their distribution area. Those companies who supply gas (suppliers) pay the relevant DNO a fee to transport natural gas, and then sell it straight to the consumer. Although a DNO is responsible for making sure the natural gas reaches individual homes, it is the responsibility of the gas supplier to bill consumers for the gas they use.

Annex B: Supplier Entry to NI Retail Markets

The tables below set out the dates that each supplier entered the retail market sectors.

Electricity		Gas: Greater Belfast ²³	
Domestic	Incumbent supplier: Power NI June 2010: SSE Airtricity June 2009: firmus supply June 2011: Budget Energy October 2011: Electric Ireland October 2015: Click Energy October 2015: Open Electric December 2016: Open Electric ceased supply October 2019: Go Power November 2020: bright January 2022: bright ceased supply	Domestic	Incumbent supplier since September 1996: SSE Airtricity ²⁴
		I&C	Incumbent supplier since September 1996: SSE Airtricity September 2008: firmus energy March 2009: Vayu (Naturgy as of 29 th November 2018) May 2013: Electric Ireland August 2014: Go Power December 2014: Flogas
		Gas: Ten Towns ²⁵	
I&C	Incumbent supplier: Power NI July 1999: ESB Independent Energy (NI) t/a Electric Ireland August 1999: Energia January 2008: SSE Airtricity April 2009: firmus supply ²⁶ July 2011: Budget Energy February 2012: VAYU (Naturgy as of 29 th November 2018) April 2012: Go Power October 2015: Click Energy April 2018: 3T Power October 2019: Energia supply business transferred to Power NI	Domestic	Incumbent supplier since 2005: firmus
		I&C	Incumbent supplier since 2005: firmus January 2013: SSE Airtricity May 2015: Flogas June 2015: Go Power January 2017: Vayu (Naturgy as of 29 th November 2018) April 2017: Electric Ireland
		Gas: West ²⁷	
		Domestic	July 2017 Designated Commissioning Supplier: SSE Airtricity
		I&C	January 2017: Electric Ireland July 2017: SSE Airtricity January 2018: Flogas Q1 2019: firmus energy Q3 2019: Go Power

²³ The Greater Belfast area is defined in Schedule 1 of the Phoenix Natural Gas Limited conveyance licence.

²⁴ Formerly Phoenix Supply Ltd (PSL).

²⁵ The Ten Towns area is defined in Schedule 1 of the firmus energy (Distribution) Limited conveyance licence.

²⁶ Note that firmus supply left the electricity market at the end of 2015.

²⁷ The West area is defined in Schedule 1 of the Scotia Gas Networks Northern Ireland Ltd (Distribution) Limited conveyance licence.

Glossary

CCL	The Climate Change Levy (CCL) is a tax on electricity, gas and solid fuels delivered to I&C consumers. Its objective is to encourage businesses to reduce their energy consumption or use energy from renewable sources. The rate changes every year.	S2	Semester 2
CoS	Change of supplier	UR	Utility Regulator
EU	European Union	VAT	Value Added Tax
Eurostat	Statistical office of the EU. Its task is to provide the EU with statistics at European level that enable comparisons between countries and regions	UK	United Kingdom
feDL	firmus energy (Distribution) Limited		
firmus energy	firmus energy (Supply) Limited		
GB	Great Britain		
GBP	Great British Pound		
I&C	Industrial and Commercial		
kWh	Kilowatt hour. Unit of energy equivalent to one kilowatt (1kW) of power expended for one hour (1h) of time. 1,000kWh = 1MWh. 1,000MWh = 1GWh.		
NI	Northern Ireland		
NIEN	Northern Ireland Electricity Networks		
LEU	Large Energy Users		
Ofgem	Office of the Gas and Electricity Markets		
PNGL	Phoenix Natural Gas Limited		
Q	Quarter. In this report, Q refers to the calendar year (i.e. Q1 refers to the quarter January-March).		
QTRs	Quarterly Transparency Reports published by the UR at the end of the second month after each calendar quarter (at the end of Feb, May, Aug and Nov).		
REMM	Retail Energy Market Monitoring		
RoI	Republic of Ireland		
SGN NG	SGN Natural Gas		
S1	Semester 1		

