



# Northern Ireland Termination of Pregnancy Statistics

2019/20

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## Reader Information

Purpose	This publication presents information on the number of admissions with a diagnosis of medical abortion and termination of pregnancy to Health and Social Care Trusts in Northern Ireland during 2007/08 to 2019/20. It details information by HSC Trust, Country of Residence and Age Band.
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Statistical Quality	Information detailed in this release has been provided by HSC Trusts. The HSC Board has issued guidelines which must be adhered to by HSC Trusts to ensure that the information is produced in accordance with UK-wide National Clinical Coding Standards.
Target Audience	DoH, Chief Executives of HSC Board and Trusts in Northern Ireland, health care professionals, academics, general public, media and Health & Social Care stakeholders.
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## Key Points

- There were 22 terminations of pregnancy in HSC hospitals in Northern Ireland during 2019/20. This was 14 more than the 8 reported in 2018/19 (Table 1). It should be noted that due to small numbers, relatively large fluctuations may be expected from year to year.
- All of the 22 terminations of pregnancy during 2019/20 were carried out on women normally resident in Northern Ireland (Table 3).
- During 2019/20 there were 15 terminations of pregnancy carried out on women aged 30 years and over, five terminations of pregnancy carried out on women aged 25 to 29, and two on women aged 24 and under (Table 4).

## Tables

The way in which a medical abortion is defined was amended from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013, following an update to the National Clinical Coding Standards, which apply across the UK. Definitions currently applicable and those applicable prior to 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013 are detailed in Appendix 1.

**Table 1: Medical abortions and terminations of pregnancy, 2007/08 to 2019/20**

Year	Medical Abortion	Termination of Pregnancy
2007/08	76	47
2008/09	71	44
2009/10	64	36
2010/11	73	43
2011/12	56	35
2012/13	75	51
2013/14 <sup>B</sup>	25	23
2014/15	22	16
2015/16	30	16
2016/17	20	13
2017/18	32	12
2018/19	23	8
2019/20	34	22

Source: HSC Trusts

Termination of pregnancy is a sub-set of medical abortion. Medical abortion figures above include readmissions to hospital for treatment of retained products of conception following a termination of pregnancy with the initial termination of pregnancy not necessarily carried out in Northern Ireland. Terminations of pregnancy not commenced in Northern Ireland are not included in the Termination of Pregnancy figures.

Prior to 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013 (see previous publications) Medical Abortion figures included re-admissions with retained products of conception, following a missed miscarriage or a spontaneous abortion that had been treated in the first admission with an evacuation of the products of conception. These are no longer part of the definition of medical abortion.

Furthermore, retained products of conception in the same episode as the termination that required surgical treatment are considered a complete termination of pregnancy.

**Table 2: Terminations of pregnancy by HSC Trust of treatment, 2007/08 to 2019/20**

Year	Belfast	Northern	South Eastern	Southern	Western
2007/08	18	12	12	*	*
2008/09	13	*	16	*	*
2009/10	*	*	12	*	*
2010/11	14	12	*	*	*
2011/12	15	*	13	*	*
2012/13	13	11	17	*	*
2013/14	14	*	*	*	*
2014/15	12	*	*	*	*
2015/16	*	*	*	*	*
2016/17	7	*	*	*	*
2017/18	8	*	*	*	*
2018/19	*	*	*	*	*
2019/20	15	*	*	*	*

Source: HSC Trusts

\*Due to the small populations of each area, cell counts <5 have been masked in this table to protect patient confidentiality.

