# Raw Prevalence for Northern Ireland, as at 31st March 2020

1. The following report contains bar charts (Figures 1.1 & 1.2) of overall prevalence levels in Northern Ireland for the 15 registers which count patients with specific conditions or diseases as covered by the Quality & Outcomes Framework for 2019/20. Some registers do not count patients with diseases or conditions and therefore cannot be used to determine prevalence.

This report contains figures for raw prevalence per 1,000 patients as at 31 March 2020, generated from 325 practice returns which comprise 2,001,621 patients.

Of the 15 registers, 6 clinical areas have maintained consistent definition since April 2004: asthma, cancer, CHD, COPD, hypertension and stroke & TIA. Four of the registers maintained consistent definition since 2006/07: atrial fibrillation, dementia, heart failure 1 and diabetes.

In 2012/13, two new registers were introduced, peripheral arterial disease and osteoporosis, and the depression register was amended to exclude patients diagnosed prior to April 2006.

The definitions of the hypothyroid, mental health and heart failure 3 registers were updated for 2013/14 and a new register for rheumatoid arthritis was introduced. The hypothyroid register was amended to exclude patients not currently treated with levothyroxine, the mental health register was expanded to include other patients on lithium therapy, and the heart failure 3 register changed to only include patients with heart failure due to left ventricular systolic dysfunction.

In 2014/15, the hypothyroidism, chronic kidney disease and conditions assessed for smoking registers were removed from the framework.

In 2015/16, the epilepsy, obesity and peripheral arterial disease registers were removed from the framework.

Note that some registers have a specific age requirement (see below), but for QOF payment purposes, prevalence is always calculated using the full patient list (all ages).

Comparative figures from 2004/05 (or most recent comparable year available) to 2019/20 are shown in Figures 2.1 - 2.2.

2. The report also contains frequency distribution charts (Figures 3.1 - 3.15) for each register, showing the number of practices within each band of raw prevalence/register size per 1,000 patients. You can therefore identify which band your practice falls into.

Figure 3.1 Asthma (AST)

Figure 3.2 Atrial Fibrillation (AF)

Figure 3.3 Cancer (from 1 April 2003 and excluding non-melanotic skin cancers)

Figure 3.4 Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Figure 3.5 Coronary Heart Disease (CHD)

Figure 3.6 Dementia

Figure 3.7 Depression (patients aged 18 years and over with a new diagnosis of depression since April 2006)

Figure 3.8 Diabetes (patients aged 17 years and over)

Figure 3.9 Heart Failure 1

- Figure 3.10 Heart Failure 3 (heart failure due to Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction)
- Figure 3.11 Hypertension
- Figure 3.12 Mental Health (schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and other psychoses, and other patients on lithium therapy)
- Figure 3.13 Osteoporosis (aged 50-74 with fragility fracture since April 2012 and osteoporosis diagnosis confirmed on DXA scan; or aged 75+ with fragility
- Figure 3.14 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
- Figure 3.15 Stroke or Transient Ischaemic Attack (TIA)
- 3. Annex A illustrates how the Adjusted Practice Disease Factor (APDF) is calculated.
- 4. To understand the need for an "Adjusted Practice Disease Factor", it is worth noting the calculation for the Achievement Payment. The PCAS system automatically calculates the achievement payment and also assesses the points achievement of practices on National Quality Achievement Day (31st March 2020).

### **CALCULATION OF ACHIEVEMENT PAYMENT:**

- (i) For each clinical domain = £178.25 per point x APDF x Points Achieved
- (ii) For the additional services domain = £178.25 per point adjusted by the relative size of the practice's target population compared to the NI target population x points achieved
- (iii) For the other domains = £178.25 per point x Points Achieved.

## TOTAL QUALITY & OUTCOMES FRAMEWORK PAYMENT =

Payments for the 4 domains are added together and adjusted by the practice's list size relative to the NI average list size.