**Table 3: Terminations of pregnancy by country of residence, 2007/08 to 2019/20**

Year	Inside Northern Ireland	Outside Northern Ireland	Total
2007/08	47	0	47
2008/09	43	1	44
2009/10	36	0	36
2010/11	43	0	43
2011/12	35	0	35
2012/13	50	1	51
2013/14	23	0	23
2014/15	14	2	16
2015/16	16	0	16
2016/17	12	1	13
2017/18	12	0	12
2018/19	8	0	8
2019/20	22	0	22

Source: HSC Trusts

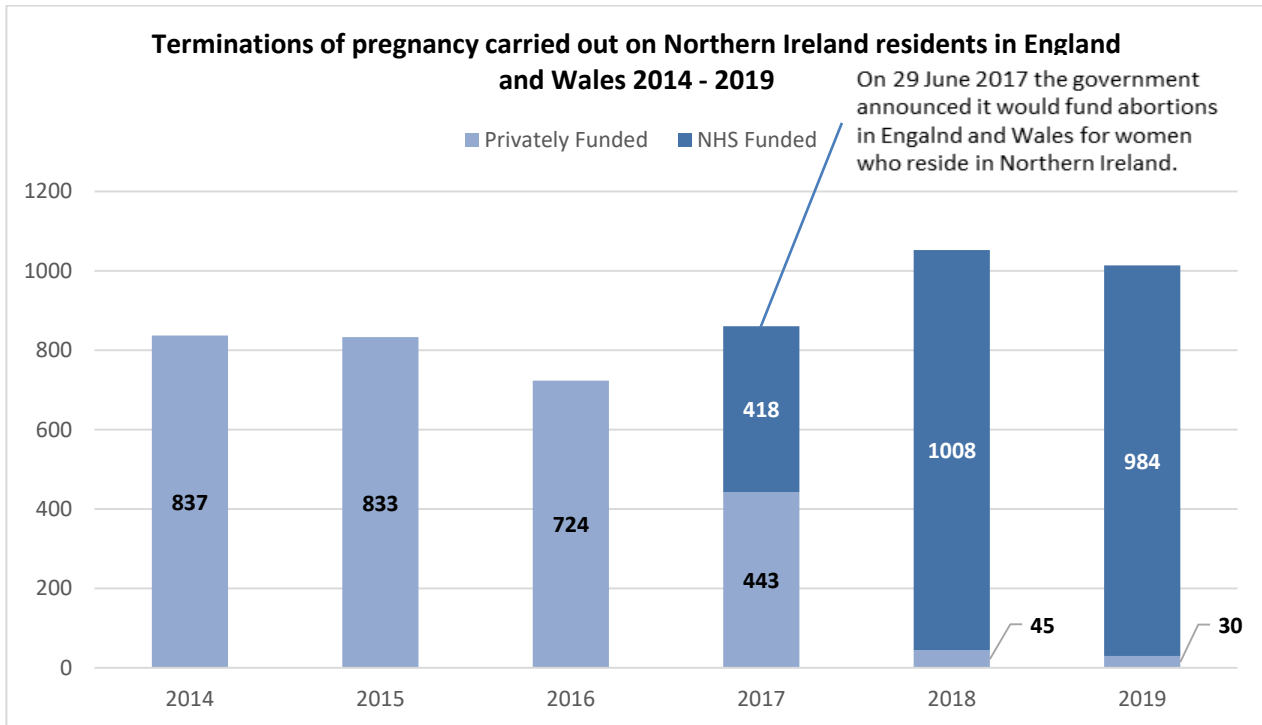
**Table 4: Terminations of pregnancy by age band, 2007/08 to 2019/20**

<b>Year</b>	<b>24 &amp; Under</b>	<b>25 – 29</b>	<b>30 &amp; Over</b>	<b>Total</b>
2007/08	12	9	26	47
2008/09	9	8	27	44
2009/10	6	9	21	36
2010/11	7	10	26	43
2011/12	8	4	23	35
2012/13	14	11	26	51
2013/14	4	8	11	23
2014/15	3	7	6	16
2015/16	2	5	9	16
2016/17	5	1	7	13
2017/18	0	4	8	12
2018/19	2	1	5	8
2019/20	2	5	15	22

Source: HSC Trusts

## England and Wales

On 29 June 2017 it was announced that the UK government would fund abortion services accessed in England and Wales by women who reside in Northern Ireland. Prior to this, women from Northern Ireland could access abortions in the UK but would have to fund the procedure privately.