5. For full details of the Quality & Outcomes Framework, please see the Statement of Financial Entitlement at: <a href="https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/publications/gp-contract-statements-financial-entitlements">https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/publications/gp-contract-statements-financial-entitlements</a>

For published QOF data please see: <a href="https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/articles/qof-achievement-data">https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/articles/qof-achievement-data</a>

### Payment per Quality Point £178.25

	STEP 1			STEP 2	STEP 3					STEP 4		
Practice	Registered	No. of Patients on	Raw Prevalence per 1,000 patients	APDF	% different	Adjustment (£) from £178.25 Avg		Final £ per Clinical Quality Point		Population	Final £ per Point	
	List	CHD Disease Register			from NI Avg					Factor		
Α	10,808	29	2.7	0.07	-92.8%	-£	165.38	£	12.87	1.755	£	22.59
В	5,235	139	26.6	0.71	-28.5%	-£	50.85	£	127.04	0.850	£	107.98
C	6,159	229	37.2	1.00	0.0%	£	0	£	178.25	1.000	£	178.25
D	2,461	89	36.1	0.97	2.7%	-£	4.73	£	173.52	0.400	£	69.41
E	3,079	125	40.6	1.09	0.9%	£	16.04	£	194.29	0.495	£	96.17
F	12,318	458	37.2	1.00	0.0%	£	0	£	178.25	2.000	£	356.50
N.I.	2,001,621	74,361	37.2	1.00								
	•				•	•			•	NI Average List =		6,159

Step 1: Calculate Raw Disease Prevalence for each practice as follows: Likewise NI Raw Disease Prevalence is calculated as follows:

No. of Patients on Practice's Disease Register

No. of Patients in N Ireland on Disease Register

No. of Patients on Practice's Registered List x 1,000 Patients

Total No. of Registered Patients in N Ireland x 1,000 Patients

In the 2009/10 GMS contract negotiations NHS Employers agreed with the General Practitioners Committee (GPC) that the square root adjustment employed in previous years should be removed from the calculations from 2009/10 onwards, and that the 5% cut off would cease to be applied from 2010/11 onwards.

Step 2: The Adjusted Practice Disease Factor for each practice is then calculated as follows:

Adjusted Practice Disease Factor (APDF) for each Practice = Practice Adjusted Disease Prevalence

N Ireland Adjusted Disease Prevalence

This compares each practice's Adjusted Disease Prevalence (ADP) around the NI average ADP of 1.0

- Step 3: The APDFs are used to adjust the contractor's figures depending on how far above or below the NI average they are. This determines the pounds per clinical quality point. The average contractor is assumed to receive £178.25 per clinical quality point. Practice C has an average list size and average CHD prevalence and therefore receives £178.25 per clinical quality point. The APDF does not adjust the contractor's achieved points, but rather the pounds per point they receive. The adjustment only applies to the clinical domain of QOF.
- Step 4: The payments per clinical quality point are then adjusted by the practice's list size relative to the NI average list size using a population factor.

  Population Factors for each Practice = Practice List Size / NI Average List Size

The pounds per Clinical Quality Point x Practice Population Factor = Final Pounds per Point in the QOF

#### **Examples**

Practice C has a list size equal to the NI average and an average CHD prevalence, it therefore has an APDF of 1.0 and a population factor of 1 and receives £178.25 per QOF point.

Practice E has a list size half the NI average but slightly higher than average CHD prevalence and has an APDF of 1.09. Practice E therefore receives a payment that is 9% higher than the £178.25 base payment per point, receiving £194.29 per clinical quality point. When adjusted for relative list size, practice E receives £96.17 per overall QOF point.

Practice F has a list size twice that of the NI average and has average prevalence. Practice F has an APDF of 1.0, the same as the NI APDF, therefore Practice F receives £178.25 per clinical quality point. However, when adjusted for relative practice size, Practice F receives £356.50 per overall QOF point.

Produced by: Department of Health, Castle Buildings, Belfast, BT4 3SQ. Telephone: (028) 9052 2160 www.health-ni.gov.uk May 2020





