Following this announcement it was found that there was a large increase in the number of women travelling from Northern Ireland to England and Wales for services in 2018. However these figures have since decreased by 4% from 1,053 in 2018 to 1,014 in 2019. Within this, the number of privately funded terminations fell from 45 (4.3%) in 2018 to 30 (3.0%) in 2019.

Further information on this can be obtained from the 'Abortion statistics, England and Wales: 2019' publication:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/abortion-statistics-for-england-and-wales-2019>

## Scotland

On 6 November 2017 the Scottish Parliament also announced that the NHS in Scotland would provide termination services free of charge to women who reside in Northern Ireland. However they have reported that this made very little impact on the number of abortion services accessed in Scotland by Northern Ireland residents. During 2019 fewer than 10 women from Northern Ireland accessed abortion services in Scotland. Over the last decade, the NHS in Scotland dealt with nearly 20 terminations to women from Northern Ireland.

Further information can be found at:

<http://www.isdscotland.org/Health-Topics/Sexual-Health/Abortions/>

## Northern Ireland

On 22 October 2019 abortion in Northern Ireland was decriminalised but legislation was not passed until 31 March 2020. Funding continues to be provided for patients to travel to England and Wales for treatment. The figures presented in the current publication are affected by the decriminalisation of termination of pregnancy in Northern Ireland but do not cover the period after legislation was passed. We will continue to monitor and report any future changes.



## Appendix 1 – Definitions

The way in which a medical abortion is defined was amended for activity from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013, following an update to the National Clinical Coding Standards on termination of pregnancy.

The National Clinical Coding Standards ICD-10 4<sup>th</sup> Edition reference book provides specific national clinical coding standards to reduce ambiguity and differences in any interpretation. It incorporates all changes notified in the National Clinical Coding Standards ICD-10 4<sup>th</sup> Edition Addendum 2013. This was published in August 2013 following a public consultation on the changes (carried out by the Health and Social Care Information Centre, England), which closed in January 2013.

### **Current definitions, applicable throughout the UK from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013.**

All HSC Trusts in Northern Ireland have confirmed that the below definitions have been applied from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013 in the identification of medical abortions and terminations of pregnancy.

#### **Medical Abortion**

Within the confines of ICD-10 code O04, this refers to the interruption of a live pregnancy for legally acceptable, medically approved indications. It also includes readmission with retained products of conception following a previous medical termination of pregnancy, not necessarily carried out in Northern Ireland.

#### **Termination of pregnancy (medical)**

This is defined as any patient who has a live pregnancy terminated for indications that are legally acceptable and medically approved in Northern Ireland. Medical termination of pregnancy is a subset of medical abortion.

## **Definitions applicable throughout the UK prior to 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013.**

All HSC Trusts used the below definitions to identify medical abortions and terminations of pregnancy during the period 2007/08 to 2012/13.

### **Medical Abortion**

Within the confines of ICD-10 code O04, this refers to the interruption of a live pregnancy for legally acceptable, medically approved conditions. It also includes readmissions with retained products of conception following a previous termination of pregnancy, a missed miscarriage or a spontaneous abortion that had been treated in the first admission with an evacuation of the products of conception and a patient who had a termination of pregnancy and had retained products of conception in the same episode that required surgical treatment.

### **Termination of pregnancy (medical)**

This is defined as any patient who has a live pregnancy terminated for indications that are legally acceptable and medically approved in Northern Ireland. Medical termination of pregnancy is a subset of medical abortion.

## **Summary of definitional changes from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013**

Readmissions with retained products of conception following a missed miscarriage or a spontaneous abortion that had been treated in the first admission with an evacuation of the products of conception are no longer part of the definition of medical abortion.

Retained products of conception in the same episode as the termination that required surgical treatment are now considered a complete termination of pregnancy.